

Social Studies

Writing Time : 2 Hours

Total Marks : 100

READ THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY:

- 1.** In this **booklet**, you will find 25 questions in Section A and 5 questions in Section B. You must answer **all** the questions. Each question in Section A is worth **2 marks**.
- 2.** All answers for Section 'A' and 'B' **must** be written in the answer sheets provided by the school.
- 3.** Do not start writing the answers to questions until you are given permission to do so.
- 4.** You will have 2 hours in which to answer all the questions.
- 5.** Once the examination begins, you will not be allowed to ask questions, speak with others or move around.
- 6.** If you finish before the time is over, close the answer sheets and sit quietly. You are allowed to leave the examination room **ONLY** half - an- hour before the completion of the stipulated time of the paper.

DO NOT forget to write your name and class/section.

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, ASK THEM NOW!

TURN PAGE

(15 Minutes is to be allowed for reading as well as for teachers on duty to explain the instructions)

Section – A
25 Questions – 50 Marks
Answer ALL questions

Directions: Each question in this section is followed by four possible choices of answers. Choose the correct answer and write it down in the answer sheets provided by the school.

1. A satellite is a celestial body that moves around the
 - A planet.
 - B earth.
 - C sun.
 - D star.

2. The surface of the earth covered by water is known as the
 - A biosphere.
 - B lithosphere.
 - C atmosphere.
 - D hydrosphere.

3. The spinning of the earth from west to east is called
 - A illumination.
 - B revolution.
 - C rotation.
 - D direction.

4. “It is the coldest part of the earth because it gets the slanting rays of the sun”.
The above statement describes the
 - A torrid zone.
 - B frigid zone.
 - C physical zone.
 - D temperate zone.

5. The lines of latitudes and longitudes are very important because they are
- A imaginary lines.
 - B semi-circles and circles.
 - C used to divide the earth into heat zones.
 - D used to find the exact location of a place.
6. All the following are true about heat zones **EXCEPT**
- A torrid zone lies between the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn.
 - B it lies between the Equator and the Tropic of Capricorn.
 - C it lies between the Equator and the Tropic of Cancer.
 - D torrid zone is the hottest part of the earth.
7. The area of our country is
- A 46,500 sq.km.
 - B 47,000 sq.km.
 - C 47,500 sq.km.
 - D 48,000 sq.km.
8. The four physical zones are given below.
- I The Greater Himalayas.
 - II The Inner Himalayas.
 - III The Eastern Himalayas.
 - IV The Southern Foothills.

Bhutan can be divided into

- A I, II, IV.
- B I, II, III.
- C I, III, IV.
- D II, III, IV.

9. A person who writes History is called
- A an archaeologist.
 - B a historian.
 - C a scientist.
 - D an author.
10. Which of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of the Old Stone Age?
- A They discovered fire.
 - B They used stones as tools.
 - C They invented metal tools.
 - D They lived almost like animals.
11. A place where people have built houses to live permanently is called
- A immigration.
 - B settlement.
 - C population.
 - D migration.
12. A study that tells us how many men, women, children and old people are living in a country is called
- A census.
 - B migration.
 - C population.
 - D rapid population.
13. The things that make our lives more comfortable and easy are related to
- A demands.
 - B desires.
 - C needs.
 - D wants.

14. The raising of fish in a pond is known as
- A aquaculture.
 - B horticulture.
 - C forestry.
 - D fishing.
15. The place where raw materials are changed into goods is called
- A a shop.
 - B a mine.
 - C an industry.
 - D a market.
16. The system of taking goods from one place to another place is called
- A communication.
 - B transportation.
 - C factory.
 - D trade.
17. Bhutan does not have water transport because
- A rivers flow through broad and shallow valleys.
 - B rivers flow through narrow and deep valleys.
 - C we have sufficient roads.
 - D we do not like boats.
18. The following are the sign languages used to communicate **EXCEPT**
- A flag signal.
 - B drumming.
 - C smoke signals.
 - D writing system.

19. Which are the roles and responsibilities of parents?
- I Providing family needs.
 - II Looking after the family.
 - III Teaching and educating.
 - IV Helping and respecting village people.
- A I, II, III
B I, II, IV
C I, III, IV
D II, III, IV
20. An extended family is made up of
- A father, mother, uncle, aunty, cousin and grand parents.
B father, mother, brother and sister.
C grand father and grand mother.
D uncle and aunty.
21. Which of the following is **NOT** true about our customs?
- A We play archery.
B We pray to the god.
C We always respect our elders.
D We say bad words to our parents.
22. All the following are true about rituals **EXCEPT**
- A it is a kind of worship.
B there are many types of rituals.
C it is performed to bring good luck.
D all the rituals are performed in the same way.

23. The Buddha, the Dharma and the Sangha are collectively known as
- A Eight Fold Path.
 - B Noble truths.
 - C Triple Gem.
 - D Nirvana.
24. Which of the following did King Ashoka do?
- A He visited Bhutan.
 - B He meditated in Gaya.
 - C He was against Buddhism.
 - D He sent his son and daughter to spread Buddhism.
25. “After my nirvana, I will be reborn in the country of Ugyen as Pema Juney”.
The above statement was prophesied by
- A Phajo Drugom Zhigpo.
 - B Guru Rinpoche.
 - C Buddha.
 - D Ashoka.

Section – B
5 questions – 50 marks

Direction: - Answer all the questions in this section. Marks for questions or part of questions are given in brackets []. Answers should be written on sheets provided by the school.

Question 1.

- (a) “Lunar eclipse proves that the earth is round”. Explain the statement with the help of a diagram. [3]
- (b) Why is a plateau sometimes called a table land? [2]
- (c) Name any **TWO** major land forms. [1]
- (d) List **TWO** effects of rotation. [2]
- (e) Why do the two hemispheres have opposite seasons? [2]

Question 2.

- (a) What will be the time on longitude 30 degree east when it is noon at Greenwich? [3]
- (b) Why does it get colder as you go from south to the north of Bhutan? [2]
- (c) Describe the vegetation of the inner Himalayas. Name **TWO** trees grown in this area. [2]
- (d) List the important lines of longitudes. [2]
- (e) What does History mean? [1]

Question 3.

- (a) Mention **FOUR** differences between Old Stone Age and New StoneAge? [4]
- (b) Define population. [1½]
- (c) Write **THREE** consequences of rapid population growth. [1½]
- (d) Name any **TWO** industries of Bhutan. [1]
- (e) What is primary activity? Give **TWO** examples. [2]

Question 4.

- (a) Why do people travel? Give **TWO** reasons. [2]
- (b) What is communication? [2]
- (c) Write **TWO** examples of right living. [2]
- (d) Describe a nuclear family. [2]
- (e) How can we keep our culture alive? Write **TWO** ways. [2]

Question 5.

- (a) List any **THREE** festivals celebrated in Bhutan. [3]
- (b) Give **THREE** reasons why we need language. [3]
- (c) Where was Buddha enlightened? [½]
- (d) Mention **THREE** Noble Truths taught by Buddha. [3]
- (e) What is the other name of Guru Rinpoche? [½]