

# 2005 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

# Classical Greek Extension

#### **General Instructions**

- Reading time 10 minutes
- Working time 1 hour and 50 minutes
- Write using black or blue pen

#### Total marks - 50

Section I Pages 2–4

# 35 marks

- Attempt Questions 1–2
- Allow about 1 hour and 10 minutes for this section

Section II Pages 6–7

#### 15 marks

- Attempt either Question 3 or Question 4
- Allow about 40 minutes for this section

# Section I — Prescribed Text – Homer, Odyssey IX

# 35 marks Attempt Questions 1–2 Allow about 1 hour and 10 minutes for this section

Answer each question in a SEPARATE writing booklet. Extra writing booklets are available.

In Question 1 you will be assessed on how well you:

- demonstrate your understanding of the text by translating into idiomatic and fluent English
- interpret the relationship between words and structures
- analyse language and/or contextual features of the prescribed extract

**Marks** 

#### **Question 1** (25 marks)

(a) Translate the following extract into ENGLISH.

15

"Ως ἔφατ' εὐχόμενος, τοῦ δ' ἔκλυε κυανοχαίτης. αὐτὰρ ὄ γ' ἐξαῦτις πολὺ μείζονα λᾶαν ἀείρας ἡκ' ἐπιδινήσας, ἐπέρεισε δὲ ἶν' ἀπέλεθρον. κὰδ δ' ἔβαλεν μετόπισθε νεὸς κυανοπρώροιο τυτθόν, έδεύησεν δ' οἰήϊον ἄκρον ἱκέσθαι. 540 έκλύσθη δὲ θάλασσα κατερχομένης ὑπὸ πέτρης. τὴν δὲ πρόσω φέρε κῦμα, θέμωσε δὲ χέρσον ἱκέσθαι. άλλ' ὅτε δὴ τὴν νῆσον ἀφικόμεθ', ἔνθα περ ἄλλαι νηες εΰσσελμοι μένον άθρόαι, άμφὶ δ' εταίροι ἥατ' όδυρόμενοι ἡμέας ποτιδέγμενοι αἰεί, 545 νηα μεν ἔνθ' έλθόντες ἐκέλσαμεν ἐν ψαμάθοισιν, έκ δὲ καὶ αὐτοὶ βῆμεν ἐπὶ ἡηγμῖνι θαλάσσης. μήλα δὲ Κύκλωπος γλαφυρής ἐκ νηὸς ἑλόντες δασσάμεθ', ώς μή τίς μοι άτεμβόμενος κίοι ἴσης. άρνειὸν δ' ἐμοὶ οἴφ ἐϋκνήμιδες ἑταῖροι 550 μήλων δαιομένων δόσαν ἔξοχα· τὸν δ' ἐπὶ θινὶ Ζηνὶ κελαινεφέϊ Κρονίδη, ὅς πᾶσιν ἀνάσσει, ρέξας μηρί ἔκαιον ο δ' οὐκ ἐμπάζετο ἱρῶν, άλλ' ὅ γε μερμήριζεν ὅπως ἀπολοίατο πᾶσαι νηες ἐΰσσελμοι καὶ ἐμοὶ ἐρίηρες ἑταῖροι. 555

#### Question 1 continues on page 3

#### Question 1 (continued)

(b) Read the extract, then, without translating, answer the questions that follow.

'Η μέν μ' αὐτόθ' ἔρυκε Καλυψὼ δῖα θεάων ἐν σπέσσι γλαφυροῖσι, λιλαιομένη πόσιν εἶναι· 30 ὡς δ' αὔτως Κίρκη κατερήτυεν ἐν μεγάροισιν Αἰαίη δολόεσσα λιλαιομένη πόσιν εἶναι. ἀλλ' ἐμὸν οὔ ποτε θυμὸν ἐνὶ στήθεσσιν ἔπειθεν. ὡς οὐδὲν γλύκιον ἡς πατρίδος οὐδὲ τοκήων γίγνεται, εἴ περ καί τις ἀπόπροθι πίονα οἶκον 35 γαίη ἐν ἀλλοδαπῆ ναίει ἀπάνευθε τοκήων. εἰ δ' ἄγε τοι καὶ νόστον ἐμὸν πολυκηδέ' ἐνίσπω, ὄν μοι Ζεὺς ἐφέηκεν ἀπὸ Τροίηθεν ἰόντι.

- (i) Where is Odysseus at the time of this speech, and to whom is he speaking?
- (ii) Describe the role that Calypso and Circe played in Odysseus' 3 adventures.
- (iii) Analyse the attitude of Odysseus towards his personal relationships as shown in this extract.

#### **End of Question 1**

In Question 2 you will be assessed on how well you:

- demonstrate an understanding of the prescribed text
- present an argument supported by references to the text

Marks

# Question 2 (10 marks)

Choose ONE of the following questions. Write an essay of two to three pages in length.

(a) Contrast the divergent elements in the character of Polyphemus, monster and herdsman.

OR

(b) Evaluate Odysseus' escape from Polyphemus as a piece of effective Homeric narrative.

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# **Section II — Non-prescribed Text**

# 15 marks Attempt either Question 3 or Question 4 Allow about 40 minutes for this section

Answer the question in a SEPARATE writing booklet.

In your answer you will be assessed on how well you:

- demonstrate your understanding of the relationship between Classical Greek and English in language structure
- convey meaning accurately and idiomatically
- demonstrate your understanding of the appropriate Greek style

#### **Question 3** (15 marks)

Translate the following extract into ENGLISH.

After leaving the island of the Sirens, Odysseus encourages his comrades.

Άλλ' ὅτε δὴ τὴν νῆσον ἐλείπομεν, αὐτίκ' ἔπειτα 201 καπνὸν καὶ μέγα κῦμα ἴδον καὶ δοῦπον ἄκουσα. 202 αὐτὰρ ἐγὰ διὰ νηὸς ἰὰν ἄτρυνον ἑταίρους 206 μειλιχίοις ἐπέεσσι παρασταδὸν ἄνδρα ἕκαστον. '' Ω φίλοι, οὐ γάρ πώ τι κακῶν ἀδαήμονές εἰμεν· οὐ μὲν δὴ τόδε μεῖζον ἔπι κακόν, ἢ ὅτε Κύκλωψ εἴλει ἐνὶ σπῆϊ γλαφυρῷ κρατερῆφι βίηφιν. 210 άλλὰ καὶ ἔνθεν ἐμῆ ἀρετῆ, βουλῆ τε νοῷ τε, έκφύγομεν, καί που τῶνδε μνήσεσθαι όΐω. νῦν δ' ἄγεθ', ὡς ἂν ἐγὼ εἴπω, πειθώμεθα πάντες. ύμεις μεν κώπησιν άλὸς ρηγμίνα βαθείαν τύπτετε κληΐδεσσιν έφήμενοι, αἴ κέ ποθι Ζεὺς 215 δώη τόνδε γ' ὄλεθρον ὑπεκφυγέειν καὶ ἀλύξαι.'

HOMER, Odyssey, XII. 201–202, 206–216

δοῦπος	loud sound	ἔπι	= ἔπεστι
μειλίχιος	honeyed	εἰλέω	I pen up
παρασταδόν	standing beside	ἀλύσκω	I escape from
άδαήμων	ignorant of		

# **Question 4** (15 marks)

Translate the passage into CLASSICAL GREEK.

When my father Cephalus came to Athens he remained here for thirty years. In all that time no-one was wronged by us, no-one was insulted. All this came to an end in the time of the wicked Thirty, who not only failed to purge the city of unjust men, but attacked blameless citizens and destroyed their homes and property. In this way they acquired their evil power in this city without any regard for gods or men. They also believed that they had a pretext for arresting and punishing members of my family because they were resident aliens.

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