BIOLOGY

Paper – 1

(THEORY)

(Botany and Zoology)

Three hours and a quarter

(The first 15 minutes of the examination are for reading the paper only.

Candidates must NOT start writing during this time).

Answer **all** questions in Part I and **five** questions from Part II, choosing **three** questions from Section A and **two** questions from Section B.

All workings, including rough work, should be done on the same sheet as, and adjacent to; the rest of the answer.

The intended marks for questions are given in brackets [].

PART I (40 marks) Answer all questions.

Question 1.

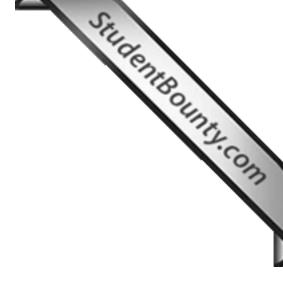
(a) Read the following questions carefully. For each question there are four alternatives
A, B, C and D. Choose the correct alternative and write it in your answer sheet. [5]

- (i) Cortex is found in the
 - A roots, stems and leaves.
 - B stems and leaves.
 - C roots and stems.
 - D roots only.
- (ii) The fluid exuding from the cut surface of a twig of a tree is the
 - A xylem sap.
 - B phloem sap.

- C fluid of transpiration stream.
- D cell sap from the broken cell vacuoles.

SugentBounty.com

- (iii) The function of light in photosynthesis is the
 - A production of organic food.
 - B activation of enzymes.
 - C assimilation of CO₂.
 - D photolysis of water.
- (iv) Fertilization of the egg takes place inside the
 - A helium.
 - B nucellus.
 - C pollen tube.
 - D embryo sac.
- (v) The discovery of Emerson effect has shown the existence of
 - A photorespiration.
 - B photophosphorylation.
 - C two distinct photochemical reactions.
 - D light and dark reactions in photosynthesis.
- (vi) Which of the following is a mismatch?
 - A epithelial tissue \rightarrow protection and absorption
 - B connective tissue \rightarrow binding and support
 - C muscular tissue \rightarrow contraction and conduction
 - D nervous tissue \rightarrow conduction and message sending
- (vii) Which one of the following is an incorrect match between structure and function?
 - A lens \rightarrow focusing
 - B sclera \rightarrow protection
 - C choroid \rightarrow location of cones
 - D iris \rightarrow regulation of the amount of light



- StudentBounty.com (viii) What will happen if the temperature of the scrotum is artificially maintained to the level of abdominal temperature?
 - A germinal epithelium will produce a large quantity of androgen secretion
 - germinal epithelium will carry out normal spermatogenesis В
 - С germinal epithelium will degenerate resulting in sterility
 - D germinal epithelium will produce more sperms
- The simple organic compounds that may have evolved in the direction of origin of (ix) life on earth were
 - A proteins and nucleotides.
 - В protein and nucleic acids.
 - С amino acids and nucleotides.
 - D polysaccharides and nucleotides.
- Haploid plantlets can be produced by (x)
 - cotyledon culture. A
 - В meristem culture.
 - С embryo culture.
 - D pollen culture.

(b) Complete the following statements by choosing the correct alternative from those given in brackets. Write the correct answers in your answer script and do not copy the whole sentence.

- (i) All the dead tissues outside the active cork cambium are collectively known as (bark, epidermis, phellem).
- (ii) The root pressure can be measured by (osmometer, manometer, photometer).
- Oxygen released in photosynthesis is formed during (cyclic (iii) photophosphorylation, non-cyclic photophosphorylation, oxidative phosphorylation).

[3]

- (iv) The epidermis of the skin is made-up of (stratified cuboidal epithelium, stratified columnar epithelium, stratified squamous epithelium).
- StudentBounty.com The walls of the left ventricle are relatively thicker because (v) (aorta arise from it, it is bigger than the right ventricle, it pumps blood to the entire body).
- (vi) Myelination of a neuron (increases the speed of nerve impulse conduction, decreases the speed of nerve impulse conduction, has no effect on the speed of nerve conduction).

(c) State whether the following statements are True or False.

- (i) In roots the protoxylem is towards the periphery and metaxylem towards the centre.
- (ii) The ultimate electron donor in photosynthesis is water.
- (iii) Negative geotropism causes roots to grow downward.
- (iv) Hyper glycemia is due to deficiency of adrenalin.
- The damage to the hind brain may led to breathing difficulty. (v)
- (vi) In animals, growth is differential.
- (vii) The variability generated by the use of tissue culture cycle is termed as somaclonal variation.
- (viii) In recombinant DNA technology, the gene to be introduced into the chosen cultivar should always come from taxonomically related species.

(d) Mention one significant difference between each of the following pairs.

- Bleeding and guttation (i)
- (ii) Chlorosis and necrosis
- (iii) Haemopoiesis and haemolysis
- Neurogenic heart and myogenic heart (iv)
- (v) Geographical and reproductive isolation

[5]

(e) Match each item under Column A with the most appropriate item in Column B. Rewrite the correct matching pairs.

Column A	Column B
(i) Clones	a. leaves
(ii) Kranz anatomy	b. node of Ranvier
(iii) Ovary wall	c. decline in metabolic activity
(iv) Organs of photoreception	d. <u>Australopithecous</u>
(v) Saltatory conduction	e. ovule upright
(vi) Testosterone	f. quiescent centre
(vii) Ageing	g. ovule inverted
(viii)First man-ape	h. tegmen
(ix) Orthotropous	i. C ₄ plants
(x) Inner seed coat	j. testa
	k. leydig cells
	1. pericarp
	m. <u>Dryopithecus</u>

(f) Answer the following:

- (i) What is the effect of Frame-shift mutation?
- (ii) Why are proteases generally released in the inactive form?
- (iii) If the salivary glands were unable to secrete amylase, what affect would this have on starch digestion?
- (iv) If you hold your breath for 30 seconds, what is likely to happen to blood pH?
- (v) Why do terrestrial animals excrete hypertonic urine?
- (vi) Why is propagation through grafting not successful in monocots?
- (vii) Why is it not necessary to supply nitrogenous fertilizers to leguminous crops?
- (viii) When starch changes to sugar in a cell, what would be the effect on its

[9]

water potential?

StudentBounty.com (ix) Trace the changes in water and carbohydrate contents of the glomerular filtrate as it passes through the renal tubule of a diabetes mellitus patient.

Give the contributions of the following scientists. (**g**)

- (i) F.F Blackman
- Lysenki (ii)
- Robert Koch (iii)
- Alexander Fleming (iv)
- **(h)** Write the most significant function of the following:
- (i) Florigen
- (ii) Prolactin
- (iii) Tendon
- Amniotic fluid (iv)
- Ethylene (v)
- *(i)* Expand the following.
- (i) NAA
- (ii) ECG
- ACTH (iii)
- SCID (iv)

[2]

[2]

[5]

PART II

SECTION A (30 marks)

Answer any three questions.

Question 2.

			S.	
			PART II SECTION A (30 marks) Answer any three questions.	
			PART II	e.
			SECTION A (30 marks)	32
			Answer any three questions.	COL
Que	stion 2.			
(a)	Men	tion the	primary function of meristems. With the help of relevant diagrams,	
	distir	nguish t	he three main categories of meristems on the basis of their position	
	in the	[3]		
(b)	(i)	Give	an account of the different types of soil water.	[3]
	(ii)	Ever	when the field is thoroughly irrigated, plants wilt when salt	
		conc	entration of the soil is too high Why?	[2]
(c)	With	the hel	p of a flow chart, summarize the events of blood clotting.	[2]
Que	stion 3.			
(a)	Give	the sch	nematic representation of non-cyclic photophosphorylation.	
	How	is it dif	fferent from cyclic photophosphorylation?	[4]
(b)	Sona	m had i	rice and boiled potatoes for breakfast. State the steps of	
	diges	stion till	l it is made available to the body tissues.	[4]
(c)	Some	e seeds	when exposed to light germinate faster. Why?	[2]
Que	stion 4.			
(a)	(i)	[2 ¹ / ₂]		
	(ii)	State 1.	e the most important functions of the following: glomerulus	[1½]
		2.	distal convoluted tubule	
		3.	descending limb of the loop of Henlee	
(b)	Write	e <i>six</i> im	portant applications of gibberellins in agriculture.	[3]
(c)	(i)	The	lymphatic system is said to be the middle man between blood	
		and t	the tissue. Explain.	[2]
	(ii)	Wha	t is portal system? Give an example.	[1]

Question 5.

- StudentBounty.com Describe the events between pollination and fertilization in plants with the help (a) of a labelled diagram.
- (b) Mention one hormone produced by each of the following and their role.
 - (i) β – cells (pancreas)
 - (ii) thyroid
 - (iii) parathyroid
 - adrenal medulla (iv)
- What will be the consequence when a woman conceives and the (c) (i) implantation occurs in the fallopian tube?
 - (ii) A spermatogonial cell has 30 chromosomes. How many chromosomes will occur in a
 - primary spermatocyte? 1. [1/2]
 - 2. spermatid?

Question 6.

(a)	(i)	Impulses in a neuron travel only in one direction. Explain.	[1]	
	(ii)	Name the parts through which a nerve impulse passes in a reflex arc.	[2]	
(b)	How	is oxygen transported in the blood and released in the tissues?	[3]	
(c)	Mention one physiological role and a deficiency symptom associated with			
	the following:			
	(i)	magnesium	[1]	
	(ii)	copper	[1]	
(d)	Most	voluntary muscles are found in antagonistic pairs. Explain with an example.	[2]	

_____ BHSEC/13A/2010 [2]

[1⁄2]

SECTION B (30 marks)

Answer any two questions.

		Studen	aounty.com
		SECTION B (30 marks)	Court
		Answer any two questions.	12
Ques	tion 7.		.on
(a)	Discu	ass the most acceptable theory of the origin of life on earth.	[4]
(b)	Expla	ain 'industrial melanism in peppered moth' which is an excellent example	
	of na	tural selection in recent history.	[4]
(c)	(i)	What is addiction?	[1]
	(ii)	State <i>four</i> reasons of drug addiction.	[2]
(d)	Nam	e the causative agent and give <i>one</i> symptom in each case for the following	
	disea	ses.	[4]
	(i)	Malaria	

- Typhoid (ii)
- (iii) Filaria
- (iv) Measles

Question 8.

(a) Mammals and birds have evolved from reptiles. How does the comparative					
	study	y of the	ir embryology establish the validity of this statement?	[4]	
(b)	(i)	Wha	t is sickle cell anaemia?	[1]	
	(ii)	Why	y has natural selection not eliminated sickle cell anaemia?	[2]	
(c)	Wha	t is 'CT	'scan'? Mention <i>two</i> important applications of this technique.	[2]	
(d)	Artif	Artificial insemination is commonly practiced by animal breeders. Support the			
	statement with <i>two</i> important reasons.			[2]	
(e)	(i)	Men	tion <i>two</i> essential conditions for the economical use of		
		micr	oorganisms in industries.	[1]	
	(ii)	Nam	the microbe associated in the manufacture of	[2]	
		1.	alcohol.		
		2.	vinegar.		
		3.	penicillin.		
		4.	citric acid.		

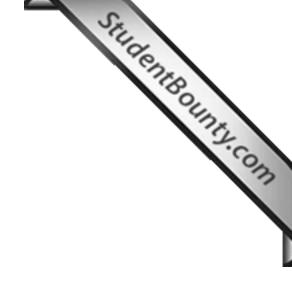
		Study	
	(iii)	Name the instrument used to locate the position of a clot when a patient suffers from cerebral thrombosis.	OL
		patient suffers from cerebral thrombosis.	22
Ques	tion 9.		.0
(a)	What	t are the chromosomal similarities found in ape and man?	
	What	t do such similarities indicate?	[3]
(b)	Muta	tion is a significant factor in evolution. Justify.	[3]
(c)	Distir	nguish between:	[2]
	(i)	Antibodies and interferons	
	(ii)	Active acquired immunity and passive acquired immunity	
(d)	State	in brief the propositions of Lamarck's theory of inheritance of	
	acqui	ired characters.	[2]
(e)	(i)	Name <i>two</i> exotic breeds of poultry.	[1]
	(ii)	What is meant by ARC?	[1]
	(iii)	What do you mean by mycorrhiza?	[1]
	(iv)	Mention <i>two</i> important roles of mycorrhiza.	[1]
	(v)	Name the main alkaloid present in tobacco which leads to addiction.	[1]
Ques	stion 10.	•	
(a)	What	t will be the result if mutation occurs in the zygote,	[2]
	(i)	after it has undergone division?	
	(ii)	before it has undergone division?	
(b)	Gene	tically modified food is common these days but they should be	
	releas	sed in the market only after conducting appropriate tests. Comment.	[2]
(c)	The u	use of pesticides must be banned. Comment.	[2]
(d)	Brief	ly classify the various types of cancer. Why is metastasis stage in cancer	
	consi	idered to be the most dangerous?	[2]
(e)	What	t are the advantages if waste materials are used to produce biogas rather	
	than ı	using them directly as fuel or fertilizer?	[2]

- (f) Give one importance of:
 - (i) cryopreservation
 - (ii) prosthesis
- StudentBounty.com When skin is transplanted onto burn wounds, the body usually rejects it. (g) (i) Why? How can the rejection be prevented?
 - (ii) What is sericulture?
 - (iii) Somatic cell fusion is not usually possible in plant cells. Why?

[2]

[1]

[1]



BHSEC/13A/2010

Page 12 of 12
