

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS Cambridge International Level 3 Pre-U Certificate Principal Subject

CLASSICAL GREEK

Paper 4 Prose Composition or Comprehension

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MMM. Hisemepabers.com

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet. Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer either Section A or Section B.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **3** printed pages and **1** blank page.



Section A

2

On alternate lines translate the following passage into Greek:

The Corcyraeans find themselves in some difficulty.

When the <u>Corcyraeans</u> found that they were overpowered on both land and sea, they began to feel desperate. Accordingly, they sent ambassadors to Athens to beg for Athenian assistance and to point out that the Athenians would throw away a great advantage, if they were deprived of <u>Corcyra</u>; at the same time they would increase the strength of the enemy. For no other state, they said, contributed either more ships or more money, or <u>occupied a position</u> so <u>favourable</u> for doing damage to Spartan territory. When the Athenians heard these things, they thought that the case made by the <u>Corcyraeans</u> was just. On the next day in the assembly they voted to send sixty ships to <u>Corcyra</u>. Meanwhile the <u>Corcyraeans</u> were suffering so greatly from hunger that many tried to <u>desert</u> even though they risked being <u>sold into slavery</u>.

[Total: 40]

οἱ Κερκυραῖοι
ή Κέρκυρα, -ας
ἐν κάλω κεῖμαι
αὐτομολέω
ἀνδραποδίζω

Or

Section B

Read the following passage and answer the questions which follow.

Xenophon recounts the effective disciplinary techniques of a certain Clearchus as his army passes through hostile territory.

και οι μεν άλλοι ήγοῦντο, ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος ἐπορεύετο τὰς μεν σπονδὰς ποιησάμενος, τὸ δὲ στράτευμα ἔχων ἐν τάξει, καὶ αὐτὸς ὠπισθοφυλάκει. καὶ ἐνετύγχανον τάφοοις καὶ αὐλῶσιν ὕδατος πλήρεσιν, ὡς μὴ δύνασθαι διαβαίνειν άνευ γεφυρών άλλ' έποιοῦντο διαβάσεις ἐκ τῶν φοινίκων οἳ ἦσαν ἐκπεπτωκότες, τοὺς δὲ καὶ ἐξέκοπτον. καὶ ἐνταῦθα ἦν Κλέαρχον καταμαθεῖν ώς ἐπεστάτει, ἐν μὲν τῇ ἀριστερῷ χειρὶ τὸ δόρυ ἔχων, ἐν δὲ τῇ δεξιῷ βακτηρίαν. καὶ εἴ τις αὐτῷ δοκοίη τῶν πρὸς τοῦτο τεταγμένων βλακεύειν, ἐκλεγόμενος τὸν άνδρα ἔπαισεν ἄν, καὶ ἅμα αὐτὸς προσελάμβανεν εἰς τὸν πηλὸν ἐμβαίνων. ώστε πασιν αισχύνην είναι μή ου συσπουδάζειν. και ετάχθησαν πρός αυτό οί εἰς τριάκοντα ἔτη γεγονότες· ἐπεὶ δὲ Κλέαρχον ἑώρων σπουδάζοντα, προσελάμβανον και οι πρεσβύτεροι. πολύ δε μαλλον ο Κλέαρχος έσπευδεν, ύποπτεύων μὴ αἰεὶ οὕτω πλήρεις εἶναι τὰς τάφρους ὕδατος (οὐ γὰρ ἦν ὥρα οἵα τὸ πεδίον ἄοδειν), ἀλλ' ἵνα ἤδη πολλὰ προφαίνοιτο τοῖς ἕλλησι δεινὰ εἰς τὴν πορείαν, τούτου ἕνεκα βασιλέα ὑπώπτευεν ἐπὶ τὸ πεδίον τὸ ὕδωρ ἀφεικέναι. πορευόμενοι δὲ ἀφίκοντο εἰς κώμας ὅθεν ἀπέδειξαν οἱ ἡγεμόνες λαμβάνειν τὰ ἐπιτήδεια.

5

10

15

Xenophon, *Anabasis* 2.3.10–14 (adapted)

ή τάφοος, -ουditchό αὐλών, αὐλῶνοςcanalὁ φοῖνιξ, φοῖνικοςpalm treeἡ βακτηρία, -αςstickβλακεύωl shirkὁ πηλός, -ουmudἄρδωl irrigate

(i)	Line 2 (τὸ δὲ ἀπισθοφυλάκει): in what ways does Clearchus adopt a precautionary approach to the march?	[2]
(ii)	Lines 3–4 (καὶ ἐνετύγχανον ἀνευ γεφυ $\tilde{\omega}$ ν): what did the Greeks notice about the trenches and canals that they found?	[2]
(iii)	Lines 4–5 ($\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda$) $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ οιοῦντο ἐξέκοπτον): how did the Greeks respond to their predicament?	[3]
(iv)	Lines 5–8 ($\kappa \alpha i \ \dot{\epsilon} v \tau \alpha \tilde{v} \theta \alpha \dots \dot{\epsilon} \mu \beta \alpha (v \omega v)$: in what ways did Clearchus show his qualities as leader?	a [6]
(v)	Line 9 ($\mathring{\omega}$ στε συσπουδάζειν): what was the result of Clearchus' actions?	[2]
(vi)	Lines 9–11 (καὶ ἐτάχθησαν πǫεσβύτεǫοι): who carried out the task?	[3]
(vii)	Lines 11–13 (πολύ δέ ἄ $ m o\delta$ ειν): why was Clearchus in a hurry?	[3]
(viii)	Lines 13–14 ($\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda$) $\dot{\iota}\nu\alpha\ldots\dot{\alpha}\varphi\epsilon\iota\kappa\epsilon\nu\alpha\iota$): what might be the reason for the presence of the water?	[3]
(ix)	Lines 15–16 (ποǫευόμενοι ἐπιτήδεια): what happened when they reached the villages	s? [2]
(x)	What sorts of clauses are: a) ώς μὴ δύνασθαι διαβαίνειν ἄνευ γεφυوῶν (lines 3–4)? b) ώς ἐπεστάτει (line 6)?	[2]
(xi)	Identify and explain the mood of προφαίνοιτο (line 13).	[2]
(xii)	Which parts of which verbs are: a) ἐτάχθησαν (line 9)? b) γεγονότες (line 10)? c) ἑώρων (line 10)?	[6]
(xiii)	Identify and explain the case of α ἰσχύνην (line 9).	[2]
(xiv)	Identify:	
	a) a comparative adjective used as a noun; b) a perfect infinitive of a –μι verb.	[2]
	[Total:	40]

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