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(1) Obtain the equation of the circle passing through the points (5, -8), (-2, 9) and (2, 1). [Ans: $x^2 + y^2 + 116x + 48y - 285 = 0$] (2) Find the equation of the circumscribed circle of the triangle formed by three lines given by x + y = 6, 2x + y = 4 and x + 2y = 5. [Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 17x - 19y + 50 = 0$] (3) Find centre and radius of the circle whose equation is $4x^2 + 4y^2 - 12x + 24y + 29 = 0$. **Ans:** $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -3\right), 2$ (4) Find the equation of the circle touching both the axes and passing through (1, 2). [Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y + 1 = 0$, $x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 10y + 25 = 0$] the circle is $x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 2y - 4 = 0$. Find its parametric (5) The cartesian equation equations. [Ans: $x = -2 + \cos \theta$, $y = 1 + 3\sin \theta$, $\theta \in (-\pi, \pi]$] (6) Show that the line-segments, joining any point of a semi-circle to the end points of the iameter, are perpendicular to each other. Show that the point (4, -5) is inside the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y - 5 = 0$. Find the point on the circle which is at the shortest distance from that point.

[Ans: (5, -6)]

(8) Find the length of the chord of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 2y - 20 = 0$ cut off by the line x + y - 10 = 0.

[Ans: $\sqrt{2}$]

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- (9) Find the mid-point of the chord of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ cut off by the line 2x + 3y - 13 = 0. [Ans: (2, 3)]
- (10) Find the conditions for the line $x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha = p$ to be the tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$.

[Ans: $p^2 = r^2$]

(11) Find the equations of the tangents to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 47$ from the point (5, 3).

[Ans: 4x - y - 17 = 0, x + 4y - 17 = 0]

- (12) The lengths of the tangents drawn from a point P to two circles with centre at origin are inversely proportional to the corresponding radii. Show that all such points P lie on a circle with centre at origin.
- (13) Find the measure of an angle between two tangents to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ drawn from the point (h, k).

[Ans: $2 \tan^{-1}(a - h^2 + k^2 - a^2)$]

(14) Find the set of all points P outside a circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ such that the tangents to the circle, drawn from P, are perpendicular to each other.

Ans: $x^2 + y^2 = 2a^2$]

Find the equation of the circle which passes through the points of intersection of the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 13$ and $x^2 + y^2 + x - y - 14 = 0$ and whose centre lies on the line 4x + y - 6 = 0.

[Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y - 9 = 0$]

(16) Show that the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 2ax + c^2 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 2by - c^2 = 0$ are orthogonal to each other.

(17) If the points A (a, 0), A' (-a', 0), B (0, b) and B' (0, -b') are on a circle, then prove that aa' = bb'. Also find the equation of the circle.

[Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - (a - a')x - (b - b')y - aa' = 0$]

(18) Show that the point of intersection of the lines given by $2x^2 - 5xy + 2y$ 3 = 0 with the axes lie on a circle. Find its equation.

[Ans: $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 7x - 5y + 3 = 0$]

(19) Find the equation of the circle whose diametrically opposite points are the points of intersection of the line y = mx with the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 2ax = 0$.

[Ans: $(1 + m^2)(x^2 + y^2) - 2a(x + my) = 0$]

(20) Find the set of the mid-points of the chords of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ formed by the line passing through (x_1, y_1) .

[Ans: $S = \{(x, y) | x^2 + y^2 - x_1x - y_1y = 0 \text{ and } x^2 + y^2 < a^2\}$]

- (21) Find the equation of the circle which is orthogonal to the circles $x^2 + y^2 6x + 1 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 4y + 1 = 0$ and the centre of which lies on the line 3x + 4y + 6 = 0. [Ans: $3x^2 + 3y^2 + 4x + 6y - 15 = 0$]
- (22) If the centre of the circle passing through the origin and orthogonal to the circle $x^2 + y^2 4x + 2y + 4 = 0$ lies on the line x + y 4 = 0, then find the equation of the circle.

[Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 4y = 0$]

(23) The circle orthogonal to the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y - 7 = 0$ passes through the point (1, 0). Find its equation.

[Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 8y + 3 = 0$]

(24) If the circles $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 + 2g_1x + 2f_1y = 0$ are tangent to each other, then show that $f_1g = fg_1$.

(25) If the line $x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha = p$ contains a chord of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, then find the equation of the circle whose diameter is this chord.

[Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - a^2 - 2p(x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha - p) = 0$]

(26) Find the equation of the circle which passes through (1, -2), (4, -3) and which has a diameter along the line 3x + 4y = 7.

 $[Ans: 15x^{2} + 15y^{2} - 94x + 18y + 55 = 0]$

(27) Find the equation of the circumcircle of a triangle with vertices (a, b), (a, -b) and (a + b, a - b), (b ≠ 0)

[Ans: $b(x^2 + y^2) - (a^2 + b^2)x + (a - b)(a^2 + b^2) = 0$]

(28) Find the length of the common chord of $(x - a)^2 + y^2 = a^2$ and $x^2 + (y - b)^2 = b^2$, a, b > 0. Also find the equation of the circle with this common chord as diameter.

Ans:
$$\frac{2ab}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$
, $(a^2 + b^2)(x^2 + y^2) - 2ab(bx + ay) = 0$

(29) Find the length of the common chord of $(x - a)^{2} + (y - b)^{2} = c^{2}$ and $(x - b)^{2} + (y - a)^{2} = c^{2}$. [Ans: $4c^{2} - 2(a - b)^{2}$]

(30) If the circles $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + a^2 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 + 2fy + a^2 = 0$ touch each other, then establish that $g^{-2} + f^{-2} = a^{-2}$.

(31) Find the equation of the circle with the common chord of the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 4x = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 6y = 0$ as a diameter.

[Ans: $13x^2 + 13y^2 - 36x - 24y = 0$]

(32) Prove that the two circles $x^2 + y^2 - 2ax - 2by - a^2 + b^2 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 2bx + 2ay + a^2 - b^2 = 0$ intersect each other at right angles.

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- (33) Find the equation of the circle passing through (1, 1), touching the X-axis and having its centre on the line x + y = 3, in the first quadrant.

[Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 2y + 4 = 0$]

(34) Find the equations of the circles touching both the co-ordinate axes and also the line 3x + 4y - 6 = 0.

 $\begin{bmatrix} \text{Ans:} (1) x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 6y + 9 = 0 \\ (3) x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 2y + 1 = 0 \end{bmatrix} (2) 4x^2 + 4y^2 - 4x - 4y + 1 = 0 \\ (4) 4x^2 + 4y^2 - 12x + 12y + 9 = 0 \end{bmatrix}$

(35) Find the equation of the circle passing through (1, 0) and touching the lines 2x + y + 2 = 0 and 2x + y - 18 = 0.

Ans:
$$(x - 5)^{2} + (y + 2)^{2} = 20$$
, $(5x - 9)^{2} + (5y - 22)^{2} = 500$]

(36) Find the equation of the common chord of the two circles $x^2 + y^2 + ax + by + c = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 + bx + ay + c = 0$ (a, b, $c \neq 0$). Using this equation, derive the condition for the two circles to touch each other.

[Ans: x - y = 0, (a + b) 2 - 8c = 0]

(37) Find the equation of the circle which has as a diameter the segment cut off by the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ on the line lx + my + n = 0.

 $[Ans: (1^2) m^2)(x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c) + 2(n - mf - gl)(lx + my + n) = 0]$

If A and B are the points of contact of the tangents drawn from P(3,4) to the circle $x + y^2 = 16$, find the area of triangle PAB.

[Ans: 108 / 25]

(39) Prove that the length of the common chord of the two circles $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ and $(x - c)^2 + y^2 = b^2$ is $\frac{4\Delta}{c}$, where Δ = area of a triangle having sides of lengths a, b and c.

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- (40) Find the equations of the circles passing through (-4,3) and touching the lines x + y = 2 and x - y = 2. [Ans: $x^2 + y^2 + 2(10 - 3\sqrt{6})x + (55 - 24\sqrt{6}) = 0$ and $x^{2} + y^{2} + 2(10 + 3\sqrt{6})x + (55 + 24\sqrt{6}) = 01$ (41) Prove that the length of the common chord of the two circles x^2 and $(x - c)^{2} + y^{2} = b^{2}$ is $\frac{1}{c} [(a + b + c)(a - b + c)(a + b - c)(-a + b + c)]^{2}$. (42) If $\left(m_{i}, \frac{1}{m_{i}}\right)$, $m_{i} > 0$, i = 1, 2, 3, 4 are four distinct points on a circle, then show that $m_1 m_2 m_3 m_4 = 1$. (43) A circle passes through (a, b) and touches the X-axis. Prove that the locus of the other end of the diameter of the circle through (a, b) is $(x - a)^2 = 4by$. (44) A is the centre of the circle $y^2 + y^2 - 2x - 4y - 20 = 0$. The tangents at the points B (1, 7) and D (4, 2) the circle meet at the point C. Find the area of the quadrilateral ABCD. [Ans: 75 sq. units (45) Show that he two circles, which pass through the points (0, a) and (0, - a) and touch the line y = mx + c, cut each other orthogonally if $c^2 = a^2(2 + m^2)$. Prove that if $l^2 - 3m^2 + 4l + 1 = 0$, then the line lx + my + 1 = 0 touches a fixed circle and find the equation of the fixed circle. [Ans: $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$] (47) Find the equation of the circle of minimum radius passing through (1, 3) and touching the circle $2x^{2} + 2y^{2} - 9x - 2y + 5 = 0$.

[Ans: $2x^2 + 2y^2 - 5x - 10y + 15 = 0$]

- (48) Using co-ordinate geometry, prove that the angles subtended by any chord of a circle at any two points on its circumference on the same side of the chord are equal.
- (49) Using co-ordinate geometry, prove that the angle subtended by any chord of a circle at the centre of the circle is twice the angle subtended by the same chord at any point on the circumference on the same side as the centre.
- (50) The tangents drawn from an external point $P(x_1, y_1)$ to the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2ay + c = 0$ touches the circle at the points A and B. Find the equation of the circle passing through the points P, A and B.

[Ans: $x^2 + y^2 + (g - x_1)x + (f - y_1)y - gx_1 - m_1$

(51) The tangents drawn from an external point $P(x_1, y_1)$ to the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2ay + c = 0$ touches the circle at the points A and B. O is the centre of the circle. Find the area of (i) triangle PAB (ii) triangle OAB and (iii) quadrilateral OAPB.

Ans: (i)
$$\frac{\sqrt{g^2 + f^2 - c} \left(x_1^2 + y_1^2 + 2gx_1 + 2fy_1 + c\right)^3}{(x_1 + g)^2 + (y_1 + f)^2},$$

(ii)
$$\frac{|gx_1 + fy_1 + c|}{(x_1 + g)^2 + (y_1 + f)^2} \sqrt{(g^2 + f^2 - c)(x_1^2 + y_1^2 + 2gx_1 + 2fy_1 + c)}}{(x_1 + g)^2 + (y_1 + f)^2},$$

(iii)
$$\sqrt{(g^2 + f^2 - c)(x_1^2 + y_1^2 + 2gx_1 + 2fy_1 + c)}$$

(52) A line through an external point $P(x_1, y_1)$ intersects the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2ay + y^2 + 2gx + 2ay + 2ay + 1 in A and B. If <math>PA + PB = 2l$, find the area of triangle OAB, where O is the centre of the circle.

$$\left[\operatorname{Ans}: \sqrt{\left(l^{2} - x_{1}^{2} - y_{1}^{2} - 2gx_{1}^{2} - 2fy_{1}^{2} - c\right)\left(x_{1}^{2} + y_{1}^{2} + 2gx_{1}^{2} + 2fy_{1}^{2} + g^{2}^{2} + f^{2}^{2} - l^{2}^{2}\right)}\right]$$

(53) Find the equations of common tangents of the two circles $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

[Ans: y - 1 = 0, 3x + 4y - 5 = 0, x + 1 = 0 and 4x - 3y - 5 = 0]