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**Language — Part I — SANSKRIT — Paper I**

( Poetry and Textual Grammar )

Time Allowed : 3 Hours ]

[ Maximum Marks : 100

- N.B. :** i) Answers should be in English, Sanskrit or Tamil except for those which are to be answered in Sanskrit.  
ii) In writing Sanskrit, Devanāgarī script should be used.

**SECTION - A**

I. Answer any seven of the following :

7 × 2 = 14

- असौ हि मूर्ख उच्यते — Explain.
- Substantiate the statement — एषः धर्मः सनातनः ।
- What are the gates of hell ?
- Explain इत्यज्ञान विमोहिताः ।
- Name any two Mahakāvya in Sanskrit and also mention the authors of them.
- How should the pursuit of the political policy be shaped ?
- Describe the effect of Krishna's playing on the flute.
- मृगात् सिंहः पलायनम् — When are these useful as mentioned in the poem ?
- Explain कालो गच्छति धीमताम् ।
- Who is the author of अमृतगीतम् ? What is the name of the work and why is it called so ?

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II. 1) Give the meanings of any four of the following :

4 × 2

a) शलादुका

b) सनातनः

c) अपैशुनम्

d) अजस्रम्

e) दुष्पूरम्

f) अनूचानाः

g) वंशी

h) शक्रः ।

2) Write the grammatical peculiarities of any two of the following : 2 × 1 = 2

a) जायते

b) खगपतिः

c) मा शुचः

d) स्यन्दनं विना ।

3) Identify the grammatical forms of any two of the following : 2 × 1 = 2

a) विधाय

b) पिबति

c) त्यजेत्

d) कुरुते ।

4) Combine any two of the following : 2 × 1 = 2

a) न + अहं

b) कः + अभूत्

c) परं + आपदां

d) कृतं + अद्य ।

5) Split any *two* of the following :  $2 \times 1 = 2$

- तदैव
- नानृतम्
- फलमद्य
- इत्येवम् ।

6) Dissolve any *two* of the following :  $2 \times 1 = 2$

- दुर्लभम्
- चक्रपाणिः
- अन्तरात्मा
- कौन्तेयः ।

7) Compound any *two* of the following :  $2 \times 1 = 2$

- कृतं अस्य अस्ति इति
- दासः इव आचरति
- गन्तुं इच्छवः
- धरणीं धारयति इति ।

8) Write the opposite words of any *two* of the following :  $2 \times 1 = 2$

- निशा
- अमृतं
- अपरं
- गुणः ।

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## SECTION - B

III. Explain any *four* of the following with reference to the context :  $4 \times 5 = 20$

- वचसा न प्रकाशयेत् ।
- तदैव विस्मृता वय ।
- न सत्यं तेषु विद्यते ।
- कुरुते दीपार्थदर्शनम् ।
- विजयते गोपाल चूडामणिः ।
- तमः प्रभया न अंशुमताप्युदीयते ।

- IV. a) Decline वाच् शब्द in feminine gender or राजन् in masculine or इदं शब्द in masculine gender. 5
- b) Conjugate कृ in लोट् or imperative or कृ in लिट् or perfect or वन्द् in लोट् imperative. 5

## SECTION - C

V. Answer any *four* of the following in detail :  $4 \times 10 = 40$

- Give a few noble saying from संस्कृत सुभाषितानि ।
- Describe the devine and demonic qualities ।
- Describe the greatness of धर्मः दया and कीर्तिः ।
- Describe the speech of seven sages of Lord Siva.
- How does the king Yudhishtira console Bhimasena ? Explain with examples.
- Write a few slokas from the lesson प्रहेलिका and solve the riddles.