The Universities of Melbourne, Adelaide, Western Australia and Tasmania, the Minister of Education and Training in New South Wales and the Minister for Education in Queensland.

SPEECH AND PERFORMANCE THEORY

Time allowed: 45 minutes

	FIRST GRADE	
9.30 a.m. to 10.15 a.m.		Thursday, 9th May, 2002

NB: The candidate's written expression will be taken into consideration. The paper may be written in 2B pencil.

Australian Music

QUESTION 1

(b)

Read the following poem and then complete the **four** tasks.

Text - Flying by J.K. Westrup in The children's book of poems, prayers and meditations (London: Element Children's Books, 1998) 92

(a)		(10 marks)
	On the above text, mark the places you would pause when reading it aloud, so the meaning of the poem is communicated.	
	Use to indicate each pause.	

Explain why you would pause where you have used . Deal with two examples.	ŕ
	•••••
	•••••
	•••••

(10 marks)

QUESTION 1 (continued)

(c)		w would you emphasise the word "frosty" as it bears in the poem?	(5 marks)
(d)	(i)	Select two other words you would emphasise to help convey meaning. List them here:	(3 marks)
	(ii)	1	(12 marks)

QUESTION 2

(a)	(i)	Using the Phonetic Symbols Chart as a reference (see last punderline the pure vowel sounds (monophthongs) heard in following words when they are spoken aloud and indicate phonetic symbol for each.			the
		e.g.	st <u>a</u> mp		
			bump		
			stool		
			bath		
			nurse		
			pick		
	(ii)	wor	ds when	e consonant sounds heard in the following they are spoken aloud and indicate the abol for each.	(10 marks)
		-	hi <u>ss</u>	S	
		J	row		
			each		
			Z00		
			Anne		
			cow		

QUESTION 2 (continued)

(b		Mark the stressed syllable in the following words heard when they are spoken aloud.			
		e.g.	toilet		
			jumper		
			giraffe		
			travel		
			finish		
			occur		
(c		heaı	d when t	ne instances where the neutral vowel is the following sentence is spoken aloud. The appropriate syllable.)	(10 marks)
			You can	never see the stars on a cloudy night.	
QUES	TI	ON	3		
Re	ead	l the	followin	g poem and then answer the three questions in ser	itences.
			ן	Text – The parrot by G. Nichols in Earthways Earthwise (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1993) 12-13	
(a	ı)	(i)	Who is the	he character in the poem?	(1 mark)
	((ii)		the character communicating to the audience?	(4 marks)

QUESTION 3 (continued)

	(iii)	Do you think the audience learns something from the poem?	(1 mark)
	(iv)	If your answer is "yes", discuss what you think the audience learns.	(4 marks)
(b)	(i)	Select two words and/or phrases that indicate the feelings of the character speaking.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Explain what feeling each word or phrase suggests.	(6 marks)
	(iii)	What does the character feel as the last line is spoken?	(2 marks)

PHONETIC SYMBOLS CHART

(a)	Pure vowels (monopli i as in 'peat' I as in 'pit' E as in 'pet' æ as in 'pat' a as in 'part' b as in 'pot' A as in 'but' b as in 'port'	hthongs) /pit/ /pit/ /pet/ /pæt/ /pat/ /pot/ /bʌt/ /pot/	u as in 'put' u as in 'pool' 3 as in 'pert' 5 as in 'apart'	/put/ /pul/ /pɜt/ /ə ^l pat/
(b)	Diphthongs at as in 'buy' et as in 'bay' of as in 'boy' at as in 'how'	/baɪ/ /beɪ/ /bɔɪ/ /hau/	ou as in 'hoe' 19 as in 'here' 29 as in 'hair' U9 as in 'tour'	/hou/ /hɪə/ /hɛə/ /tuə/
(c)	Consonants p as in 'pet' b as in 'bet' t as in 'tale' d as in 'dale' k as in 'came' g as in 'game'	/pɛt/ /bɛt/ /teɪl/ /deɪl/ /keɪm/ /geɪm/	t∫ as in 'choke' dʒ as in 'joke' m as in 'mile'	/t∫ouk/ /dʒouk/
	f as in 'fine' v as in 'vine' θ as in 'thin' ð as in 'then'	/faɪn/ /vaɪn/ /θɪn/ /ðɛn/	n as in 'neat' ŋ as in 'sing'	/nit/ /siŋ/
	s as in 'seal' z as in 'zeal' ∫ as in 'show'	/sil/ /zil/ /∫ou/	j as in 'you' w as in 'woo'	/ju/ /wu/
	3 as in 'measure' h as in 'heat' r as in 'rain'	/ megə/ /hit/ /reɪn/	l as in 'last'	/last/
(d)	Stress Primary stress: las in	clatter	/ˈklætə/	