Vrite your name here Surname	Other names
Centre Number Pearson BTEC Level 3 Nationals Diploma	Learner Registration Number
Sport and Ever	cico Scionco
Sport and Exerc	ise science
Unit 2: Functional Anatomy	ise science
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Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and learner registration number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.		
1	State two functions of the respiratory system.	
(i)		
(ii)		
		(Total for Question 1 = 2 marks)
2	Give the meaning of the following anatomical terms.	
_	(a) posterior	
		(1)
	(b) inferior.	(1)
•••••		
•••••		(Total for Question 2 = 2 marks)

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Describe the	e function of platelets.		
		(Total for Question 3 = 2 marks)	
	em has many functions, including ework, storage of minerals, and pr	blood cell production, providing a otection.	
Explain, usin	g examples, two other functions o	of the skeletal system.	
i)			
ii)			
		(Total for Question 4 = 4 marks)	



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5	Explain the importance of the skeleton in red blood cell production.		
	(Total for Question 5 = 3 marks)		
6	Describe the neural control of the cardiac cycle.		
	(Total for Question 6 = 5 marks)		

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The main function of a capillary is gaseous exchange.		
7 Explain how two characteristics of a capillary are related to gaseous exchange.		
(i)		
(ii)		
	(Total for Question 7 = 4 marks)	



Figure 1 shows the respiratory system.

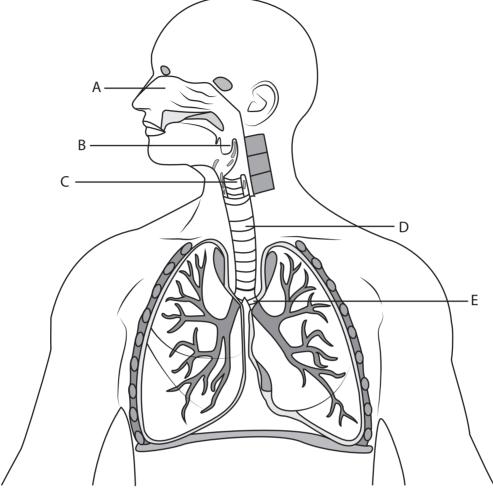


Figure 1

8 (a) Identify the letters in **Figure 1** that show the location of the nasal cavity and the epiglottis.

(2)

Nasal cavity

Epiglottis

(b) Explain the function of the epiglottis.

(2)

(Total for Question 8 = 4 marks)

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Figure 2 shows the downward phase of a press-up.

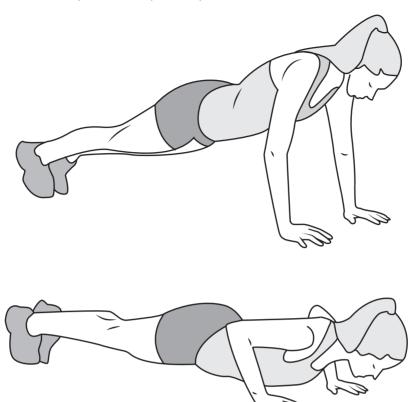


Figure 2

9 Explain how eccentric muscle contraction allows movement at the elbow during the downward phase of a press-up.		
	(Total for Question 9 = 4 marks)	

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Table 1 shows a person's percentage of blood flow to skeletal muscles at rest and during exercise.

	Blood flow at rest	Blood flow during exercise
Skeletal muscles	5%	80%

Table 1

10 Analyse how the percentage of blood flow to the skeletal muscle changes from when a person is at rest to during exercise.		
a person is at rest to daming exercise.	(8)	

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(Total for Question 10 = 8 marks)



Figure 3 shows an athlete performing a forward bend.

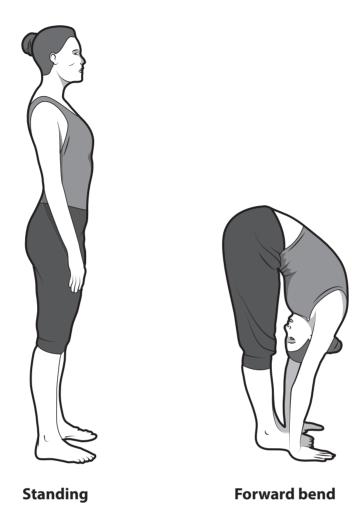


Figure 3

11 Analyse how the axial and appendicular skeleton allows the range of movement necessary at the:

to achieve the position shown from standing to forward bend.

- shoulder
- trunk
- wrist

(8)

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	,
(Total for Question 11 = 8	marks)
, ,	



Figure 4 shows an athlete completing a step up. The right leg and left arm have been shaded.

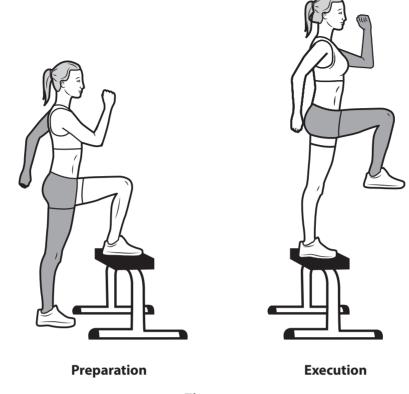


Figure 4

12 Analyse the required movement of the

to achieve the position shown from preparation to execution.

- left elbow
- right hip
- right knee

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 (Total for Question 12 = 14 marks)
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 60 MARKS



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