| Surname | Other names |
|--|-----------------------------|
| | |
| Centre Number | Learner Registration Number |
| Pearson BTEC Level 1/Level 2 First Certificate | |
| Children's Play | , Learning |
| and Developm Unit 4: Promoting Children's | |
| | |

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and learner registration number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

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Answer ALL questions.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an

| | a | nsv | ver, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes . |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| 1 | Whi | ich (| one of these is an example of attention-seeking behaviour? |
| | X | Α | Head-banging |
| | × | В | Answering back |
| | × | C | Throwing objects |
| | \times | D | Name calling |
| _ | | | (Total for Question 1 = 1 mark) |
| 2 | | | ehaviour may children show if they do not have consistent and positive ships with adults? |
| | × | Α | Intolerance |
| | X | В | Frustration |
| | X | C | Irritability |
| | × | D | Withdrawal |
| _ | | | (Total for Question 2 = 1 mark) |
| 3 | | • | ould children's unwanted behaviour be reported to other practitioners within ing? |
| | × | A | To ensure children receive support |
| | X | В | To apply appropriate sanctions |
| | × | C | To use a negative approach |
| | × | D | To distract children's attention |
| _ | | | (Total for Question 3 = 1 mark) |
| 4 | Why | v sh | ould adults respond consistently to children's behaviour? |
| . | × · · · · | | To help prevent confusion |
| | | | To excide every stimulation |

To avoid over-stimulation

To support their wellbeing X

D To use appropriate strategies

(Total for Question 4 = 1 mark)



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| 5 | (a) State who developed the 'operant conditioning' theory. | (1) |
|----------|---|--------|
| | (b) Outline the 'operant conditioning' theory. | (2) |
| | | |
| | (c) Describe one way adults in an early years setting could use the 'operant conditioning' theory to support the positive behaviour of children. | (2) |
| | | |
| | | |
| _ | (Total for Question 5 = 5 n | narks) |
| 6 | Give two ways adults can encourage children to value and respect others. | |
| 2 | | |
| _ | (Total for Question 6 = 2 n | narks) |
| | | |
| | | |



| 7 | Whic | :h t \ | wo of the following help children to meet expectations for their behaviour? | |
|----|--------------|---------------|---|---------------------------|
| | × | Α | Discussing the reasons for rules | DO |
| | × | В | Being responsible for tasks | TON |
| | X | C | Reminding them of the boundaries | NOT WRITE |
| | × | D | Ensuring adults apply the policies | |
| | X | E | Keeping parents informed | ZHE |
| | | | (Total for Question 7 = 2 marks) | IN THIS AREA |
| 8 | Give | one | way adults in an early years setting can encourage children to make choices. | A |
| | | | (Total for Question 8 = 1 mark) | DQ. |
| 9 | Idon | tify, | two ways lack of sleep can affect children's behaviour. | ONO |
| 1 | iuen | шу | two ways lack of sleep can affect childrens behaviour. | TWR |
| Ι | | | | |
| 2 | | | (Total for Overtion 0 – 2 marks) | DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA |
| _ | | | (Total for Question 9 = 2 marks) | ARR |
| 10 | Desc beha | | e one way Maslow's hierarchy of needs theory can be applied to children's our. | A |
| | 50110 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | DO |
| | | | | TON |
| | | | (Total for Question 10 = 2 marks) | VRIT |
| | | | | N. |
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| | | | | ARE |
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| 1 Describe how two biological factors may affect children's behaviour. | |
|---|-------|
| Describe now two biological factors may affect emilaters behaviour. | |
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| | |
| (Total for Question 11 = 4 ma | arks) |
| 2 Explain one way adults could deal with unwanted behaviour shown by a two-year-old child in an early years setting. | |
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| | |
| | |
| (Total for Question 12 = 2 ma | arks) |
| Describe how the 'key person' approach supports positive behaviour in an early years setting. | |
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| (Total for Question 13 = 2 ma | arks) |
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| 14 Rachel is five years old and attends an after school club. | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Discuss how adults at the after school club can use social le Rachel's positive behaviour. | earning theory to promote |
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| | tal fan Owastian 14 Our - Jan |
| (To | tal for Question 14 = 8 marks) |

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| ć | an early years setting. |
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| | |
| | (Total for Question 15 = 2 marks) |
| | Two children aged four are arguing over whose turn it is to go on the scooter. |
| | Explain two ways in which adults in the setting could support the children to resolve |
| t | chis conflict. |
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| | (Total for Question 16 = 4 marks) |
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| 17 | A group of three-year-old children in an early years setting are under-stimulated. Explain one possible effect on their behaviour. | |
|----|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | (Total for Question 17 = 2 marks) | |

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| Whiteside Nursery is expanding its provision | on to include two-year-old children. |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Discuss approaches the adults in the settin behaviour of the two-year-old children. | g could use to support the positive |
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| | (Total for Question 18 = 8 marks) |
| | TOTAL FOR PAPER = 50 MARKS |



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