Please check the examination details below	before entering your candidate information									
Candidate surname	Other names									
Centre Number Pearson BTEC Level 3 Nationals Extended Diploma	Learner Registration Number									
Tuesday 14 Janu	iary 2020									
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper Reference 20075K									
Construction and the Built Environment Unit 1: Construction Principles										

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and learner registration number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Show your working when requested.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- You may use a non-programmable calculator that does not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation or allow the storage and retrieval of mathematical formulae.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question, showing all your working, use the appropriate units in your answers and always answer to an appropriate degree of accuracy.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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Answer ALL questions.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

1

A civil engineering contractor is constructing a new railway line in an urban area.

Parts of the railway line will be at ground level with other parts carried by reinforced concrete viaducts above the ground.

The steel used for a railway track needs to resist abrasive wear.

(a) Identify a property that enables steel to resist abrasive wear.

(1)

- **A** Ductility
- B Hardness
- C Stiffness
- D Resistivity
- (b) The railway line will have stations for passengers to get on and off a train. At each station a minimum level of illuminance is required.

Describe what is meant by the term minimum level of illuminance.

(2)

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Figure 1 shows the cross section of a reinforced concrete pier used to support the railway viaduct.

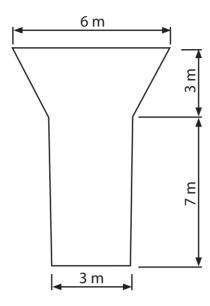


Figure 1 (Diagram not to scale)

(c) Calculate the cross sectional area of the reinforced concrete pier.



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) Describe how airborne sound from passing trains may affect residents	
of the housing.	(2)
	(2)
einforced concrete will be used to support the railway line.	
Explain two ways in which the failure of reinforced concrete can be prevented.	(4)
	(4)
(Total for Question 1 = 13	marks)
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A contractor has been commissioned to renovate a block of flats to make it attractive to new residents. The flats were built in the 1960s. Some of the materials that were used in the original construction of the flats show evidence of degradation. (a) Some of the causes of degradation of construction materials come from natural processes. State **one** cause of degradation from natural processes. (1)



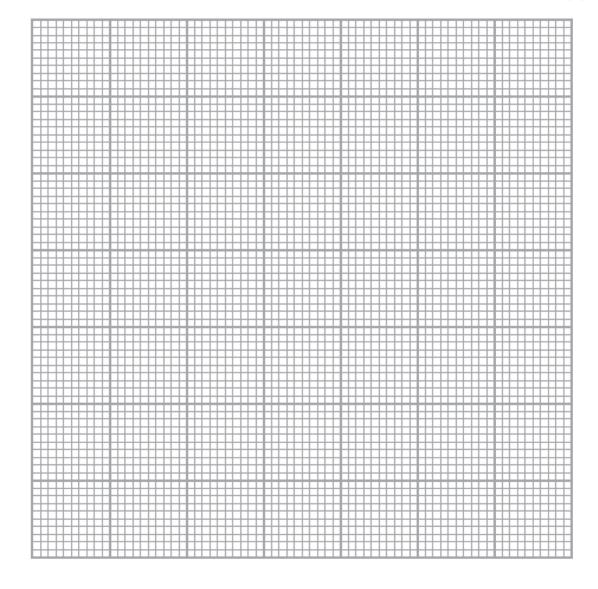
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The percentage resident occupancy of the block of flats is shown in the table below.

Year of survey	Percentage (%) occupancy
2000	83
2005	91
2010	67
2015	42

(b) Draw a bar chart to show the level of occupancy over this time period on the grid provided.





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	Explain two ways in which the use of electronic control systems could improve	
	comfort levels for residents.	(4)
(u)	The contractor is considering fiving insulation to the external wall to reduce heat	
	The contractor is considering fixing insulation to the external wall to reduce heat losses through the walls. Explain two disadvantages of using insulation fixed to the external face of the wall.	
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A School Academy Trust has appointed a contractor to design and build a new teaching block.	
The building will be a steel frame. It will feature internal stud walls with plasterb linings. The floors will be constructed using reinforced concrete slabs.	ooard
(a) Explain two advantages of using plasterboard for the internal walls.	(4)

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The contractor has carried out tests on the concrete that has been used for the floor.

The original thickness of the concrete floor slab was 200 mm. During a test, a load applied to the concrete compressed it by 0.04 mm.

The stress in the concrete has been measured as $40 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$.

(b) Calculate the modulus of elasticity of the concrete.

(4)

.....N/m²

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 Discuss the reasons why a steel framed s for buildings of this type. 	tructure is a popula	r form of construction	on
. e e			(9)
	(Total fo	r Question 2 — 17 =	narks)
	(10रवा १०	r Question 3 = 17 n	iidrKS)

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A construction company has been contracted to design and build a small industrial unit.

The industrial unit will have offices, a workshop area and a loading bay.

The loading bay has a 40 m² concrete floor. The walls have an area of 32 m² and are constructed from high density concrete blocks. The roof is steel and has an area of 40 m².

Material	Sound absorption coefficient							
Concrete	0.2							
High density concrete blocks	0.4							
Steel roofing	0.7							

(a) Calculate the mean sound absorption coefficient for the loading bay.



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(b) The workshop area will be constructed from a range of different materials.	
Explain how interstitial condensation can affect construction materials.	(2)
(c) The construction company plans to incorporate natural lighting into the new industrial unit.	
Explain two benefits that natural lighting would provide.	(4)
(Total for Question 4 = 10	marks)

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5 You will need to refer to **Figures 2, 3 and 4** in the Information Booklet to answer questions 5(a) and 5(c).

The locations of two proposed housing developments are indicated by the letters **A** and **B** on the maps shown in **Figure 2**. The data shown in these diagrams indicates the average annual mean temperature and rainfall for the whole of the UK.

Figure 3 gives climatic information for the location of the two sites.

The proposed housing developments will consist of detached bungalows and semi-detached houses.

It is expected that all buildings will be constructed using the same combinations of components/materials, including:

- brick and block cavity walls
- mineral wool insulation
- pantile roof coverings
- triple glazed windows
- plasterboard linings.

Refer to Figures 2 and 3 for climatic information for the developments.

A construction company is planning to build a number of bungalows and houses at the two locations shown.

The construction company intends to use the same design of homes in both locations.

(a) Explain **two** performance characteristics of pantiles as roofing materials for use in these locations.

1	 	 	 	 	 	 	 		 										
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2	 	 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	
• • • •	 	 •••••	 	 	 	 	 	•••••	 										



Explain three advantages of using low emissivity glass.	(6)

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(c) Evaluate the combined use of facing bricks, aerated concrete blocks, mineral wool insulation and plasterboard as materials for the external walls of the dwellings.					
insulation and plast	terboard as materials	s tor the external w	alls of the dwelling	s. (12)	



(Total for Question	n 5 = 22 marks)
TOTAL FOR PAPE	R = 75 MΔRKS