

Victorian Certificate of Education

ACCOUNTING

Written examination 2

Thursday 7 November 2002

Reading time: 11.45 am to 12.00 noon (15 minutes)
Writing time: 12.00 noon to 1.30 pm (1 hour 30 minutes)

QUESTION BOOK

Structure of book

Number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Number of marks
3	3	60

- Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners, rulers, an approved graphics calculator (memory cleared) and/or one scientific calculator.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or white out liquid/tape.

Materials supplied

- Question book of 11 pages.
- Answer book of 10 pages.

Instructions

- Write your **student number** in the space provided on the front cover of the answer book.
- All written responses must be in English.

At the end of the examination

• You may keep this question book.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other electronic communication devices into the examination room.

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3 ACCNT EXAM 2A

Question 1

The Happy Camper

The Happy Camper is a sole trader business that supplies retail camping shops with camping supplies and equipment. The business uses the perpetual inventory system. Items sold by The Happy Camper are marked up by 50% on cost price, to determine the selling price.

At 31 October 2002 the following debtors schedule was prepared.

Debtor	\$
Mt Buller Supplies	2 900
Mountain Range Gear	2 000
Outdoors Australia	<u>600</u>
Balance per Debtors Control	<u>5 500</u> (Dr)

On 30 November 2002 all transactions for November have been entered into the relevant journals except for the following two documents, which have been forgotten.

Document 1

Invoice No	o: 28

THE HAPPY CAMPER

Date: 12 November 2002 Charge to: Mountain Range Gear

For: Camping stools

Quantity: 60 stools at \$20 each

Amount: \$1 200

Document 2

Credit Note No: 12

THE HAPPY CAMPER

Date: 17 November 2002

Debtor: Mountain Range Gear

Allowance For: *Faulty stitching*Quantity: 20 stools at \$5 each

Amount: \$100

Required

1.1 Record the information from the above two documents into the appropriate journals of The Happy Camper. Total the journals where appropriate. (Narrations are not required.)

Required

1.2 Complete and balance the Debtors Control Account in the General Ledger at 30 November 2002 after posting the journal entries completed in your answer to **1.1 and** from the journals provided below.

3 marks

CASH RECEIPTS JOURNAL

CRJ1

Date 2002	Particulars	Rec. No.	Bank \$	Sales \$	Cost of Sales	Debtors \$	Disc. Allow.	Sundries \$
30 Nov	Totals		3 350	2 400	1 600	1 000	50	ı

GENERAL JOURNAL

GJ1

Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
2002		\$	\$
30 Nov	Bad Debt Expense	600	
	Debtors Control – Outdoors Australia		600
	Debtor written off		

The Happy Camper maintains a Debtors Subsidiary Ledger in addition to the Debtors Control Account in the General Ledger.

Required

1.3 Identify two benefits of maintaining both sets of records.

2 marks

Discount Allowed is treated as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement of The Happy Camper.

Required

1.4 Explain why Discount Allowed is treated as an expense.

2 marks

At 30 June 2003 Mt Buller Supplies owes \$2 000 to The Happy Camper. The Happy Camper also owes Mt Buller Supplies \$500 for a previous business transaction. The owner asks the accountant to settle this debt by contra.

Required

1.5 Prepare the General Journal Entry required to settle the debt. (A narration is required.)

1.6 On 1 October 2000 The Happy Camper purchased a delivery truck for \$32 000. It was expected to have a useful life of five years and a residual/scrap value of \$7 000. Depreciation is charged using the diminishing balance method at the rate of 25% per annum. The truck was traded in on 30 June 2003 for a new truck costing \$45 000. The trade-in value was \$12 000. Balance day for The Happy Camper is 30 June, each year.

5

Required

1.6.1 Calculate the balance of the Accumulated Depreciation (truck) account as at 30 June 2003. (Show all workings.)

2 marks

1.6.2 Complete the Disposal of Truck ledger account as at 30 June 2003.

3 marks

At 30 June 2003 land appears in the Balance Sheet of The Happy Camper at its historical cost of \$100 000. The owner has been told that the land should be reported at its current market value of \$80 000.

Required

1.7 State one accounting principle or concept which would support the business revaluing the land to its current market value. **Justify** your answer.

2 marks

Total 18 marks

ACCNT EXAM 2A 6

Question 2

Soap n Suds sells a range of dishwashers to the public. The business uses the perpetual inventory method for the recording of stock. The following information is a summary of the year's operations.

Soap n Suds Profit and Loss Statement for the Year Ended 31 December 2001

 \$

 Sales
 800 000

 less Cost of Goods Sold
 500 000

 Gross Profit
 300 000

 less Operating Expenses
 190 000

 Net Profit/(Loss)
 110 000

Soap n Suds Balance Sheets as at:	31 December 2000	31 December 2001
Current Assets	\$	\$
Bank	45 000	_
Stock	80 000	65 000
Debtors	35 000	34 000
Prepaid Expenses	_	3 500
Non-Current Assets		
Land	_	70 000
Truck	65 000	100 000
Less Accumulated Depreciation – Truck	(12 000)	(16 000)
Total Assets	213 000	256 500
Current Liabilities		
Bank	_	20 500
Creditors	45 000	32 000
Accrued Expenses	_	1 000
Non-Current Liabilities		
Loan	50 000	30 000
Owner's Equity		
Capital	118 000	173 000
Total Equities	213 000	256 500

Additional information

- Sales 70% cash.
 30% credit.
- All stock is purchased on credit.
- Bad Debts of \$2 000 have been written off during the year. This was included in the Operating Expense figure.
- The owner contributed \$15 000 cash during the year. Drawings included \$3 000 of stock.
- A truck was purchased on 1 July 2001 for \$35 000.

Required

2.1 Calculate the cash received from Debtors during the year. (Show all workings.)

2 marks

2.2 Calculate the cash paid to Creditors during the year. (Show all workings.)

3 marks

2.3 Calculate the cash paid for Operating Expenses during the year. (Show all workings.)

2 marks

2.4 Prepare a Statement of Cash Flows from Operations for Soap n Suds for the year ended 31 December 2001.

2 marks

2.5 State how the capital contribution of \$15 000 would be classified in the Cash Flow Statement. **Justify** your answer.

2 marks

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2.6 From 1 January 2002 Soap n Suds commenced a service department to install and repair dishwashers. The accountant has partly completed the Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31 December 2002.

Soap n Suds Profit and Loss Statement for the Year ended 31 December 2002

	Dishwasher Sales	Service Centre	Total
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Sales/Service Fees	900 000	100 000	1 000 000
Less Cost of Sales/Materials	<u>560 000</u>	<u>27 000</u>	<u>587 000</u>
Gross Profit/Margin on Service	340 000	73 000	413 000

The accountant has also examined details of the other expenses and prepared the following analysis.

Expense Item	Amount \$	Allocation Policy	Comment
Wages	180 000	60%D, 20%S, 20%U	Wage sheet analysis
Advertising	15 000	100%U	Advertising includes both departments – unable to separate
Occupancy	30 000	80%D, 10%S, 10%U	Proportion of floor space
Vehicle Expenses	14 000	30%D, 70%S	Log books
Office/Admin	16 000	100%U	Relates to whole business
Loss on Sale of Vehicle	6 000	100%D	Result of under depreciation

Note: D = Dishwasher Sales Department expense

 $S = Service \ Centre \ expense$

U = Unallocated (Indirect) expense.

Required

- **2.6.1** Complete the Profit and Loss Statement to show
 - i. the Contribution Margin for each department
 - ii. Net Profit

2 + 2 = 4 marks

2.6.2 The accountant has treated advertising as an unallocated (indirect) expense. **Explain** how this decision may affect the usefulness of the Contribution Margin as an indicator of departmental performance.

2 marks

2.6.3 Explain the accountant's comment that the Loss on Sale of Vehicle is the 'result of under depreciation'.

2 marks

Total 19 marks

Question 3

Mandy Jamieson owns and operates Office Essentials, a small business that sells office furniture. The business uses the perpetual inventory system and assigns cost to stock items using the First In First Out (FIFO) method. The Profit and Loss Statement (Budget, Actual and Variance) for the year ending 30 June 2002 is provided below. The Variance report has not yet been completed.

Office Essentials Profit and Loss Statement Year ended 30 June 2002

	Budget \$	Actual \$	Variance \$
Sales	450 000	470 000	20 000
Cost of Sales	<u>250 000</u>	<u>290 000</u>	40 000
Gross Margin on Sales	200 000	180 000	20 000
Stock Loss	<u>4 500</u>	<u>1 500</u>	3 000
Gross Profit	195 500	178 500	17 000
less Expenses			
Wages	55 000	49 000	6 000
Advertising	10 000	10 500	500
Rent	20 000	20 000	_
Office	8 000	7 000	1 000
Depreciation – Vehicle	<u>10 000</u>	<u>7 000</u>	3 000
Total expenses	103 000	93 500	9 500
Operating Profit	92 500	85 000	7 500
Other Revenue			
Profit on Sale of Vehicle	_	9 000	9 000
Net Profit	92 500	94 000	1 500

3.1 Refer to the Variance column in the Answer Book. **Mark** all Unfavourable Variances for the period with the letter 'U'.

2 marks

3.2 The owner is pleased that the business has exceeded budget expectations for the period. **Explain** one reason, from the information provided, why the owner should **not** be so pleased with the result.

- **3.3** In planning for the next year, the following estimates were made.
 - Sales to increase by \$40 000, over the 2002 Actual figure.
 - The Stock Loss is expected to be eliminated.
 - The Gross Profit margin (Gross Profit/Sales) will be 40%.
 - Wages are to be set at 10% of budgeted sales.
 - Advertising is expected to be 3% of budgeted sales.
 - A new vehicle will be purchased Depreciation Expense to be \$11 000.
 - Other expenses to remain the same as the 2002 Actual figures.
 - Surplus office space will be rented from 1 May 2003. Rent is to be set at \$1 000 per month, payable three months in advance. The first payment is expected to be received in April.

Required

3.3.1 Prepare a Budgeted Profit and Loss Statement for the Year ended 30 June 2003. No classification of expenses is required beyond Budgeted Gross Profit.

4 marks

3.3.2 Explain how this budget should be used by the business during the year.

2 marks

3.4 The business overdraft has increased over the last 12 months. The owner is concerned that the liquidity of the business is deteriorating. The accountant agrees, and provides the following additional information in support.

Working Capital Ratio

(Current Assets/Current Liabilities):1

Office Essentials		
30 June 2001	30 June 2002	
2.4:1	1.3:1	

Required

3.4.1 Explain why the decline in the working capital ratio may indicate a deterioration in the liquidity of Office Essentials.

2 marks

3.4.2 State one limitation of using the working capital ratio as an indicator of business liquidity.

1 mark

3.5 Following a stocktake at the end of July 2002, the following information was determined.

Stock Item	Quantity	Cost Price per unit	Estimated Selling Price per unit	Direct Selling Expenses per unit
		\$	\$	\$
A	400	25	50	0
В	100	16	9	3
C	2 000	8	12	1

3.5.1 It was decided that Stock Item B should be written down to reflect its net realisable value. **Prepare** the General Journal Entry to write down the value of stock on 31 July. (Narration is not required.)

2 marks

3.5.2 Calculate the appropriate value for stock on hand at 31 July. (Show all workings.)

2 marks

3.5.3 Explain your valuation of Stock Item A.

2 marks

During August 2002 the following stock movements for Stock Item A occurred.

- 7 August 100 units purchased at \$26 per unit.
- 19 August 450 units sold at \$50 per unit.
- 23 August 200 units purchased at \$30 per unit.
- 27 August owner took 2 units for own use.

A stocktake at 31 August 2002 revealed 240 units on hand.

3.5.4 Calculate the value of Stock Item A on hand at 31 August 2002 assuming the FIFO assignment of cost.

(Show all workings.)

2 marks

3.5.5 Prepare a statement to show the Gross Profit (adjusted) on Stock Item A for August 2002.

2 marks

Total 23 marks



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Figures						
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ACCOUNTING

Written examination 2

Thursday 7 November 2002

Reading time: 11.45 am to 12.00 noon (15 minutes)
Writing time: 12.00 noon to 1.30 pm (1 hour 30 minutes)

ANSWER BOOK

Instructions

- A question book is provided with this answer book.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided in this book.
- Write your **student number** in the space provided above on this page.
- Refer to **instructions** on the front cover of the question book.

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Question 1 – The Happy Camper

1.1 Extracts from Journals of The Happy Camper

CREDIT SALES JOURNAL

3

SJ1

Date 2002	Particulars	Invoice No.	Cost of Sales	Sales
			\$	\$
9 Nov	Outdoors Australia	27	2 000	3 000
	Total			

GENERAL JOURNAL

GJ1

Date 2002	Accounts	Debit \$	Credit \$

2 marks

1.2 General Ledger (extract only) of The Happy Camper

DEBTORS CONTROL

Date 2002	Particulars	Amount \$	Date 2002	Particulars	Amount \$
1 Nov	Balance				

3 marks

1.3

Benefit 1		
Benefit 2		

Explanation	

2 marks

1.5

GENERAL JOURNAL

Date 2003	Accounts	Debit \$	Credit \$
30 June			

2 marks

1.6.1

Calculation	
	<u> </u>
Total Accumulated Dep	preciation \$

2 marks

1.6.2 General Ledger (extract only) of The Happy Camper

DISPOSAL OF TRUCK

Date 2003	Particulars	Amount \$	Date 2003	Particulars	Amount \$
30 June			30 June		
		-			

3 marks

1.7

Accounting Principle or Concept	
Justification	

2 marks

Total 18 marks

Question 2 – Soap n Suds

1	1
1.	
	_

Calculation			
	1	Cash received from debtors	\$
			2 1

5

2 marks

2.2

Calculation		
	Cash paid to creditors \$	

3 marks

2.3

Cash paid for operating expenses	\$
	Cash paid for operating expenses

2 marks

2.4 Soap n Suds Cash Flow from Operations for Year Ended 31 December 2001

Inflows	
Outflows	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	

Classification	
Justification	

2 marks

2.6.1 Soap n Suds Profit and Loss Statement for Year Ended 31 December 2002

	Dishwasher Sales	Service Centre	Total
Sales/Service Fees	900 000	100 000	1 000 000
Less Cost of Sales/Materials	560 000	27 000	587 000
Gross Profit/Margin on Service	340 000	73 000	413 000
Contribution Margin			
Net Profit			

2 + 2 = 4 marks

2.6.2

Explanation		

2 marks

2.6.3

Explanation		

Question 3 – Office Essentials

3.1 Office Essentials Profit and Loss Statement for Year Ended 30 June 2002

	Budget	Actual	Variance	F/U*
Sales	450 000	470 000	20 000	
Cost of Sales	<u>250 000</u>	<u>290 000</u>	40 000	
Gross Margin on Sales	200 000	180 000	20 000	
Stock Loss	4 500	<u>1 500</u>	3 000	
Gross Profit	195 500	178 500	17 000	
less Expenses				
Wages	55 000	49 000	6 000	
Advertising	10 000	10 500	500	
Rent	20 000	20 000	_	
Office	8 000	7 000	1 000	
Depreciation – Vehicle	10 000	7 000	3 000	
Total Expenses	103 000	93 500	9 500	
Operating Profit	92 500	85 000	7 500	
Other Revenue				
Profit on Sale of Vehicle	_	9 000	9 000	
Net Profit	92 500	94 000	1 500	

 $[*]F = Favourable \quad U = Unfavourable$

2 marks

3.2

Explanation		

3.3.1 Office Essentials Budgeted Profit and Lo	ss Statement for Year Ended 30 June 2003	
Gross Profit		
Less Expenses		
Operating Profit		
Other Revenue		
Net Profit		
	4 ma	rks
3.3.2		
Explanation		
	2 ma	rks
3.4.1		
Explanation		
	2 ma	rks
3.4.2		
Limitation		

1 mark

3.5.1

GENERAL JOURNAL

9

Date 2002	Accounts	Debit \$	Credit \$
31 July			
		•	2

2 marks

		~
٦.	٦	. /

Calculation		
	Value of stock \$	

2 marks

3.5.3

Explanation			

2 marks

3.5.4

Calculation		
	Value of stock	\$

ACCNT EXAM 2B 10

3.5.5	Statement of Gross Profit	(adjusted) on Stock Item A for August 2002

\$	\$

2 marks

Total 23 marks