UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

MARK SCHEME for the May 2004 question papers

5251 Core Module

5252 Marketing and Promotion

5253 Travel Organisation

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

 CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL DIPLOMA STANDARD LEVEL

MARKING SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 100

SYLLABUS: 5251

TRAVEL AND TOURISM Core Module



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	TRAVEL AND TOURISM - MAY 2004	5251	5251

Q. No.	Expected Answer / Marks available	Mark	A.O.
1 (a)	All of the five rivers mentioned, one mark for each:	5	B1(a)
	Rhine		D4(b)
	Danube		
	Moselle		
	Rhone		
	• Seine (5x1)		
1 (b)	Look for at least two reasons with some amplification	4	A3(b)
	about both aspects for 2 marks each or 4 briefer		D4(b)
	explanatory statements, one mark for each. Correct		
	ideas include:		
	 Main tourism generators — most demand Euro and Dollar — main world currencies 		
	Likely markets — cultural & heritage tours		
	<u> </u>		
1 (c)	 Media channels — effective promotion (2x2 or 4x1) Any 3 aspects mentioned, one mark for each and a 	6	C5(a)
1 (0)	second mark to be awarded for some development	U	03(a)
	including:		
	World Travel Market — access to potential		
	customers		
	New global marketing strategy — to increase sales		
	Re-branding — new promotional opportunities		
	New brochures for 2003 season		
	Target markets (3x2)		
1 (d)	We can accept any 2 appropriate aspects for one mark	4	D1(a)
, ,	each with the second mark being awarded for an		D1(c)
	explanatory comment for each. Valid aspects include:		
	All-inclusive — excellent cuisine		
	Leisure options — entertainment, sport etc.		
	High crew-passenger ratio — attentive service		
	 Various ancillary services — tours arranged (2x2) 		
1 (e)	<u>Use level of response criteria</u>	6	B4(a)
	We are inviting the candidates to consider the visiting of		B4(c)
	remote destinations and thus to explain the appeal of such destinations.		
	Level 1 (1-2 marks) — will be descriptive of some		
	locations but will offer little reasoning. Credit can be		
	given for product characteristics. Credit the smaller		
	Caribbean Islands but Jamaica is not really that remote!		
	Level 2 (3-4 marks) — will have some better examples		
	and the idea of wilderness will be mentioned in the		
	context of either special interest/eco-tourism etc. e.g.		
	Alaska, Norwegian Fiords, Chile, Antarctica.		
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) — will appreciate that high spending		
	customers wish to escape 'mass tourism' locations and		
	will be quite willing to visit exotic, unaltered destinations		
2 (ai)	in comparative cruise ship luxury. 25 hours (1)	1	C4(c)
2 (ai) 2 (aii)	25 hours (1) 16 hours (1)	<u> </u>	C4(a) C4(a)
2 (aiii)	2.15 hours (allows + 10 mins) (1)	1	C4(a)
2 (aiii)	Reus, Barcelona and Girona – one mark for each (3x1)	3	B1(b)
_ (5)	Tions, Barosona and Onona Tono mark for Guon (OX1)	J	

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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0 (-)	Last for Our case and the case and the	4	D0(-)
2 (c)	Look for 2 reasons, one mark for each, and award the	4	B3(c)
	second mark for an appropriate explanatory comment		A4(b)
	for each. Correct ideas will include:		
	 In the middle of established holiday area – Costas 		
	Near Barcelona – important short break		
	destination		
	 Market potential – access to 150 million+ 		
	• Climate – year round season (2x2)		
2 (d)	Credit any five appropriate aspects, one mark for each,	5	D1(a)
	such as:		
	Accommodation		
	Attractions		
	Facilities e.g. restaurants		
	Leisure opportunities e.g. watersports		
	Map or plan		
	Booking procedures (5x1)		
2 (e)	Award one mark for each reason and a second mark for	4	D2(b)
2 (0)	an explanatory comment about each. Examples		52(5)
	include:		
	 So park can monitor sales – fluid pricing 		
	Crowd control – monitor numbers		
	Sales through agents – wider distribution		
0 (6)	Customer service – saves having to queue (2x2)	0	A O (-)
2 (f)	We are asking for any negative impacts – most will go	6	A2(a)
	for environmental but economic, social and cultural are		A2(b)
	valid and will be mentioned by better candidates.		A2(c)
	<u>Use level of response criteria</u>		A2(d)
	Level 1 (1-2 marks) – will be descriptive and for a list of		
	impacts award only 2 max.		
	Level 2 (3-4 marks) – will have at least two valid		
	impacts treated in some depth e.g. congestion, urban		
	sprawl, water issues, garbage and waste disposal.		
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) – will see that large resort		
	complexes generate a variety of impacts. Look for 3		
	examples, one of which should be non-environmental		
	such as profits going overseas, mainly casual employment		
2 (=)	for locals etc.	2	04(-)
3 (a)	Award one mark for each of 3 correct examples from:	3	C4(a)
	Underwater World		
	Singapore Zoo		
	Jurong Birdpark		
	Night Safari (3x1)		
	Botanical Gardens can be credited (not in 3(b))		
	also)		
3 (b)	Award one mark for each of 3 correct examples from:	3	C4(a)
	Laguna Golf & Country Club		D1(a)
	Singapore Indoor Stadium		
	• Equinox		
	• Zouk		
	Turf Club		
	Cable Car		
	Seafood Centre		
i .			
	Raffles Hotel (3x1)		

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3 (c)	Credit two explanatory statements, with up to one development mark for each, based on ideas such as: Singapore's newest, stylish hotel (Fullerton) Strategic locations, convenience and accessibility Singapore's first riverside designer 'hip' hotel International celebrity spotting etc. (2x2)	4	D3(b)
3 (di)	Look for 2 statements or one idea in luxury hotel context with development. Valid aspects include: Visitor service/tour desk Concierge makes arrangements Phone tour operator direct Credit idea of personal service (2x1)	2	C3(a) D1(a)
3 (dii)	Look for 3 aspects of the tour, one mark for each, such as: Collect from hotel Transport to site and join group for safari Overnight stay (but no accommodation as such) Viewing wildlife with guide Return hotel (3x1)	3	D2(a)
3 (diii)	Credit any valid characteristics if clearly stated but only 1 mark per point if given as a list: Foreign language - overseas visitors Product knowledge - to answer questions Trained - to Blue Badge equivalent First Aid - health and safety Good interpersonal skills etc. (4x1 or 2x2)	4	C2(a)
3 (e)	Use level of response criteria The key is large international airport and variety. Large numbers of passengers fall into leisure, business and VFR and mention should be made of their differing requirements for Level 3. Level 1 (1-2 marks) will tend to list products and services with little attempt at explanation. A named case study may be awarded 3 if accurate. Level 2 (3-4 marks) will link particular products and services with traveller needs e.g. transport, hotels, shops, TIC etc. Level 3 (5-6 marks) will point out that certain products and services are targeted at key visitors and will offer appropriate illustration of leisure versus business needs.	6	D3(b) D3(c)

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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4 (ai)	Burial place of Moses	(1)	1	B4(b)
4 (aii)	Cave that Lot and daughters escaped to	(1)	1	B4(b)
4 (aiii)	Place where John baptized Jesus	(1)	1	B4(b)
4 (aiv)	Place where Herod beheaded John the Baptist	(1)	1	B4(b)
4 (bi)	This can be set in any place of worship context an one mark is to be awarded for the correct identification of each of three conflicts and a second mark award for some appropriate amplification of each. Credit valid ideas such as: Taking pictures during services - distraction end of the conflict of t	ation ded all	6	A2(d)
	1	(3x2)		
4 (bii)	 Award one mark for each of 2 correct methods and to a further 2 marks for a developed explanation of each. Valid ideas will include: Coach parties booked in advance – manages numbers and avoids congestion and service disruption Use of guides – keeps party under control and prevents noise and damage etc. Signage – provides information and instruction Cordon off area e.g. altar to prevent damage a distraction to worshippers 	d up f d n and (3+3)	6	C1(c) B3(a)
4 (c)	Credit all valid suggestions for one mark each, such	,	3	B4(a)
	as: Rome/St Peters, Bethlehem/Church of Nativity, Kairouan in Tunisia/Great Mosque, Turin Cathedral/Shroud etc.			
4 (d)	Use level of response criteria This is quite specific and simply requires candidate explain how a multi-centre package will be put together. Level 1 (1-2 marks) will correctly itemise the components of the package i.e. transport, transfer accommodation and meal plan, transfer, transport other destination(s), transfer, accommodation and transport home. Level 2 (3-4 marks) will take this above the simple mention the operator negotiating rates and creatin profit margin as well as dealing with different provi to create a specific product. Level 3 (5-6 marks) will talk about the nature of the product in more detail and may well mention varied such as choice of flights, car hire, flexible stays etc and use industry terminology accurately and appropriately.	and g a ders e	6	D2(a)

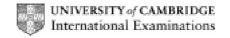
CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL DIPLOMA STANDARD LEVEL

MARKING SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 100

SYLLABUS: 5252

TRAVEL AND TOURISM Marketing and Promotion



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	TRAVEL AND TOURISM - MAY 2004	5252	5252

Q. No.	Expected Answer / Marks available	Mark	A.O.
1 (a)	Any 2 from: to increase customer awareness; to create	max 2	A1(a)
	a positive image of the city; to stimulate greater		
	demand; to increase usage and therefore profitability; to		
	improve competitive advantage over other tourist areas.		
	(2x1)		
1 (bi)	Quantitative; (accept external secondary sources) (1)	1	A2(a)
1 (bii)	Any 2 from: Primary Research methods; Customer	max 2	A2(a)
	questionnaires; Exit interviews; telephone surveys (2x1)		
1 (c)	Strengths: C, G; Weaknesses D, E (Could accept A	max 8	A2(b)
	here too, rather than as a threat)' Opportunities: B, F;		
	Threats: A, H (8x1)		
1 (di)	D - image of crime and poverty (1)	1	A2(b)
1 (dii)	A - updating information systems (1)	1	A2(b)
1 (diii)	C - Federal support for strategy (1)	1	A2(b)
1 (div)	B - Group tours spend 2 hours in city (1)	1	A2(b)
1 (e)	Use level of response criteria		
` '	Level 1(0-3 marks) – response identifies basic	0 - 3	
	differences between two models (product-led –		
	development of tourist facilities and infrastructure rather		
	than market-focused – tourism development linked		
	closely to type of visitor and their needs) Little or no		
	attempt to refer to Pushkin.		A1(a)
	Level 2 (4-6 marks) – response describes the significant	4 - 6	B2(a)
	differences between the two models (as above) and		C2(c)
	begins to examine Pushkin — tourism providers likely to		
	work in isolation with their product rather than join		
	initiatives providing wider benefit.		
	Level 3 (7-8 marks) – a fuller response, examining all	7 - 8	
	aspects of maximising economic benefits of tourism,		
	looking at competition and aiming for total customer		
	satisfaction. Market focus allows closer		
	monitoring/evaluation therefore more likely to lead to		
	long-term success than pure product focus.		
2 (ai)	Any 2 from: Gender; age; household composition;	max 2	B1(a)
	occupation; educational background; ethnicity; work		
	status (2x1)		
2 (aii)	e.g. Use information about income levels to develop	max 2	B1(a)
	differentiated travel products targeted at specific price		
	brackets – budget fares; economy fares; business class		
	fares and first class fares (1x2)		
2 (aiii)	Using lifestyle characteristics to identify target markets	1	B1(a)
	(1)		
2 (bi)	Any 2 from: reduced cost seats on smaller planes;	max 2	C1(a)
	short haul flights; limited range of destinations; limited		
	on board catering; limited baggage allowance; airports		
	often away from city centre locations (2x1)		
2 (bii)	Growth – still gaining popularity. (1x2)	max 2	C2(a)



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entification of any type of customer or any four aracteristics from; Independent travellers; families; equent flyers; VFR tourists; lower levels of disposable come; regular short haul business trips; people who not mind making own transfer arrangements; (4 x 1 reach identification, or 2x2 for identification with eplanation) See level of response criteria Evel 1(0-2 marks) – basic list of distribution channels include some from direct selling, telephone sales, ternet, but does not consider the wider implications of sing new technologies; evel 2 (3-4 marks) - more extended answer, tamining the benefits of 24-hour technologies from ther a customer's point of view or an organisation's, erefore reaching wider international audience. Evel 3 (5-6 marks) – fuller response looking at wide inge of distribution channels and their advantages to both the customer and the airlines - disadvantage of every extension of the ended and the employed; advantage of every extension of the extension	0 - 2 3 - 4 5 - 6	E2(a)
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evel 1(0-2 marks) – only a basic understanding of anding demonstrated- and not necessarily linked to	0 - 2	(a)
		1
evel 2 (3-4 marks) – more extended answer, camining the association of low cost name and image th product features and targeting specific market agment.	3 - 4	
evel 3 (5-6 marks) – fuller response looking at wide inge of issues associated with brand and emonstrating good understanding that brand issociation can increase market share through istomer loyalty, repeat business etc.	5 - 6	
prrect sequence is: Research; planning; preparation; plementation; evaluation (5x1)	max 5	F1(a) F2(a)
esearch (1)	1	F1(a)
anning (1)	1	F1(a)
ny 2 from: to ascertain whether the campaign raised	max 2	F1(a) F2(a)
	esearch (1) anning (1) by 2 from: to ascertain whether the campaign raised vareness; to check whether sales increased as a sult of the campaign; to monitor number of new	esearch (1) 1 enning (1) 1 eny 2 from: to ascertain whether the campaign raised vareness; to check whether sales increased as a



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3 (c)	A= Attract attention - pictures, bold writing etc. I= Interest - something different, informative, relevant to target audience. D= Desire - emphasise the pleasure and enjoyment linked to product to make the customer want to buy. A= Action - make it easy for the customer to be able to respond - reply coupon, phone number, web address, freepost, - spontaneity is important - the impulse reaction! (4x1)	max 4	F2(a)
3 (d)	<u>Use level of response criteria</u> Level 1(0-2 marks) - response demonstrates limited understanding of the concept of public relations - makes brief reference to printed media, but not specific to question.	0-2	F1(a)
	Level 2 (3-4 marks) - good understanding of the concept of PR demonstrated and makes attempt to relate to question looking at the general advantages - might not be specific to tour operations.	3 - 4	
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) - fuller response looking at whole range of benefits of PR to tour operator - i.e. free publicity through press releases, TV coverage in return for trade sampling of the product.	5 - 6	
3 (e)	Use level of response criteria Level 1(0-2 marks) - response demonstrates limited understanding of the concept of direct marketing - reference to printed media, but not specific to question. Level 2 (3-4 marks) – good understanding of the concept of direct marketing demonstrated and makes attempt to relate to question looking at the general	0 - 2 3 - 4	F1(a)
	costs and benefits – might not be specific to hotel chain. Level 3 (5-6 marks) – fuller response looking at whole range of costs and benefits of direct marketing to hotel chain – i.e. wide target audience can be reached, but relatively expensive to send if no response is received; general response rate =<30%	5 - 6	
4 (a)	Any 6 locational features or factors: island location; climate; beaches; resort complexes; exotic location; culture of area; other tourist facilities; landscape features; (6x1)	max 6	E1(a)
4 (bi)	Accept any from: Prestige pricing; All-inclusive pricing; Variable pricing (1)	1	D1(a)
4 (bii)	Depends on choice of policy in part i) – any 2 justified reasons linked specifically to the characteristics of chosen policy e.g. prestige pricing – to project luxury image; to reflect quality of product offered etc. (2x1)	max 2	D1(a)
4 (ci)	Any 2 from: Loss leader pricing; Discount pricing; Promotional pricing or special offers; going rate; (1x2)	max 2	D1(a)

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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4 (")			
4 (cii)	Likely to include: attracting customers back to area of		
	perceived mistrust and danger; high level of reduction		
	to entice different target market from original customer		
	base to try to overcome plummet in sales, huge		
	numbers of cancellations and companies making huge		
	losses.		
	<u>Use level of response criteria</u>		
	Level (0-2 marks) – response demonstrates limited	0 - 2	
	understanding of immediate impact of terrorist attack		
	on sales and the need for tourism providers to react		
	with price amendments.		
	Level 2 (3-4 marks) – more understanding of issues	3 - 4	D1(a)
	demonstrated and some consideration of how reduced		` ,
	prices may stimulate renewed demand.		
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) – good understanding of need for	5 - 6	
	immediate action by tourism providers to prevent loss		
	of business, including recognition of appealing to		
	different market segments to attract business.		
4 (ciii)	Likely to include:		
(5)	Need to redress the balance to re-establish stability		
	within market; unrealistic to expect mistrust to last		
	permanently – consumer confidence renewed means		
	need to re-establish market and prices accordingly.		
	Use level of response criteria		
	Level (0-3 marks) – response demonstrates limited	0 - 3	
	understanding of long term impact on sales and the	0 0	
	need for tourism providers to react with gradual price		D1(a)
	increases back towards original levels.		D1(a) D2(a)
	Level 2 (4-6 marks) – more understanding of issues	4 - 6	D2(a)
	demonstrated and some consideration of how renewed	4-0	
	demand will impact on price increases and return to		
	original pricing policies.	7 - 8	
	Level 3 (7-8 marks) – good understanding of need for	7 - 8	
	gradual changes over the long term by tourism		
	providers to respond to changes in demand.		

May 2004

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL DIPLOMA STANDARD LEVEL

MARKING SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 100

SYLLABUS: 5253

TRAVEL AND TOURISM Travel Organisation



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1 (ai)	Eurostar or Intercity. No mark for 'train'.	1	В3
1 (aii)	Great Rail Journeys	1	A1
1 (b)	Organise transfers (1); take short excursion	max 2	A1
	bookings (1); is contact with tour operator (1);		
	keeps group together (1) (2x1 mark)		
1 (c)	All components are arranged by TO;	max 6	A1
	connections are in place; accommodation,		
	meals and transport included; no need to make		
	own independent arrangements; control over		
	quality.		
	<u>Use level of response criteria</u> Level 1 (0-2 marks) – some components		
	mentioned, no reference to benefits to		
	consumer.		
	Level 2 (3-4 marks) – attempt to link		
	arrangements to benefit to consumer.		
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) – clear understanding of		
	consumer benefits shown in relation to		
	components of package.		
1 (d)	Cash for immediate expenses, travellers	max 6	D1(b)
	cheques for security in standard denomination		
	(e.g. US\$ or GBP£, or Euro€), credit and debit		
	cards for ease of use payable in home currency		
	later.		
	<u>Use level of response criteria</u>		
	Level 1 (0-2 marks) – one or two types of		
	currency given but no reasons. Level 2 (3-4 marks) – more than two types of		
	currency given with some attempt at		
	justification.		
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) clear understanding of need		
	for variety of currency methods with good		
	reasoning for each (all covered).		
1 (e)	Small size of ship, usually 2 passenger decks,	max 4	B2
	open deck space for viewing, limited facilities for		
	leisure activities, smaller cabins. (2x1)		
1 (f)	Larger ocean going ships, more dining options,	max 5	B2
	medical support, health and beauty facilities,		
	more cabin choice, wider itineraries, pools, deck		
	space, more time at sea. Responses muse		
2 (a;)	relate to facilities on board ship. (5x1)	4	D4
2 (ai)	Crested Butte or Panorama (either acceptable)	1 may 4	B4 B4
2 (aii)	Number of lifts, snow cover, activities broad for family, choice of eating/accommodation	max 4	D 4
	arrangements. (4x1)		
2 (b)	Cancellation – expensive holiday	max 8	D1(c)
_ (0)	Medical – accident/injury	IIIAA O	5 1(0)
	special activities – dangerous sport/risk		
	loss/damage to equipment – expensive to		
	replace belongings – general protection		
		•	

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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2 (c)	Internet – can use in own time and search	max 8	C1(a)(b)
2 (0)	specific sites	IIIAX 0	C I (a)(b)
	National Tourist Boards to obtain regional		
	guides and maps etc.		
	Tourist Information Centres closer to location to		
	obtain more specific information		
	Guide books – can be purchased in home		
	country and studied before departure – may		
	cover wider geographical area than required		
	Maps and Travel agencies not allowed as		
	sources		
	1 mark for source and 1 for reason (1+1x4)		
2 (d)	Self-catering, full facilities provided for eating	max 4	A1
_ (u)	and sleeping, family can be more independent	THOSE T	7
	and eat when/where they wish, can prepare		
	food to suit own requirements		
	1 for feature plus 1 for reason (1+1x2)		
3 (ai)	Hotel Ibis or Hotel Amine	1	A1
3 (aii)	Global Airways	1	A1
3 (b)	Coach/bus/taxi provided by tour operator to take	max 2	В3
, ,	passengers to/from airport to destination		
	accommodation (1), included in price (1) (2x1)		
3 (c)	address (1), Destination (1), hotel (1), type of	max 11	E2
	room (1), dates of travel (1), deposit (1),		
	insurance (1), total paid that date (1), credit card		
	type (1), credit card no (1),		
	signature (1) date of completion – exam date (1)		
	(11x1)		
3 (d)	$295(1) + 70(1) + 30(1) = 395(1) \tag{4x1}$	max 4	B4
3 (e)	Benefits to include- control costs, quality,	max 6	A1
	service, economies of scale, joint promotion,		
	wider market appeal.		
	Use level of response criteria		
	Level 1 (0-2 marks) – simple statement about		
	package components, not linked to benefits to		
	providers.		
	Level 2(3-4 marks) minimum 2 benefits to		
	providers co-operating together to produce		
	packages, but lacks clarity in explanation of		
	benefit to tour operator.		
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) – clear evidence of aims of		
	tour operator to provide package to appeal and		
	benefits to principals involved of		
	occupancy/bookings guaranteed, linked to		
	controlling costs, quality and service provided.		

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4 /->	C. Fight about the OO OO		
4 (a)	6 Feb check in 23.20	max 12	E1
	7 Feb departure Singapore Airways 0120 and		
	flight no SQ046		
	7 Feb arrive Cape Town (0915 local time)		
	7-11 Feb Hotel Capetown		
	12 Feb dep Cape Town. Transfer to Union		
	Limited Train		
	Feb 12-15 - nights on Garden Route -Union		
	Limited Train		
	Feb 16 arr and board Blue Train		
	Feb 16 – 17 Blue Train		
	Feb 17 arrive Pretoria		
	Feb 17/18 hotel in Pretoria		
	Feb 19 dep Pretoria to Pinalesberg Game Park		
	Feb 19/20 in Pinalesberg Game Park		
	Feb 20 dep Game Park for Johannesburg		
	Feb 21/23 Hotel in Johannesburg		
	Feb 24 check in 1215 for flight to Singapore,		
	Singapore Airlines SQ0615 dep 1415		
	Feb 25 arrive Singapore 0615 (local time)		
	See alternative layout on page 4.		
	(12x1)		
4 (bi)	Open Jaw ticket	1	B1
4 (bii)	Single; Return with fixed dates/times; Open	max 2	B1
	return with fixed departure date, open return		
	date (2x1)		
4 (c)	International Driving Licence, Green Card/ID	max 2	D1(a)
	such as passport, Insurance (2x1)		
4 (cii)	Independence, can travel when/where they	max 4	B2(c)
	want, visit own choice of attractions,		
	convenience, door to door (1+1x2)		
4 (d)	Disabled Access to attractions, assistance at	max 4	B4
	airport, assistance on to transport, lift to hotel		
	rooms or rooms on ground floor, disabled		
	facilities in hotels (4x1)		

18-Day 17-Night Tour to South Africa

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No	Date	Itinerary	Depart	Arrival	Remark	
of		,	•			
Day						
0.	6 Feb	Check in at Singapore	2320			
1.	7 Feb	Airport at 2320 Singapore to Cape Town on	0120	0915	Total no of night in	
1.	7 1 00	Singapore Airlines SQ406.			Cape Town: 5	
		Arrive & overnight at Cape				
		Town				
2.	8 Feb	Cape Town				
3.	9 Feb	Cape Town				
4.	10 Feb	Cape Town				
5.	11 Feb	Cape Town				
6.	12 Feb	Depart Cape Town, transfer			Total no of night	
		to Union Ltd Train, night on			on Union Ltd Train:	
_	40 5-1-	Garden Route			4	
7.	13 Feb	Union Ltd Train, night on Garden Route				
8.	14 Feb	Union Ltd Train, night on				
		Garden Route				
9.	15 Feb	Union Ltd Train, night on				
10	40 5 1	Garden Route			-	
10.	16 Feb	Leave Union Ltd Train and			Total no of night on Blue Train: 1	
11.	17 Feb	board Blue Train – overnight Leave Blue Train and arrive			Total no of night in	
' ' '	17 1 05	Pretoria – overnight			Pretroia: 2	
12.	18 Feb	Hotel in Pretoria – overnight				
13.	19 Feb	Depart Pretroia & arrive			Total no of night in	
		Pinalesberg Game Park –			Pinalesberg Game	
4.4	00 5 1	overnight in lodge			Park: 2	
14.	20 Feb	Pinalesberg Game Park –				
15.	21 Feb	overnight in lodge Depart Pinalesberg Game			Total no of night in	
10.	21100	Park & arrive Johannesburg			Johannesburg: 3	
		overnight				
16.	22 Feb	Johannesburg – overnight				
17.	23 Feb	Johannesburg – overnight				
18.	24 Feb	Depart Johannesburg to	1415		Total no of night:	
		Singapore on Singapore			17	
19.	25 Feb	Airlines SQ 405 Arrive Singapore		0615	-	
13.	LZJ FUD	ATTIVE SITIYAPUTE	L	0010	1	

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	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
A1	1+2+6	4	1+1+6	
B1				1+2
B2	4+5			4
B3	1		2	
B4		1	4	4
C1		8		
D1	6	8		2
E1				12
E2			11	
E3				
E4		4		
	25	25	25	25