

**BOTANY, PAPER-II**

**FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION  
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR  
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER  
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2009**

**BOTANY, PAPER-II**

S.No.	
R.No.	

<b>TIME ALLOWED:</b>	<b>(PART-I) 30 MINUTES</b>	<b>MAXIMUM MARKS:20</b>
	<b>(PART-II) 2 HOURS &amp; 30 MINUTES</b>	<b>MAXIMUM MARKS:80</b>

**NOTE:** (i) First attempt **PART-I (MCQ)** on separate **Answer Sheet** which shall be taken back after **30 minutes**.  
(ii) **Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.**

**PART – I (MCQ)**  
**(COMPULSORY)**

**Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)**

- (i) Enzyme Fumarase convert fumaric acid into:  
 (a) Citric acid (b) Isocitric acid (c) lactic acid  
 (d) Glutamic acid (e) None of these
- (ii) Plants growing under saline conditions are:  
 (a) Holophytes (b) Mesophytes (c) Hygrophytes  
 (d) Halophytes (e) None of these
- (iii) The first product of CO<sub>2</sub> fixation in C<sub>3</sub> plants is:  
 (a) Phosphoglyceric acid (b) Glycolic acid (c) Citric acid  
 (d) Glutamic acid (e) None of these
- (iv) Mutations are most likely to be caused by:  
 (a) 1AA (b) CO<sub>2</sub> (c) Dextrose  
 (d) Glycine (e) None of these
- (v) Most of the water absorption in plants takes place through:  
 (a) Root caps (b) Root hairs (c) Stomata  
 (d) All of these (e) None of these
- (vi) Oxygen produced during photosynthesis comes from:  
 (a) CO<sub>2</sub> (b) Carboxylic acid (c) Glucose  
 (d) Protein (e) None of these
- (vii) Chloroplasts in bundle sheath cells of C<sub>4</sub> plants do not contain:  
 (a) Grana (b) Stroma (c) Thylakoids  
 (d) All of these (e) None of these
- (viii) A group of major biotic communities occupying a climatic region of earth is called:  
 (a) Biome (b) Biosphere (c) Biotype  
 (d) Phenotype (e) None of these
- (ix) In which group of plants stomata open during night:  
 (a) C<sub>3</sub> plants (b) C<sub>4</sub> plants (c) Halophytes  
 (d) CAM plants (e) None of these
- (x) The occurrence of vegetation in layers is known as:  
 (a) Scarification (b) Stratification (c) Physiognomy  
 (d) Pattern (e) None of these
- (xi) A plasmid is a:  
 (a) DNA (b) RAN (c) Protein  
 (d) Microsome (e) None of these
- (xii) The total Genetic material within a cell is:  
 (a) Gene bank (b) Genetic load (c) Genome  
 (d) Genetic Marker (e) None of these
- (xiii) Ribosomal RNA helps in:  
 (a) Replication (b) Transcription (c) Translation  
 (d) Translocation (e) None of these
- (xiv) Which one of the following ions plays most important role in stomatal movement?  
 (a) K<sup>+</sup> (b) Ca<sup>++</sup> (c) Cl<sup>-</sup>  
 (d) Na<sup>+</sup> (e) None of these

**BOTANY, PAPER-II**

- (xv) Dormancy in seeds may be due to:
  - (a) Hard seed coat
  - (b) Chemical Inhibitors
  - (c) Immature embryo
  - (d) All of these
  - (e) None of these
- (xvi) How many ATP molecules are produced when one hexose sugar molecule is converted into molecules of pyruvic acid during glycolysis?
  - (a) 15
  - (b) 26
  - (c) 28
  - (d) 36
  - (e) None of these
- (xvii) Open sea constituting about 90% of total ocean surface is called:
  - (a) Pelagic zone
  - (b) Littoral zone
  - (c) Intertidal zone
  - (d) Neritic zone
  - (e) None of these
- (xviii) Which one of the following RNAs is non-genetic and brings amino acids to the site of protein synthesis?
  - (a) m RNA
  - (b) t RNA
  - (c) hn RNA
  - (d) pre-r RNA
  - (e) None of these
- (xix) Transfer of material, from higher concentration to lower concentration across semipermeable membrane is called:
  - (a) Mass flow
  - (b) Osmosis
  - (c) Ascent of Sap
  - (d) Diffusion
  - (e) None of these
- (xx) Optimum phosphorus uptake by roots takes place at:
  - (a) Neutral pH
  - (b) Acidic pH
  - (c) Alkaline pH
  - (d) All of these
  - (e) None of these

**PART – II**

<b>NOTE:</b>	<p>(i) <b>PART-II</b> is to be attempted on the separate <b>Answer Book</b>.</p> <p>(ii) Attempt <b>ONLY FOUR</b> questions from <b>PART-II</b>. All questions carry <b>EQUAL</b> marks.</p> <p>(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.</p>
--------------	---

- Q.2.** (a) What is photophosphorylation? Describe the cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation. (10)
- (b) Enlist the essential plant mineral elements. Discuss the uptake of phosphorous and its role in plant metabolism. (10)
- Q.3.** (a) Write note on: (10)
  - (i) Photoperiodism
  - (ii) Vernalization
- (b) What are enzymes? Discuss the chemical nature and mechanism of enzyme action. (10)
- Q.4.** (a) Write an essay on the role of climatic and edaphic factors on plant growth. (10)
- (b) Discuss the problem of water logging and salinity. Also suggest important methods for the reclamation of water logged and saline soils. (10)
- Q.5.** (a) Describe the ultrastructure of chloroplasts. (10)
- (b) Write notes on: (10)
  - (i) Biochemical nature of hereditary material
  - (ii) Sex linked genes.
- Q.6.** (a) Discuss the role of water in plants. (10)
- (b) Explain the concepts and productivity of ecosystems. (10)
- Q.7.** Write notes on the following. (20)
  - (i) Auxins
  - (ii) Osmosis
  - (iii) Transduction
  - (iv) Significance of meiosis
- Q.8.** Describe in details the different theories of evolution. Also discuss the merits and demerits of these theories. (20)

\*\*\*\*\*