



Level 3 Certificate

Mathematical Studies

1350/2B - Paper 2B - Critical path and risk analysis

Final Mark scheme

1350

June 2018

Version/Stage: v1.0

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Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1a	71.5	B1	
Additional Guidance			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1b	<p><u>Graph 1: EU immigration in the UK</u></p> <p>Identify 'm' as millions or state what 'm' means</p> <p>Reposition 'm'</p> <p>Use grid/graph paper to enable more accurate readings</p> <p>Extend the all curves to 2045/ same point</p> <p>Add a broken axis</p> <p>Add a line for high net migration</p> <p>The starting point for each line should be the same</p> <p><u>Graph 2: Brexit's impact on the pound</u></p> <p>Use a key</p> <p>Indicate what 'NIESR' or 'OECD' stands for</p> <p>Use lines/points rather than bars</p> <p>Switch or remove the higher and lower labels</p> <p>Add more organisations</p> <p>Add space between each column</p> <p>Add (horizontal) grid lines</p> <p>Make it clear which currency they are comparing with</p>	E4	<p>E1 for each valid improvement with a maximum of E2 for each graph</p> <p>Ignore any additional but incorrect suggestions</p> <p>Not label the axes</p> <p>Not make lines distinct from each other</p> <p>Not define 'high' or 'low'</p> <p>Not make a bar chart</p> <p>SC1 (two errors identified but no suggestions for improvement)</p> <p>SC2 (three errors identified but no suggestions for improvement)</p> <p>eg. Don't know what 'm' stands for, line not extended to 2045 etc</p>
Additional Guidance			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1c	Alternative method 1		
	14 600 000 000 ÷ 52 or $1.46 \times 10^{10} \div 52$ or $14.6 \div 52$ or [280 000 000, 281 000 000]	M1	oe
	[280 000 000, 281 000 000] and No	A1	oe SC1 $14\,600\,000\,000 \div 48 = 304\text{million}$ and No
	Alternative method 2		
	350 000 000 × 52 or $3.5 \times 10^8 \times 52$ or [18 000 000 000, 18 300 000 000]	M1	oe
	[18 000 000 000, 18 300 000 000] and No	A1	oe SC1 $350\,000\,000 \times 48 = 16.8\text{billion}$ and No
	Alternative method 3		
	14.6billion ÷ 350million	M1	
	41.7 weeks and No or 41.7 and 52 and No	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	For use of [48, 52) use SC1 rule		
	Use of $365 \div 7$ or $365.25 \div 7$ in place of 52 is correct		
	Allow use of words such as million/billion or standard form rather than full ordinary figures		
	'Exaggeration' implies No		
For final answer, allow self-correction			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1d	Tim Alternative method 1		
	(46 500 001 – 33 577 342) ÷ 46 500 001 or 12 922 659 ÷ 46 500 001 or 0.278 or 33 577 342 ÷ 46 500 001 or 0.72	M1	oe Condone interchange of 33 577 342 with 33 551 983 accept [0.26, 0.285] or [27, 28]% accept [0.715, 0.74] or [71.5, 74]%
	0.278 or 27.8(%) and No or 72 and 80 and No	A1	accept [0.27, 0.28] or [27, 28]% accept [71.5, 74]%
	Tim Alternative method 2		
	0.2 × 46 500 001 or 9 300 000 and 46 500 001 – 33 577 342	M1	accept [9 200 000, 9 400 000] accept [46 000 000, 13 000 000] Condone interchange of 33 577 342 with 33 551 983
	9 300 000 and 12 922 659 and No	A1	
	Kelly Alternative method 1		
	16 141 241 ÷ 12 or 1 345 103 and 17 410 742 ÷ 1 345 103 or 12.9(...)	M1	allow reverse order
	12.9(...) and Yes or 12.0(...) and Yes	A1	
	Kelly Alternative method 2		
	16 141 241 ÷ 17 410 742 or [0.925,0.928] or 12 ÷ 13 or 0.923	M1	allow reverse order
	[0.925,0.928] and 0.923 and Yes	A1	

Kelly			
Alternative method 3			
33 551 983 ÷ 25 × 12 or 16 104 951.(84) or 33 551 983 ÷ 25 × 13 or 17 447 031.(16)	M1	Condone interchange of 33 577 342 with 33 551 983	
16 104 951 and 17 447 031 and Yes	A1		
Kelly			
Alternative method 4			
12 ÷ 25 or 0.48 or 13 ÷ 25 or 0.52	M1	oe	
0.48 and 0.52 and Yes	A1	oe	
Kelly			
Alternative method 5			
16 141 241 ÷ 12 or 1 345 103 and 17 410 742 ÷ 13 or 1 339 288	M1		
1 345 103 and 1 339 288 and Yes	A1		
Larissa			
2 000 000 + 16 141 241 or 18 141 241 or 2 000 000 + 33 577 342 or 35 577 342 or 2 000 000 + 33 551 983 or 35 551 983	M1	Condone interchange of 33 577 342 with 33 551 983	
18 141 241 ÷ 35 577 342 (×100)	18 141 241 ÷ 35 551 983 (×100)	M1	oe Condone interchange of 33 577 342 with 33 551 983
0.509(...) or 0.51 and No (from using 35 577 342)	0.5102(...) or 0.5103 and Yes (from using 35 551 983)	A1	oe A1 for the correct answer and statement SC1 for 54.(...)%
Additional Guidance			
Be careful not all possible alternatives are shown for this question.			
Any fully correct method gains full marks.			
Condone interchange of 33 577 342 with 33 551 983			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2	Alternative method 1 – Euros		
	1.08 ÷ 0.9 or 1.2	M1	
	17 000 × their 1.2 or 20 400	M1	Allow 1.08 or 1.188 or 1.19 in place of 1.2 to obtain 18 360 or 20 196 or 20 230
	253 000 × 1.125 or 284 625	M1	oe
	their 284 625 × 1.08 or 307 395	M1	oe
	their 20 400 + 307 395 or 20 400 + their 307 395 or 327 795	M1	
	327 795 and Yes	A1	SC4 for 325 755 or 327 591 or 327 625
	Alternative method 2– Pounds		
	1.08 ÷ 0.9 or 1.2	M1	
	17 000 × their 1.2 or 20 400	M1	Allow 1.08 or 1.188 or 1.19 in place of 1.2 to obtain 18 360 or 20 196 or 20 230
	253 000 × 1.125 or 284 625	M1	oe
	their 20 400 ÷ 1.08 or 18 888.(89) or 327 500 ÷ 1.08 or 303 240.(74)	M1	oe
	their 18 888.(89) + 284 625 or 18 888.(89) + their 284 625 or 303 513.(89)	M1	
	303 513.(89) and 303 240.(74) and Yes	A1	SC4 for 301 625 or 303 325 or 303 356.(4815)
	Additional Guidance		
Alternative 2: Method of 17 000 ÷ 0.9 (=18 888.89) scores the 1 st M1, 2 nd M1 and 4 th M1			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
3(a)	91 or 179 seen	M1	oe
	91/179	A1	or 0.51 or 0.508

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
3(b)	Office B	B1	
	A higher proportion of people walk or a lower proportion of people go by car or More people walk and fewer go by car	E1	Or other sensible reason “More people walk and cycle” is not sufficient.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4(a)	$P(D S) = P(D)$ ($= \frac{3}{4}$) or The probabilities on the second branches are the same: having a smart TV has not changed the probability of having a dishwasher or $P(D \cap S) = \frac{3}{10}$ and $P(D) \times P(S) = \frac{3}{10}$	E1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4(b)(i)	$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 1220$	M1	oe
	183	A1	Accept 180 with working

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4(b)(ii)	Assumption that the students in Hugo’s survey are representative of the students in the school as a whole	E1	Or other reasonable answer

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(a)(i)			
	All letters correct	B1	
	All durations correct	B1	
	Forward pass correct	B1	
	Backward pass correct	B1	Value at E can be 19 or 20

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(a)(ii)	ADFH	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(a)(iii)			Auto-marked

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(a)(iv)	2 + 7 + 8 + 3 + 3 + 2 or 1 extra day	M1	
	25 (days)	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(b)(i)			
	B and C correct (ignore floats)	B1	
	D, E correct (ignore floats)	B1	
	F, G, H correct (ignore floats)	B1	
	Correct float for D or E	B1	
	Correct float for D and E and no extras	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(b)(ii)	13 days	B1ft	Follow through a non-zero float from (b)(i)

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(a)	0.68×0.80 or 0.544	M1	
	0.32×0.49 or 0.1568	M1	
	0.7008 or 0.701	A1	Accept 0.7(0) with working
Guidance			
Candidates may use a tree diagram			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(b)	3500 or 3504 or 3505	B1ft	Ft their answer to 6(a)

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(c)	0.66×0.75 or 0.495 or $(1 - 0.66)x$	M1	
	$(1 - 0.66)x + 0.495$ (=0.69)	M1	
	their $0.34x = 0.195$ or $x = 0.5735 \dots$ or $x = 0.574$	M1	
	$(x =)0.57$	A1	Must be to 2 sig. fig.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
7 (a)	2×3000 or 6000 or 12×3000 or 36 000	B1	For working out cost of option C, either for 12 weeks or final two weeks
	0.4×0.9 or 0.36	B1	For working out the probability of a one week delay
	0.4×0.1 or $(0.4 - 0.36)$ or 0.04	B1	For working out the probability of a two week delay
	0.36×9000 or 0.04×18000 or 0.40×9000 or 0.36×39000 or 0.04×48000 or 0.04×42000 or 0.4×39000 or 0.04×9000	M1	For working out the (extra) cost of 11 weeks or 12 weeks
	$0.36 \times 9000 + 0.04 \times 18000$ or $0.4 \times 9000 + 0.04 \times 9000$ or 3960 or $10 \times 3000 + 0.36 \times 9000 +$ 0.04×18000 or $10 \times 3000 + 0.4 \times 9000 + 0.04 \times 9000$ or $0.6 \times 30000 + 0.36 \times 39000$ $+ 0.04 \times 48000$ or $0.6 \times 30000 + 0.4 \times 39000$ $+ 0.04 \times 9000$ or 33960	M1	For valid method to work out the expected cost of option A, either for 12 weeks or final two weeks
	$3000 + 0.04 \times 9000$ or 3 360 or $33000 + 0.04 \times 9000$ or $0.6 \times 33000 + 0.36 \times 33000 + 0.04 \times 42000$ or 33 360	M1	For valid method to work out the expected cost of option B, either for 12 weeks or final two weeks

	(Option A) £33 960 or £3960 and (Option B) £33 360 or £3360 and (Option C) £36 000 or £6000	A1	
	Recommends Option B after using probabilities to find expected values	E1	Follow through Option A or Option C if consistent with their expected values

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
7 (b)	(£640 × 5 =) £3200	B1	Cost of additional worker for five weeks
	Comparison of £3200 with their £3360 or £33 200 with their £33 360 and Yes, they should employ the extra worker.	E1 ft	Follow through correct conclusion based on their comparison