

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS
IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

EUROPEAN HISTORY, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 8 which is COMPULSORY.
All questions carry EQUAL marks. Write clearly.

1. Highlight the influence of French philosophers to bring about French Revolution of 1789.
2. Trace the course of the French Revolution from 1789 to 1791.
3. What was the Continental System? Elaborate its effects.
4. "Out of the mud of Crimea a new Italy was made and less obviously a new Germany". Elaborate.
5. Estimate the importance of July Revolution of 1830 to redefine history of Europe.
6. Bismark dominated European politics from 1871 to 1890. Elucidate.
7. Write short notes on any TWO of the following:
(a) Triple Alliance 1882 (b) Garibaldi
(c) Suez Canal (d) Treaty of Vienna 1815

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.
 - (1) Estate General assembled at Versailles after a lapse of _____ :
(a) 75 years (b) 175 years (c) 275 years
(d) 375 years (e) None of these
 - (2) 'Social Contract' was written by:
(a) Napoleon (b) Voltaire (c) Lafayette (d) None of these
 - (3) Estate General had a total of _____ deputies:
(a) 1155 (b) 1255 (c) 1365 (d) None of these
 - (4) The French Constitution of October 1795 had Directory of _____ members:
(a) Three (b) Four (c) Five (d) Fifteen
(e) None of these
 - (5) Napoleon became _____ at the age of 30:
(a) First Council (b) President (c) Emperor (d) None of these

EUROPEAN HISTORY, PAPER-I:

- (6) Holy Roman Empire was formally dissolved by Napoleon in:
(a) 1801 (b) 1799 (c) 1806 (d) 1810 (e) None of these
- (7) By first Treaty of Paris, the boundaries of France were fixed at those of ____:
(a) 1810 (b) 1812 (c) 1789
(d) 1792 (e) None of these
- (8) Primary concern of the Congress of Aix-La-Chapelle 1818 was to:
(a) Mark the boundaries of Europe (b) Reinstate France
(c) Recognize Russia (d) None of these
- (9) In 1826 Congress of ____ was held:
(a) Verona (b) Laibach (c) Troppau (d) None of these
- (10) In 1813 at Leipzig ____ was victorious:
(a) France (b) Russia (c) Prussia (d) None of these
- (11) In 1870 France declared war against ____:
(a) Russia (b) Belgium (c) Great Britain (d) None of these
- (12) Napoleon III was taken prisoner in the battle of ____:
(a) Graveloth (b) Worth (c) Sedan (d) None of these
- (13) The Spanish people overthrew their ruler Isabella in ____:
(a) 1870 (b) 1868 (c) 1858 (d) None of these
- (14) Alsace and Lorraine was given by France to Germany by the Treaty of ____:
(a) Berlin (b) Frankfort (c) Paris (d) None of these
- (15) On 18 January 1871 ____ was proclaimed German Emperor:
(a) Bismark (b) William (c) Charles (d) None of these
- (16) First Hague Peace conference was held in ____:
(a) 1903 (b) 1879 (c) 1899 (d) None of these
- (17) The Communist Manifesto written by Karl Marx was published in ____:
(a) 1848 (b) 1858 (c) 1900 (d) None of these
- (18) Thiers was a ____ Statesman:
(a) French (b) Russian (c) Prussian (d) None of these
- (19) Mr. Dreyfus was convicted on documents forged by ____:
(a) Colonel Piquart (b) Colonel Henry (c) Both of these (d) None of these
- (20) Morocco was incorporated in French Empire in ____:
(a) 1912 (b) 1902 (c) 1878 (d) None of these

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

EUROPEAN HISTORY, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, including **Question No. 8** which is **COMPULSORY**.
All questions carry **EQUAL** marks. Write clearly.

1. Highlight contributions of President Woodrow Wilson to the cause of World Peace and Stability.
2. 'The Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 had roots in economic exploitation facilitated by autocratic and irresponsible governments'. Discuss.
3. Examine the policy and methods of Hitler in conducting foreign and domestic policies and describe his rise to power.
4. Highlight the causes and the effects of Second World War.
5. Give an estimate of UNO as a peace keeping force.
6. Highlight origin and evolution of European common market.
7. Write short notes on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) Cold War
 - (b) Yalta Conference
 - (c) De Gaulle
 - (d) Warsaw Pact

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

- (1) Italy entered the First World War in _____:
(a) 1914 (b) 1915 (c) 1916 (d) None of these
- (2) Russia withdrew from the first World War in _____:
(a) 1915 (b) 1916 (c) 1917 (d) None of these
- (3) The Treaty between Rumania and Central Powers is called _____:
(a) Treaty of Trianow (b) Treaty of Bucharest
(c) Treaty of St. Germain (d) None of these
- (4) Treaty of Brestlitovsk was signed by Russia in _____:
(a) 1917 (b) 1916 (c) 1915 (d) None of these
- (5) Syria was given to _____ as a mandate country:
(a) Great Britain (b) France (c) USA (d) None of these
- (6) The greater aim of the League of Nation was to _____:
(a) Stop terror (b) Promote Uni polar World
(c) Prevent War (d) None of these

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EUROPEAN HISTORY, PAPER-II

- (7) Island of Corfu was seized by Italy in _____:
(a) 1913 (b) 1923 (c) 1933 (d) 1943 (e) None of these
- (8) Kellogg Pact was signed in _____:
(a) 1918 (b) 1928 (c) 1938 (d) 1948 (e) None of these
- (9) Quebec Conference was held in _____:
(a) 1924 (b) 1934 (c) 1944 (d) None of these
- (10) What does UNRRA stand for?
- (11) GATT stand for:
- (12) Four Power pact was proposed by _____:
(a) Germany (b) Great Britain (c) Belgium (d) Italy
(e) None of these
- (13) Dumbarton Oaks conference was attended by _____:
(a) Britain, USA, Japan and China (b) Britain, USA, Russia and China
(c) Britain, Russia, USA and Japan (d) None of these
- (14) At the _____ conference predominant influence of Soviet Russia on Poland was recognized:
(a) Atlanta (b) Yalta (c) Tehran (d) Potsdam
(e) None of these
- (15) European Coal and Steel community had _____ member states in 1952:
(a) Three (b) Six (c) Nine (d) Eleven (e) None of these
- (16) The Pact of Steel was signed between _____:
(a) Germany and Italy (b) Germany and Russia
(c) Russia and Italy (d) None of these
- (17) Tehran conference was held in _____:
(a) 1943 (b) 1944 (c) 1945 (d) None of these
- (18) In 1942 the eastern neighbours of France were:
(a) Germany, Italy, Luxemburg (b) Germany, Italy, Belgium
(c) Germany, Italy, Switzerland (d) Germany, Italy, Poland
(e) None of these
- (19) Hitler repudiated the clauses of the Treaty of Versailles in _____:
(a) 1935 (b) 1939 (c) 1941 (d) None of these
- (20) In 1936 Hitler fortified _____:
(a) Alsace and Lorraine (b) Rhineland
(c) Both of these (d) None of these

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