FOR CENTRE AND CANDIDATE USE - PLEASE PHOTOCOPY AS REQUIRED

# www. trenepapers.com OFFICE ADMINISTRATION ADVANCED LEVEL **INTERPERSONAL BUSINESS SKILLS (OPTIONAL MODULE) 5176**

# **Assignment Cover Sheet for Candidates**

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When submitting a copy of your assignment please complete this Assignment Cover Sheet and an S.A.R., which is completed by your tutor. By completing this form and submitting the assignment for assessment by CIE you confirm that the assignment is all your own work. Any work taken from another source has been appropriately referenced and acknowledged.

CIE Unique Candidate Identifier														
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Candidate Name											Date	of St	maı	ission
Please read this page and complete This form is designed to help you che competence criteria. There are four p information for the completion of the a	eck that yo	our wootal.	work is	is com	plete	and t	that	you ha	ave co	ver	ed all th	e req	uire	ed
For this assignment you must prese	ent a writte	en rep	eport w	which	includ	des th	ne fo	llowing	g:					
<ul> <li>a contents page</li> <li>an introduction (purpose of the end of the seme thods you have used (steps of these methods were chosen and these methods were chosen and these methods were chosen and should include a description of its products or services, its size a brief description of how poten a brief description of the sample a complete copy of the question sample group</li> <li>a description of how the information a write-up (well summarised find adequate coverage of the aims</li> <li>In addition, your report should:</li> <li>be between 1800 – 2500 words</li> <li>be word processed (legible hand) have a logical structure with cleich have a clear, legible and businesses</li> </ul>	igation - a taken to o nd how the nisation or its function e and locat ntial memb le group (th ns designe nation was ndings fron s and object s long nd writing i early prese prence mat	a clear obtain ey pro r instit on (e.çation ibers of the indirect and secolle med and secolle is als sented aterials	ar explin information in information	olanation ola control ola cont	on of on, e. effect hich the prival rence the set the	the ir g. into tive) he as te sec groupers of urvey	nvesignic ctor of the string we string we string we string the str	tigationews, sument incompa ere ask sample order t	n you urveys s beir any, g ked to e grou to gath	have seen take take take take take take take take	earried of ernment of the part should no informat	earch ut. T depa ot be ion fr	n wh his rtme nan rom	ent), med) the
Have these requirements been me	et? YES/N	NO												
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Further details of the assignment red	eguiremen	nts car	an he f	e found	in the	e svil:	ahus	s secti	on he	ade	nieeA' be	nmei	nt	

Guidelines'. A copy of the syllabus can be found at www.cie.org.uk.

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## **Assignment contents**

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Assess the strengths and weaknesses of the service provided to customers by a specific organisation and recommend improvements. The findings should be presented to a small group followed by a short discussion led by the candidate to discuss any conclusions and recommendations. For the purposed of the assignment, the group of customers surveyed will be called the sample group. The group to which the presentation is made will be called the reference group. Those from whom candidates must get agreement prior to carrying out the survey will be called key individuals.

You should go through the grids and indicate in the boxes where the evidence can be found. You may want to add a comment to explain your choice, but this is not always necessary.

Carry	out a survey of the sample group	Page no.	Comments
1.1	Understand and demonstrate a range of communication skills		
	the meaning of active listening		
	<ul> <li>how to improve the ability to listen: looking interested, suspending pre- judgements, consciously analysing what is being said</li> </ul>		
	different types of questions: open, closed, reflective, leading, hypothetical		
	when to use and when to avoid particular types of question		
1.3	Analyse and consciously employ appropriate verbal behaviour		
	<ul> <li>use of questions for different purposes: seeking information, asking for ideas, testing understanding</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>use of statements for different purposed: summarising, building, disagreeing about issues, personalising disagreements giving information, making suggestions, supporting</li> </ul>		
2.4	Understand and demonstrate how to make and refuse requests assertively		
	<ul> <li>how to make assertive requests: positive mental attitude, clear objectives and fall-back position, being clear and specific, avoiding manipulation, listening and, if necessary, seeking compromise</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>saying 'no' assertively: resisting feeling guilty, clarity of expression, acknowledging the request, giving reasons and avoiding excuses, asking for information and time to think, if possible suggesting solutions</li> </ul>		
5.1	Understand and demonstrate interviewing techniques, focusing on the role of the interviewer		
	<ul> <li>characteristics of a good interview (e.g. prepared by both parties, constructive, 2-way, controlled, clear conclusions)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>preparation: clear objectives, content, questions to ask, structure and arrangements</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>effective openings: establishing an appropriate climate, agreeing how you intend to structure and run the interview</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>managing the core of the interview: using questions correctly, listening actively, using the agreed structure, building on one another's ideas, testing your understanding and summarising, keeping control of the time</li> </ul>		
	• clear endings: summarising, agreeing actions, checking that the interview has covered everything the interviewee wanted to discuss		
	<ul> <li>follow-up: making notes, communicating decisions to other, carrying out and monitoring agreed actions</li> </ul>		

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		Page no.	Comments
6.1	Understand and demonstrate customer care skills		
	<ul> <li>preparation: knowing the products and services, appropriate personal appearance and manner</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>what customers want: attention, to be treated as individuals, to be offered solutions by people who care</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>relating positively to customers: courteous greetings, open, friendly body language, sensitivity to the type and amount of help they want</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>establishing customers' needs: asking open questions, testing understanding, listening actively, creating empathy</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>meeting customers' needs: making helpful suggestions, offering options, checking satisfaction, exceeding customers' expectations</li> </ul>		
Make	a presentation to the reference group		
1.2	Understand and demonstrate non-verbal communication		
	importance of non-verbal communication		
	<ul> <li>different aspects of non-verbal communication: physical setting, spatial distance and orientation, physical appearance, facial expression, eye contact, posture and gestures</li> </ul>		
	• interpreting non-verbal communication accurately, principles and dangers		
	strengths and weaknesses of non-verbal communication		
1.3	As before – analyse and consciously employ appropriate verbal behaviour		
4.1	Make effective presentations to groups		
	setting clear objectives		
	<ul> <li>understanding what the audience know already and will want from the presentation</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>getting the physical setting right (checking that the equipment works, arranging the audience to suit the purpose of the presentation)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>planning the presentation: listing the major points, putting them in logical sequence, estimating the timescale, deciding how to balance detail, clarity and time available, selecting/designing simple visual aids, scripting the opening, preparing notes, predicting likely questions, rehearsing</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>delivering the presentation: effective openings, empathising with the group, the use of variety, correct and incorrect body language</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>what to do if something goes wrong: backtrack if you lose the place, watch your body language, avoid excessive apologising</li> </ul>		
Lead	a short discussion of the conclusions with the reference group		
2.3	Understand and demonstrate how to receive praise and criticism		
	when being praised, acknowledging your achievements		
	<ul> <li>when being criticised, know how to react assertively if you agree with the criticism, if you disagree, if you don't understand, if the criticism is personal</li> </ul>		
2.4	As before - understand and demonstrate how to make and refuse requests assertively		
3.1	Understand and demonstrate influencing skills		
	<ul> <li>what influence in an organisation may be based upon: position, expert knowledge, personality, resources</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>different influencing strategies and when to use them: reason, force, coalitions, bargaining, resort to higher authority, relationships, sanctions</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>different influencing styles: 'push' – telling the other person what you think of the situation and making suggestions about what they should do – vs. 'pull' – asking the other person for information and ideas and then building on what they say</li> </ul>		

#### Office Administration (Advanced Level) 2004

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		Page no.	Comments
4.2	Organise, lead and take part in small group meetings		
	chairperson's preparation: clear objectives, agenda, notes from previous meetings, organising the physical setting, giving participants notice of the purpose, content and arrangements		
	participants' preparation: their objectives, what they will contribute, their questions, 'homework'		
	agreeing simple ground rules: turning up on time, no phone calls during meetings, how the meeting will be run, who will take notes		
	chairperson's different roles and what they involve: leader, gatekeeper, referee, administrator		
Asse	ess the activities carried out		
1.1	As before – understand and demonstrate a range of communication skills		
1.2	As before – understand and demonstrate non-verbal communication		
2.2	Understand and demonstrate how to give constructive praise and criticism		
	features of giving constructive praise: specific, honest, descriptive, immediate	е	
	principles of constructive criticisms: issues not personalities, positive mental attitude, being clear and specific, using 'l' statements, asking for responses and suggestions, summarising agreed actions		
	what to do if the person you are criticising reacts emotionally: with anger, denial, silence or tears		
Self	Evaluation		
	Comment on:		
	your approach to selecting information		
	the strengths and weaknesses of your report		