BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

(PART-I)

(PART-II)



TIME ALLOWED:

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2009

2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES

30 MINUTES

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION	

S.No.	ABOUNT
R.No.	

MAXIMUM MARKS:20

MAXIMUM MARKS:80

NOTE	. ,	after 30 minutes.	_	r Sheet which shall be taken back				
	(ii)	Overwriting/cutting (of the options/answers will	not be given credit.				
PART – I (MCQ) (COMPULSORY)								
Q.1.	Selec	ct the best option/answe	r and fill in the appropriat	te box on the Answer Sheet. (20)				
(i)	The 1	key inputs into Discounte	ed Cash Flow analysis are pr	rojected future cash flows.				
,	(a) T	• •	(b) Fal	•				
(ii)	Mark	xet demand for a product	is the total volume that wou	ld be sold by a defined customer group:				
	(a) T	True	(b) Fal	lse				
(iii)	Oper	ational plans apply to the	entire organization and esta	ablish the organization's overall goals.				
	(a) T		(b) Fal					
(iv)	Prefe	erred stock has a fixed di	ividend paid every period for	orever so preferred stock is essentially a				
		etuity.						
	(a)]		(b) Fal					
(v)			that the firm's debtors deman	•				
<i>(</i> ·)	(a) 7		(b) Fal					
(vi)			urn, we try to find a single i	rate of return that summarizes the merits				
	-	project.	(b) Eol	lae				
(vii)	(a)]	is example of a manufac	(b) Fal	ise				
(vii)	(a)]	<u>-</u>	(b) Fal	c _A				
(viii)	` ′		s is an example of structural					
(VIII)	(a)]		s is an example of structural (b) Fal	<u> </u>				
(ix)	(a) 1		` /	es of a firm's operating, investing and				
(111)	finan		ows over an accounting period					
	(a)	Income statement	(b) Annual report	(c) Cash flow statement				
	(d)	Balance sheet	(e) None of these	· ,				
(x)		studied five chi	ef executives at work and id	entified ten managerial roles.				
	(a)	Max Weber	(b) Henry Fayol	(c) Henry Mintzberg				
		Fredrick Taylor	(e) Michael Porter					
(xi)	A pro	oduct life cycle	·					
	(a)		ales or profits may rise or fal					
	(b)	•	oduct will sell for and make	1				
	(c)	_	ges (d) Show how pro	fitable a product will be				
(··)	(e)	None of these						
(xii)		of the following are fixed	<u> </u>	(a) Duadvation along				
	(a)	Building	(b) Stocks	(c) Production plant				
(v;;;)	` /	Vehicles	(e) None of these	et rates increase and firms find it difficult				
(xiii)		rrow funds?	dimental factor when interes	st rates increase and firms find it difficult				
		political factor	(b) social factor	(c) economic factor				
		technological factor						
(xiv)		ch of the following is not						
(1117)	(a)	Licensing	(b) Indirect exporting	(c) Joint venture				
		International marketing		(5) 5 5 111 (5 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				
(xv)				king conditions, work schedule and the				
` /	orgai	nizational and social cont	- ·					
	(a)	Job specification	(b) Job context	(c) Work activities				
	(d)	HR policy manual	(e) None of these					

BUSI		S ADMINISTRATION			te Lake Transfer of the second	
(xvi		The liquidity of a firm is a measur	e of	·	750	
	(a) Its ability to pay bills			00.	1
	(b) Its ability to respond to chan			4	3.
	(e) How flexible it is in its produ				12
	(d) How quickly and easily a firm	m could reloc	ate to another si	te	
	(e) None of these				
(xvi	i) N	Market share means	·			•
	(a) How well a firm is doing		(b) How much	power a firm has in the marke	t
	(e) How many firms are there in	the market	(d) How big a	market is	
	(e) None of these				
(xvi	ii) _	refers to a manag	gement philo	sophy that requi	ires employers to continuously	y set
	a	nd relentlessly meet ever high qu	ality, cost, de	livery and availa	ability goals.	
	(:			* *	(c) Continuous improvement	
	,	d) Management by objective	(e) None of	these		
(xix	() E	seta				
		a) is a measure of firm specific				
	,	e) is a measure of total risk	\ /		(e) None of these	
(xx)		What is the price of a stock that is	_	pay a 1.00 divid	lend next year if the cost of ca	pital
	is	s 14% and the growth rate is zero				
	,	a) 7.14	(b) 6.75		(c) 11.9	
	(d) 6.13	(e) None of	fthese		
			PAR'	Г _ II		
	1				_	_
		(i) PART-II is to be attempted				
					uestions carry EQUAL marks,	,
NOT	E:	selecting at least ONE que				
		(iii) Extra attempt of any que	stion or any	part of the at	tempted question will not be)
		considered.				
		SEC	CTION-I: M	ANAGEMENT		
0.2.	Wha	t do you understand by 'efficienc	v' and 'effec	tiveness' in mar	nagement? In today's environn	nent.
		h one of the two is more importan				10110,
		t is work specialization? How can	_			h as
_		ersities and government agencies	-	or specialization	(10+10)	11 45
					, ,	
				ES OF MARKE		
_		ify some major factors that drive	the new eco	nomy and expla	<u> </u>	nave
•	brou	ght to marketing?			(20)	
0.5.	Wha	t is the role of advertising in ma	rketing? Sele	ct an example t	o illustrate what you believe t	o be
_		advertising and why?			(20)	
	8	•				
				AL MANAGEM		
_		t is ratio analysis? List four ratio	s and explain	n what they are	used for? Discuss various ben	efits
	and o	lrawbacks of ratio analysis?			(5+5+10)	
07	A 9811	me that it is now January 1, 200	9 On Ianuar	v 1 2010 voji w	rill denosit Rs. 1000 into a say	inos
_		ant that pays 8 percent.	7. On Januar	y 1, 2010 you w	in deposit Rs. 1000 into a sav	mgs
	(a)	If the bank compounds interest a	nnually how	much will you	have in your account on Janua	rv 1
	(u)	2013?	illidaliy, 110 w	much win you	(5)	ı y 1,
	(b)	What would your January 1, 20	113 halance	he if the bank u	` ,	ather
	(0)	than annual compounding?	15, barance	oc ii die balik t	(5)	tti ICI
	(c)	Suppose you deposited Rs. 100) in four pay	ments of Ds 25		011
	(c)	2012 and 2013. How much wo			•	
		percent annual compounding?	uiu you iiave	in your accour	-	лі о
	(4)	Suppose you deposited four equ	al navmanta	in vous account	(5)	2012
	(d)	suppose you deposited tout equ	ai payments	m your accoult	on January 1 of 2010, 2011, 2	2012

be for you to obtain the same ending balance as you calculated in part (a)?

and 2013. Assuming an 8 percent interest rate, how large would each of your payment have to