

BRITISH HISTORY, PAPER-I

**FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2010**

Roll No. _____

BRITISH HISTORY, PAPER-I

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| TIME ALLOWED: | (PART-I) 30 MINUTES | MAXIMUM MARKS:20 |
| | (PART-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES | MAXIMUM MARKS:80 |

- NOTE:** (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.
(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.

**PART – I (MCQ)
(COMPULSORY)**

Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)

- (i) The bank of England was founded in:
(a) 1690 (b) 1695
(c) 1694 (d) None of these
- (ii) Great Britain captured Gibraltar in:
(a) 1704 (b) 1700
(c) 1703 (d) None of these
- (iii) Queen Ann ascended on the throne of England in:
(a) 1700 (b) 1702
(c) 1701 (d) None of these
- (iv) The Septennial Act was passed in:
(a) 1702 (b) 1715
(c) 1716 (d) None of these
- (v) Walpole became Prime Minister in:
(a) 1720 (b) 1721
(c) 1722 (d) None of these
- (vi) Riot Act was passed in:
(a) 1712 (b) 1715
(c) 1718 (d) None of these
- (vii) 'Social contract' was written by:
(a) Hobbes (b) Lock
(c) Rousseau (d) None of these
- (viii) The Estates General met for the last time in:
(a) 1650 (b) 1670
(c) 1614 (d) None of these
- (ix) Congress of Troppau held in:
(a) 1819 (b) 1820
(c) 1821 (d) None of these
- (x) David Ricardo was:
(a) Philosopher (b) Statesman
(c) Economist (d) None of these
- (xi) The organizer of victory was:
(a) Prieur (b) Lindet
(c) Carnot (d) None of these
- (xii) 'Hogarth' (d. 1764) a painter belonged to the country and is a:
(a) British (b) Dutch
(c) German (d) None of these

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- (xiii) Catholic Emancipation Act was passed on:
 - (a) 1815
 - (b) 1829
 - (c) 1826
 - (d) None of these
- (xiv) Battle of Wandewash won by:
 - (a) Clive
 - (b) Duplex
 - (c) Eyre Coot
 - (d) None of these
- (xv) American Declaration of Independence issued from:
 - (a) York town
 - (b) Massachuset
 - (c) Philadelphia
 - (d) None of these
- (xvi) England began the peninsular war in Spain in:
 - (a) 1800
 - (b) 1801
 - (c) 1808
 - (d) None of these
- (xvii) Canning became Foreign Secretary in:
 - (a) 1820
 - (b) 1825
 - (c) 1822
 - (d) None of these
- (xviii) In the battle of Navarino, who was defeated?
 - (a) Germany
 - (b) Austria
 - (c) Turkey
 - (d) None of these
- (xix) Which British Prime Minister established a Civilian police force for London?
 - (a) Lord North
 - (b) PITT The Younger
 - (c) Peel
 - (d) None of these
- (xx) Slavery was abolished throughout the British Empire in:
 - (a) 1830
 - (b) 1833
 - (c) 1835
 - (d) None of these

PART – II

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| NOTE: | <p>(i) PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.</p> <p>(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.</p> <p>(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.</p> |
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- Q.2.** ‘For many generations to come, the Revolution of 1688-89 was spoken of by our ancestors as the Glorious Revolution (Prof. Trevelyan). Comment on its results. **(20)**
- Q.3.** How the First Coalition (1793-97) was formed against France; write the causes of its failure? **(20)**
- Q.4.** Write a critical essay on George III Personal Rule. **(20)**
- Q.5.** What do you mean by the Chartist Movement; what were its demands? **(20)**
- Q.6.** How the Industrial Revolution affected the life of common man? Comment. **(20)**
- Q.7.** Write down the Union of England and Scotland. Narrate its results. **(20)**
- Q.8.** Write notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: **(10+10)**
 - (i) Pitt the Younger
 - (ii) Treaty of Paris (1763)
 - (iii) Social Results of Industrial Revolution
 - (iv) The Bed – Chamber Question
