

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

Level 3 Certificate and Extended Certificate in Applied Science

SCIENCE IN THE MODERN WORLD

Unit Number: ASC3

Monday 26 June 2017

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- A clean copy of pre-released **Sources A, B, C and D**.
- A calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- You will be provided with copies of pre-released **Sources A, B, C and D**.
- There are two sections in this paper – Section A and Section B.
- You should answer all questions in each section.
- You should spend approximately 1 hour on Section A and 30 minutes on Section B.
- The marks for questions are in brackets.

Advice

Read each question carefully.

For Examiner's Use	
Examiner's Initials	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
TOTAL	



0 2 . 2

Suggest **three** reasons why **Source B** includes a case study about someone who had suffered a heart attack.

[3 marks]

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

0 2 . 3

In **Source B**, Dr Gale refers to the importance of all healthcare professionals recognising the symptoms of heart attacks.

Explain why it is important that nurses and paramedics recognise the symptoms of heart attacks in both women and men.

[2 marks]

Turn over ►



0 3

Source C summarises a **nine-year study** into heart attacks.

0 3 . 1

Use the results from **page 7 Source C** to calculate the average number of women treated for heart attacks each year.

[3 marks]

0 3 . 2

Source B is a newspaper article. **Source B** is based on the research paper **Source C**.

Give **three** differences between newspaper articles and research papers.

[3 marks]

Difference 1 _____

Difference 2 _____

Difference 3 _____



0 4

The research described in **Source C** is an example of a cohort study. A cohort study follows a group of people over a period of time and measures their health outcomes, such as heart disease.

Suggest why a cohort study is used to study illnesses like heart disease.

[2 marks]

0 5

In the section 'Study variables' in **Source C (page 7)**, the researchers list the factors that they considered when analysing their data.

0 5 . 1

Explain why it was important for the researchers to take factors like these into account when studying heart disease.

[2 marks]

0 5 . 2

Identify **one** factor included in the study variables and explain its importance

[2 marks]

Turn over ►



0 6

One risk factor for heart disease is smoking. What percentage of participants in **Source C** were smokers (prior or current).

[1 mark]

0 7

Source A was published by the British Heart Foundation (BHF). The BHF funds cardiovascular research and also provide advice to people about heart disease. The BHF does **not** accept funding from, or work in partnership with, tobacco companies or medical device companies.

Suggest why the BHF does **not** accept funding from tobacco companies.

[2 marks]

0 8

Give **one** example of a medical device that might be used to treat cardiovascular disease.

[1 mark]



41

Turn over for Section B

Turn over ▶



Section B

Answer **all** questions in this section

1 2

Table 1 shows the amount of funding spent in 2008 and 2012 on medical research into three different types of disease. The amount of funding spent by charities and government is given in thousands of pounds.

Table 1

	Research funding 2008 (× £1000)			Research funding 2012 (× £1000)		
	Charity	Government	Total	Charity	Government	Total
Cancer	323 771	266 640	590 411	387 414	156 640	544 055
Heart disease	85 031	84 229	169 260	91 486	74 699	166 185
Dementia	13 913	36 331	50 244	16 637	73 481	90 118

1 2 . 1

Describe the changes in funding between 2008 and 2012 for heart disease research.

[2 marks]

1 2 . 2

Suggest why government funding for dementia almost doubled between 2008 and 2012.

[1 mark]



1	2	.	3
---	---	---	---

There were 2 254 000 cases of cancer in 2012. Calculate the amount of charity research funding spent for each case of cancer in 2012.

[2 marks]

1	2	.	4
---	---	---	---

Charity research funding may come from donations made by the public.

Suggest how newspaper reporting of diseases might affect the amount of money donated to different disease charities.

[3 marks]

Question 12 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



1	3
---	---

Research scientists and laboratory technicians are actively involved in medical research.

As part of their role, research laboratory technicians carry out **qualitative** and **quantitative** analysis.

What is meant by these two terms?

Qualitative

[2 marks]

Quantitative

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



1	4
---	---

Many science personnel are involved in the development and testing of new drugs. Suggest **one** role that each of these people might play in the development and testing of new drugs

[3 marks]

Pharmacologist

Animal technician

Chemist

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END OF QUESTIONS



There are no questions printed on this page

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