Write your name here Surname	Other names	
Pearson BTEC Centre Number Level 1/Level 2 First Award	Learner Registration Num	ber
Engineering		
Unit 38: Materials Used in En	gineered Produ	cts
		2

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and learner registration number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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Sc			ns must be answered with a cross in a box $oxtimes$. If you chet a line through the box $oxtimes$ and then mark your new a	
			used in the manufacture of engineered products are ch properties or because they are a particular type of mate	
	(a) Name	e on	e example of a composite material.	(1)
	(b) Ident	ify t	vo examples of a ferrous metal.	(2)
	\times	A	Carbon steel	
	×	В	Copper	
	\times	C	Tungsten carbide	
	\times	D	Gold	
	\times	E	Cast iron	
((c) Name	e two	examples of alloys.	(2)
				(-/

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(u)	Iden	tify	two examples of physical material properties.	(2)
	×	A	Wear resistance	
	×	В	Hardness	
	X	C	Mass	
	X	D	Opacity	
	X	E	Fibre alignment	
(e)	Nam bend	ne th ding	e mechanical property of an engineering material that enables it to resist when a force is applied.	(1)
		•••••		
			(Total for Question 1 = 8 ma	rks)



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2 (a) Engineering materials have a life cycle.

Identify **one** activity where ore is removed from the ground.

(1)

- A Transportation
- **B** Mining
- D Particulate
- (b) These **two** engineering products are produced by different engineering sectors.

Draw **one** straight line from each engineering product to the sector that has produced it.

(2)

Component





Aerospace

Automotive

Marine

Communications

Nuclear



Rotor blade

4



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	d as granules.	(1)
	(Total for Ques	tion 2 = 4 marks)

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3	(a) Identify one material type that is associated with crystal growth.	(1)
	■ A Laminates	
	■ B Elastomers	
	□ Thermosets	
	(b) Solvent resistance is a property of some engineering materials.	
	Name the category of material properties that solvent resistance belongs to.	(1)
	(c) Composites can be supplied in the form of pipes or tubes.	
	Give two applications of composites when they are supplied in the form of pipes or tubes.	(2)
1.		(2)
2.		

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(d) These two component parts of an aeroplane are made from different materials.

Draw **one** straight line from each component to the material it is most likely to be made from.

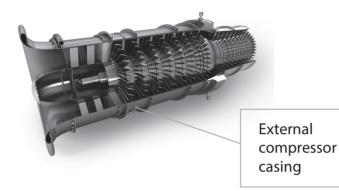
(2)

Component





Medium carbon steel



Tin

@SushkinShutterstock

Magnesium



Landing gear strut

Zinc

Cast iron

(Total for Question 3 = 6 marks)

(a) Name the engineering sector that manufac	tures wheels for cars. (1)
(b) The wheels that SK5 Engineering manufact to them before they are fitted to cars.	ures have surface treatments applied
Name one example of a surface treatment.	(1)
(c) Explain one advantage to SK5 Engineering wheels being supplied in sheet form.	(0)
	(2)

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			(4)
	(To	tal for Questic	on 4 = 8 marks)



5	BA8 Engineering develops and manufactures component parts that make use of smart materials.	
	(a) Some smart materials react to changes in the environment.	
	State the change in the environment that causes a shape memory polymer to return to its original shape.	(1)
	(b) Shape memory polymers are used by BA8 Engineering to improve the function of engineered products, such as mechanical fastenings.	
	Name two other examples of the use of shape memory polymers in	
	engineered products.	(2)
1		
• •		
2 .		
		<u></u>
	(c) BA8 Engineering uses metallic materials to produce other smart materials.	
	The metallic materials are imported in the form of mineral ore.	
	Explain one disadvantage of BA8 Engineering extracting metallic materials from	
	mineral ore for the production of other smart materials.	(2)
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(d) BA8 Engineering has developed its use of thermochromic materials to improve kitchen appliances. For example, it has replaced the standard clear glass panel used in an oven door with a thermochromic panel.



Standard clear glass panel

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Explain **two** advantages to the end user of having a thermochromic panel in an oven door.

(Total for Question 5 = 9 marks)	
2	
1	

(4)

- **6** 1JQ Engineering manufactures and supplies standard and one-off engineered products for use in the marine sector.
 - (a) 1JQ Engineering manufactures chains for use with anchors.



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(i) The chains are manufactured from ferrous metals.

١	lame	one forn	n of si	upply tha	t would	be used	to man	ufacture	chains.

(1)

(ii) The chains are tempered as part of the manufacturing process.

Explain **one** advantage of tempering chains.

(2)



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	(Total for Question 6 = 7 n	narks)
∠		
2		
1		
1		(4)
	Explain two advantages of adding additional fibre reinforcement to the composite materials that are used to manufacture the sonar masts.	(4)
(D)) 1JQ Engineering produces customised sonar masts for racing yachts. The sonar masts are manufactured from composite materials.	
(la) 110 Engineering produces gustemized soner mosts for reging weeks. The soner	

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7	DT8 Engineering manufactures smartphones for a number of telecommunications companies. DT8 Engineering is aware that there are environmental considerations related to the life cycle of smartphones.
	DT8 Engineering has analysed the materials used in its product range, and has identified the average material contents of its smartphones as:
	• Non-ferrous metals – 24%
	• Polymers – 23%
	• Ferrous metals – 21%
	• Others – 32%
	Discuss the implications of a smartphone being made from a large range of materials when it reaches the end of its life cycle.

(Total for Question 7 = 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 50 MARKS





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