

General Certificate of Education

Biology 6811

Mark Scheme

2006 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Advanced Extension Award (AEA)

This Mark Scheme covers the Advanced Extension Award that AQA offers on behalf of all awarding bodies

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available to download from the AQA Website: www.aqa.org.uk
Copyright © 2006 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.
COPYRIGHT AQA retains the copyright on all its publications. However, registered centres for AQA are permitted to copy material from this booklet for their own internal use, with the following important exception: AQA cannot give permission to centres to photocopy any material that is acknowledged to a third party even for internal use within the centre.
Set and published by the Assessment and Qualifications Alliance.
The Assessment and Qualifications Alliance (AQA) is a company limited by guarantee registered in England and Wales 3644723 and a registered charity number 1073334. Registered address AQA, Devas Street, Manchester. M15 6EX. **Dr Michael Cresswell Director General**

AEA Biology

Question 1

(a)	Low	body temperature linked to low metabolic rate; metabolism linked to low food requirement when little available; body temperature results in lower temperature gradient/less heat lost;	2 max
(b)	preve High Assoc	utaneous storage/storage under skin important in insulation/insulator enting excessive heat loss; yield of energy compared to mass/compared to carbohydrate; ciated with high proportion of hydrogen/low proportion of oxygen; bolic water important as animal not drinking/compared to carbohydrate;	3 max
(c)		les heart to use lipid as respiratory substrate/for respiration/for ATP action;	1
(d)	(i)	Particles with less kinetic energy therefore slower diffusion; Membrane less fluid/molecules not moving so much; Slows movement of particles passing through phospholipids/bilayer/of small/fat-soluble molecules; ATP production limited; As rate of reaction of enzymes/respiration slows;	
		Limits rate of active transport;	4 max
	(ii)	Unsaturated fatty acids with double bonds; Produce 'kinks' in hydrocarbon chain; Leading to more open arrangement;	2 max
(e)		ced breathing leads to lower pO ₂ /oxygen concentration in alveoli/lungs; noglobin able to load more oxygen at low pO ₂ ;	2
(f)	(i)	Heat readily transferred to major blood vessels/heart/aorta and transferred to rest of body; Rapid warming of nervous system controlling many of the changes associated with arousal;	2
	(ii)	Supplies oxygen for respiration;	1
(g)	(i)	Reduced coenzymes/NAD source of hydrogen/electrons/protons; Electrons passed along series of electron acceptors; Energy used to transport H ⁺ ions/protons across inner membrane; Release energy to produce ATP as they pass through ATPase/stalked particles (in membrane);	3
	(ii)	Opens new channels in/forms another way for membrane/H ⁺ ions/ protons to return; Not associated with ATPase/do not produce ATP so all energy released as heat;	2

(h) Handling increases heart rate; Likely to stimulate arousal/thermogenesis/metabolic rate; Fat stores will be used up/(and) cannot be replenished; 3 Question 2 Ice- strain will compete with Ice+; (a) (i) Reducing number of Ice⁺; 2 Could colonise/affect weeds: (ii) Weeds would then be less susceptible to frost damage; (Increased) competition with crop plants; 3 (b) (i) Plants treated the same but sprayed only with carrier solution; 1 (ii) Enables a large range of numbers to be plotted/growth is exponential/ can plot both small and large numbers on the same scale; 1 (iii) The greater the SD, the greater the variation in the sample; Data unreliable: Greater the variation in sample size, the less likely it is that any differences are significant/cannot conclude that a difference exists between samples/more likely to be due to chance; 2 Accept valid explanations related to survival time or number e.g. (c) (i) relatively short survival time/survival only about 6 weeks (so not likely to spread); Period of investigation: (ii) Only sprayed in June/spring/not sprayed in winter; Damage only when there is frost/cold conditions/winter; Don't know whether bacteria grow in winter/rate of growth may be slow; Numbers: Large number of Ice-bacteria so could be effective; Overall low <u>percentage/relative</u> <u>population</u> of Ice- so may not be effective; Other points: Investigations on one crop/potatoes; 4 max (d) Ensures that bacteria are likely to be metabolically active; Relevant consequence of metabolic activity e.g. plasmid formation/conjugation; Larger number of bacteria will result from addition of nutrients; Increases likelihood of encounter (between recipients and donors); 2 max (e) Removes competitors so greater number of *Bacillus spp/* Any contact between species will be between these two and no others;

(f) Genes for antibiotic resistance on plasmids;

Reference to use of antibiotics taken orally favouring selection of resistant varieties;

Favourable conditions produced by nutrients/from digested food;

Warm conditions favour rapid multiplication;

Large population so greater probability of transfer;

3 max

(g) More plants closer to another variety, the more the opportunity for the transfer of pollen;

1

(h) Maize grown in large fields so less "contact" with other species; Herbicides likely to remove weeds growing among crop plants; Kale and cabbage same species so interbreed freely; Weeds different species to crop plants; Likely to be barriers to breeding so would be fewer hybrids; Heavy pollen (of kale/cabbage) may not spread far;

4 max

Sections C and **D General principles for marking questions in these sections**

Four skill areas will be marked: Biological content (C)

Scope of knowledge (S)

Relevance (R)

Quality of written communication (Q)

These skill areas will be marked independently of each other. Providing that there is sufficient evidence and the subject content is relevant to the question answered, it is possible for candidates to obtain maximum credit for skill areas S, R and Q even if they gain few marks for the biological content.

The following descriptors will form the basis for marking

Biological content (maximum 16 marks)

Mar k	Descriptor
16	Material accurate and of a high standard throughout, reflecting a comprehensive understanding of the principles involved, and a knowledge of factual detail fully in keeping with a programme of A-level study. In addition, a significant amount of the content involves material which indicates greater depth of study
14	
12	Some minor errors which detract from the overall accuracy. Content reflects understanding of the principles involved and a knowledge of factual detail fully in keeping with a programme of A-level study. In addition, occasional significant references to material which indicates a greater depth of study.
10	
8	Generally accurate and free from fundamental errors. Content reflects understanding of the principles involved and a knowledge of factual detail fully in keeping with a programme of A-level study. No significant reference to material which indicates a greater depth of study.
6	
4	Material largely superficial and either fails to reflect understanding of the principles involved or fails to show a knowledge of factual detail in keeping with a programme of A-level study. If greater depth of knowledge is demonstrated, then there are a number of fundamental inaccuracies. No indication of material which indicates a greater depth of study.
2	
0	Material superficial and inaccurate seldom reflecting the depth expected from a programme of A-level study.

Note: Only marks 0, 2, 4 etc are awarded. This limits the number of categories and improves consistency of marking

Marks intermediate between descriptors may be awarded.

Scope of knowledge (maximum 3 marks)

Mar	Descriptor	
k		
	A balanced account making reference to most if not all areas that might realistically	
	be covered in the relevant parts of an A-level course of study	
2	A number of aspects covered but a lack of balance. Some topics essential to	
	treatment at this level not covered.	
1	Unbalanced account with all or almost all material based on a single aspect	
0	Material mostly irrelevant	

Relevance (maximum 3 marks)

Mar	Descriptor
k	
3	All material presented is clearly related to the title. Allowance should be made for
	judicious use of introductory material
2	Material generally selected in support of the title but some of the main content of
	the essay is of marginal relevance.
1	Some attempt made to relate material to the title but considerable amounts largely
	irrelevant
0	Material entirely irrelevant or too limited in quantity to judge

Quality of written communication (maximum 3 marks)

Mar	Descriptor
k	
3	Material is organised and presented clearly and logically. Technical terminology
	has been used effectively and accurately throughout.
2	Most of the material is organised and presented clearly and logically. Technical
	terminology has usually been used effectively and accurately.
1	The essay generally poorly constructed and often fails to use an appropriate
	scientific style and terminology to express ideas.
0	Material entirely irrelevant or too limited in quantity to judge