UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Diploma Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL DIPLOMA IN COMPUTING

5216

maximum mark 90

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

	Page	2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	
			Cambridge International Diploma – May/June 2006	5216 (8960)	
1	(a)	-RA -RA (1 p -RA	M is volatile/ROM is not M loses contents when power is switched off/ROM does not M is usually larger than ROM per -, max 2) M used to store data/os/software currently in use M used to store bootstrap/boot/start up program		[2] [2]
	(b)	(i)	-word processor/Spreadsheet/Database -spreadsheet/accounting software -DTP/Painting package/word processor		[3]
		(ii)	-hard drive to store software/OS/user files -large storage facility/readily accessible/readily editable -CDRW to produce backup files and archive material -writable but semi permanent/portable/small size -DVD to import software/play music while working -software readily available on DVD		[6]
2	(i)	-ico -me -po -e.g	ndows ins enus inter controlled g. used for inexperienced user per-, max 2 for description, max 3)		[3]
	(ii)	-spa -so -ca -rac -rac	rrors printed form aces for insertion of data me spaces require positive response n use drop down choices dio buttons ta input from postal order forms/teleordering/ per-, max 2 for description, max 3)		[3]
3	(a)	-dry -an -ba -en -he -cha -cha	51 ist supports 7 eye or similar ti glare screens ck problems sure a properly designed chair is used adaches ange the refresh rates/ensure ventilation edit 'regular breaks' once per -, max 3 types, max 6)		[6]
	(b)	-alle -lar -alle	sitive: ows communication ge amounts of educational material ows students to access information to help with studies and to en ows student to learn at own speed/at own times	joy their learning	
		-ma -ma -ma por -site -ma	gative: any sites do not give accurate information any sites give access to inappropriate material any sites encourage breaking laws (downloading music/ord nography) es available to buy coursework/helps to cheat in examinations ay allow hacker into your system/viruses prevalent war may 3 for each of positive and pogative points may 5)		
		(1 ¢	per -, max 3 for each of positive and negative points, max 5) © University of Cambridge International Examinations 20		[5]

Page 3		e 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus]
			Cambridge International Diploma – May/June 2006	5216 (8960)]
4	(a)	-LA -LA	N is geographically small area/WAN over a larger area N may be hard wired/WAN requires other medium for communic N much easier to keep secure/WAN is prone to hacking per -, max 2)	ation	[2]
	(b)	(i)	-all machines feed off central data bus/Use of terminators/share -wiring is simple	d hardware	[2]
		(ii)	-all machines separately connected to central hub/server/ -breakdown of one machine/wire does not affect whole transmission is greater	network/rate of data	a [2]
	(c)	(i)	-set of rules -to control communication		[2]
		(ii)	-to enable standardisation -to enable one layer to be altered without altering the entire prot -enables manufacturers to design hardware and software for a p (1 per -, max 2)		[2]
5	(a)	-fev -alg -ma -pro -tes -allo	vantages: ver bugs because each set of programming commands is shorter orithm is more easily understood iny programmers can be employed, one on each of the modules ogrammers can use their expertise on particular techniques ting can be more thorough on each of the modules ows library programs to be inserted of which saves time and means the finished program can be con		
		-cai -me -cai	advantages: n lead to problems with variable names eans documentation of modules must be thorough n lead to problems when modules are linked because links must	be thoroughly tested	[6]

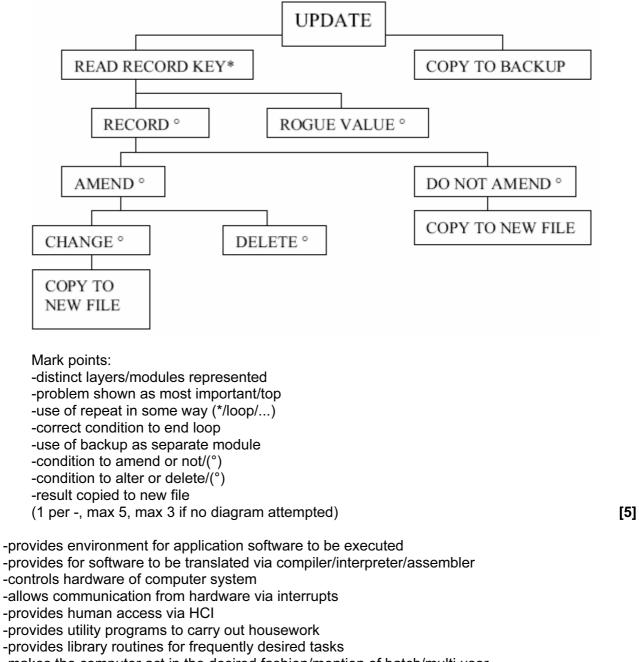
(1 per -, max 4 advantages, max 5)

[5]

© University of Cambridge International Examinations 2006

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	Cambridge International Diploma – May/June 2006	5216 (8960)

(b) Example diagram, flowchart is just as acceptable.



-makes the computer act in the desired fashion/mention of batch/multi user... (1 per -, max 4)

6

[4]

© University of Cambridge International Examinations 2006

	Page	9 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	
			Cambridge International Diploma – May/June 2006	5216 (8960)	
7	(a)	text date	/character/string /character/string/alphanumeric e/Integer lean	[4]	ŀ]
	(b)	+ 10 * 10 Div Ans	ე 6,8 tal = 18-59) ე%	[4]	IJ
	(c)	(i)	-to store little used data -in case it is needed in the future -so that it can be removed from main file -to allow space for other data (1 per -, max 2)	[2]	2]
		(ii)	-sensible interval (1 – 7 days) -onto sensible medium (floppy disk/CD-RW/Zip drive/tape) -sensible reason (file small/medium easily accessible/medium p -more than one copy made -one copy kept away from main computer system -keep a transaction copy between backups (1 per -, max 4)	ortable) [4]	IJ
8	(a)	(i)	Check that the data input is what was meant to have been input	t.	
		(ii)	Check on the data entered to ensure that it is sensible/follows g	iven rules. [2]	']
	(b)	-on -for -e.g -cha	nge check day/month/year to ensure that they are acceptable mat check j. dd/mm/yy aracter check j. check to ensure there are 6 numeric characters and 2 / her -, max 2 per pair, max 2 pairs, max 4)	[4]	4]

© University of Cambridge International Examinations 2006

	Page	6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus 5216 (8960)
			Cambridge International Diploma – May/June 2006	5216 (8960)
9	(a)	-ima -dig -US -ima -ima -ima	anner for photograph already available age is digitized ital/video camera B connection to input image age may then be enhanced age may be manipulated/colour contrast edited age may be cropped er -, max 4)	
	(b)	-hov -hov	ans of dealing with errors that may occur w to look after the hardware w to insert photos/take photos/insert shirts er -, max 2)	
	(c)	-wit -to s -ima -usi -e.g	inters hin individual customer record start and end of image ages compressed ng file compression utility . storing area of single colour rather than individual bits er -, max 4)	
10	-rep -rur -rur -rur	nning nning	driven by meeting a certain condition low on a particular type of shirt so that more need to be ordered out of a type of ink g that a sales target has been met which e.g. may trigger a bond	
	-rep -dat -pro -sal	ta is port es m	c: created from the large amount of data collected during normal o selectively abridged in order that the manager can make some u ions of sales at different times of day/days of week/weeks of yea lade by different workers analysed	ise of it

(1 per -, max 6)

[6]

© University of Cambridge International Examinations 2006