

GCE

Travel and Tourism

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit G720: Unit 1 – Introducing Travel and Tourism

Mark Scheme for June 2011

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of pupils of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, OCR Nationals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by Examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

© OCR 2011

Any enquiries about publications should be addressed to:

OCR Publications PO Box 5050 Annesley NOTTINGHAM NG15 0DL

Telephone:0870 770 6622Facsimile:01223 552610E-mail:publications@ocr.org.uk

Question	Expected Answ	ver	Additional Guidance
 1(a) Identify each of the following: a preserved steam railway; an outdoor activity and field study centre; the first purpose-built factory shopping scheme in the country; an attraction with a guided tour. [4 marks] 	 One mark for ea four identificati East Some Charterhou Clark's Vill 	ach correct identification up to a maximum of ons. erset Railway (\checkmark). use Centre (\checkmark).	Compulsory annotation: ✓ X No other possible answers accepted.
[4*1] 1(b) Identify and describe three methods of transport to travel to Mendip. [6 marks] [1+1]*3		ach correct identification up to a maximum of tions, plus up to an additional one mark for eac otions.DescriptionPrivate car (\checkmark), most popular method of travel for tourists (\checkmark). Coach (\checkmark) – private tours or National Express (\checkmark). Bus (\checkmark) – public transport/scheduled service connections to Mendip towns (\checkmark).Train services to Bristol, Bath, Frome and Castle Cary (\checkmark).Airports at Bristol/Exeter (\checkmark). Airplane (\checkmark).Port at Bristol (\checkmark). Ferry/Cruise ship (\checkmark).	 h Compulsory annotation: ✓ X Be mindful of repetition (especially in description sections). Only credit method of transport by road once. If description contains method and examples/ description, can award two marks in that subsection.

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance	
1(c) Identify and explain two reasons why Mendip is an ideal area for short breaks. [4 marks] [1+1]*2	 One mark for each correct identification up to a maximum of two identifications, plus up to an additional one mark for each of two explanations. Historic towns (✓) places to look around/explore (✓). Numerous charming villages (✓) places to look around/explore (✓). Many visitor attractions (✓) things to do for all tastes (✓). Extensive choice of accommodation (✓) different places to stay for different customer requirements (✓). Easily reached (✓) by car/train/coach/air (✓). Bus connections to towns (✓) for those without own transport (✓). 	Compulsory annotation: ✓ X Be mindful of repetition (especially in explanation sections).	
1(d) Tourist Information Centres (TICSs) are located within the attractions of Clarks Village and Glastonbury Tribunal. Discuss the advantages to an attraction of having a TIC located within it. [8 marks] Levels	 Levels of response marking. 0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit. Level 1: [1-4 marks] Candidate identifies/describes some possible advantage(s) to an attraction of having a TIC located within it. Information may be in the form of a list of advantage(s). There is little or no attempt to discuss. The answer is basic and shows limited knowledge and understanding of concepts and principles with limited use of specialist vocabulary. Level 2: [5-8 marks] Candidate will show a clear understanding of the question and include detailed identification and explanation of the possible advantage(s) to an attraction of having a TIC located within it. Candidate effectively discusses a range of possible advantages to an attraction. There is sound and frequent evidence of thorough, detailed and accurate knowledge and understanding of concepts and principles using specialist vocabulary. 	Compulsory annotation L1 or L2 at end of response. Level 1: List of points – maximum 1 mark. Description – up to 2 marks. Explanation – up to 3 marks. Unsupported judgements/limited discussion – up to 4 marks. Level 2: Identification/description implied/assumed. Explanation/analysis/comparison of more than one point/both sides – 5 or 6 marks. An evaluation/judgement without overall conclusion/prioritisation – 7 marks. With overall supporting conclusion – 8 marks.	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	Indicative content:	
	 Attraction More footfall/visitors. Potential for secondary spend. Advertising attraction via TIC network. Economies of scale. Find out about the attraction that the TIC is in. 	
	Exemplar response: The attraction may get more visitors as it has a TIC this would lead to more revenue and perhaps repeat visits as people return to the TIC to get more info. Because of the great of attractions in Mendip, having a TIC at the attraction gives it a competitive edge over others thus increasing footfall, the potential for secondary spend and hence securing the future of the attraction (L2).	

Question	Expected Answer		Additional Guidance
2(a)	Up to two marks for de	escription.	Compulsory annotation: ✓ X
Describe what is meant by			
each of the following:			Vague response – maximum one mark.
 National Nature 	communities of plants/animals (✓) protects natural		
Reserve;		aged for nature conservation (\checkmark).	Example can be credited with second mark.
National Trust.	Looked after by E	nglish Nature (✓) Ebbor Gorge (✓).	
[4 marks]			
[2+2]	Up to two marks for de	escription.	
2(b) Identify and describe three different types of natural attraction in Mendip.	 Voluntary sector body (✓). Conservation charity (✓) membership organisation (✓) largest private landowner in country (✓) protects land and buildings (✓) preserves coast, hills, woodland (✓) Glastonbury Tor (✓). One mark for each correct identification up to a maximum of three identifications, plus up to an additional one mark for each of three descriptions. 		Compulsory annotation: ✓ X
[6 marks]	Identification of Description of natural attraction		Be mindful of repetition (especially in description
[1+1]*3	natural attraction	Description of natural attraction	sections).
	Mendip Hills (1)	Limestone hills (\checkmark).	
	Somerset Levels (✓)	Flat peat area (✓).	
	Ebbor Gorge (✓)	Woodland/limestone gorge (\checkmark).	
		Panoramic views (\checkmark)	
	Glastonbury Tor (✓)	Isolated hill (\checkmark).	
	Westhay Moor (✓)	Nature Reserve/unique wildlife (\checkmark).	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
2(c)	Levels of response marking.	Compulsory annotation L1, L2 or L3 at end of
Using the statistics in		response.
Document 2, draw valid	0 marks	
conclusions about visitor	No response or no response worthy of credit.	Level 1:
expenditure on food and drink		List – maximum 2 marks.
by those attending the	Level 1: [1-4 marks]	2 identifications of relevant statistics plus one
Glastonbury Festival.	Candidate identifies/describes statistics relating to visitor	description – 2 or 3 marks.
[12 marks]	expenditure on food and drink by those attending the	3 identifications of relevant statistics and
Levels	Glastonbury Festival. Information may be in the form of a list	unsupported judgement – 4 marks.
	of statistics. There is little or no attempt to evaluate. The	
	answer is basic and shows limited knowledge and	Level 2:
	understanding of concepts and principles with limited use of	No list – must be at least 'describe'.
	specialist vocabulary.	Description only of relevant statistics– 5 marks.
		Explanation/analysis of relevant statistic[s] – 6 or
	Level 2: [5-8 marks]	7 marks.
	Candidate describes a number of statistics relating to visitor	Evaluative comment (because means that)
	expenditure on food and drink by those attending the	– 8 marks.
	Glastonbury Festival. Candidate will show an understanding of	
	the question and include explanations of a number of statistics	Level 3:
	which may be evaluated with some success. The evaluation in	Must use £ and accurate statistics (000's) to
	the most part is accurate and relevant. The answer is relevant	reach this level.
	and accurate and shows reasonable knowledge and	Identification/description implied/assumed.
	understanding of concepts and principles with some use of	Explanation/analysis/comparison of more than
	specialist vocabulary.	one statistic/both sides – 9 or 10 marks.
		An evaluation/judgement without overall
	Level 3: [9-12 marks]	conclusion/prioritisation – 11 or 12 marks.
	Candidate will show a clear understanding of the question and	
	include detailed identification and explanation of the statistics	
	relating to visitor expenditure on food and drink by those	
	attending the Glastonbury Festival. Candidate effectively	
	evaluates a range of statistics. There is sound and frequent	
	evidence of thorough, detailed and accurate knowledge and	
	understanding of concepts and principles using specialist	
	vocabulary.	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	Indicative content:	
	Spend on site [per head]	
	• Standard ticket holder £129.19.	
	• Trader £83.96.	
	• Volunteer £87.09.	
	• Local £86.81.	
	Spend off site [per head]	
	Food and drink from shops/supermarket	
	Standard ticket holder £38.58.	
	• Trader £44.44.	
	Volunteer £38.80.	
	• Local £21.67.	
	Pubs/restaurants	
	• Standard ticket holder £5.43.	
	• Trader £4.31.	
	• Volunteer £2.54.	
	• Local £0.67.	
	Analysis to include such comments as:	
	• spend on site is considerably more than off site, as	
	people do not [always] leave the site during the festival;	
	 pubs and restaurants in the local area do not benefit 	
	[much] from the festival as very low expenditure.	
	Exemplar response:	
	Standard ticket holders spent £129.19 on food and drink on	
	site per head, £38.58 in shops and supermarkets off site and	
	only £5.43 in pubs/restaurants. More is spend on food and	
	drink on site as festival goers do not want to leave the site and	
	miss any of the performers many camp on site and would	
	have brought some of their own food and drink with them, with	

G720

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	only topping up from the local supermarket the festival organisers would not want to encourage expenditure off site, as the traders on site need to make money. Local residents on-site expenditure for food and drink was on average £86.81 each. This was less than the standard ticketholders and may be because local residents are more likely to return home to eat. The local residents off-site expenditure of £21.60 in shops and supermarkets and only 67p in pubs and restaurants is considerably lower due to their proximity to home (L3).	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
3(a) What is meant by each of	Up to two marks for meaning.	Compulsory annotation: ✓ X
the following termsseasonality;	 Variation in demand for products/services at different times of the year (✓) package hols have most demand in school hols 	Vague response – maximum one mark.
• secondary spend.	(✓).	Example can be credited with second mark.
[4 marks] [2+2]	 High demand in peak periods (✓). 	
	Up to two marks for meaning.	
	 Money spent by customers over and above cost of primary reasons for their visit (✓) money spent in café at a visitor attraction (✓). 	
3(b) Evaluate the role of Mendip	Levels of response marking.	Compulsory annotation L1 or L2 at end of response.
District Council in providing	0 marks	
support to tourism	No response or no response worthy of credit.	Level 1:
businesses.		List of points – maximum 1 mark.
[8 marks]	Level 1: [1-4 marks]	Description – up to 2 marks.
Levels	Candidate identifies/describes some possible ways in which	Explanation – up to 3 marks.
	Mendip District Council provides support to tourism businesses. Information may be in the form of a list of ways. There is little or no	Unsupported judgements/limited discussion – up to 4 marks.
	attempt to evaluate. The answer is basic and shows limited knowledge and understanding of concepts and principles with	Level 2:
	limited use of specialist vocabulary.	Identification/description implied/assumed. Explanation/analysis/comparison of more
	Level 2: [5-8 marks]	than one point/both sides – 5 or 6 marks.
	Candidate will show a clear understanding of the question and	An evaluation/judgement without overall
	include detailed identification and explanation of the possible ways	conclusion/prioritisation – 7 marks.
	in which Mendip District Council provides support to tourism businesses. Candidate effectively evaluates a range of possible	With overall supporting conclusion – 8 marks.
	ways. There is sound and frequent evidence of thorough, detailed and accurate knowledge and understanding of concepts and principles using specialist vocabulary.	

	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	 Expected Answer Indicative content: Paid advertising space for 'inspected' accommodation establishments/attractions. Produces annual tourism publications like 'Somerset - Jewel of the South West'. Opportunities for specialist marketing (e.g. themed promotions, short breaks, and overseas markets. 	Additional Guidance
	 Advice on setting up B&B business. Exemplar response: 	
	Council will give advice to local residents who are thinking of setting up B&Bs as have a dedicated tourism officer that has experience and knowledge in this area. The council will provide this support as they realise the benefit of tourism to the area and want to bring in more staying visitors. The DC also supports businesses by providing ad space in their annual tourism publication 'The Jewel of the South-west'. Business can pay for advertising space and hence promote themselves. This could lead to more visitors, higher revenue and increased profits (L2).	
3(c) Compare and contrast the products, facilities and	Levels of response marking. 0 marks	Compulsory annotation L1 or L2 at end of response.
services of Number Three Hotel and Glastonbury Travelodge.	No response or no response worthy of credit.	Level 1: List – maximum 2 marks. Description of products, facilities or services in
[10 marks] Levels	Candidate identifies products, facilities and services of Number Three Hotel and Glastonbury Travelodge.	relation to No 3 or Travelodge - up to 3 marks. Description of products, facilities or services in relation to both No 3 and Travelodge - up to 4 marks.
	Candidate compares and contrasts products, facilities and services of Number Three Hotel and Glastonbury Travelodge.	Comparison or contrast of products, facilities or services in relation to No 3 and Travelodge – 5 or 6 marks.

Expected Answer		Additional Guidance
	vices – Indicative content:	Level 2:
		Comparison and contrast of one area
Number Three Hotel	Glastonbury	(products facilities or services) in relation to No
	Travelodge	3 and Travelodge – 7 marks. Comparison and contrast of two areas
B&B.	Motel.	(products, facilities or services) in relation to
Town house in		No 3 and Travelodge – 8 marks.
Glastonbury.		Comparison and contrast of all areas (products
Secure car parking.		facilities and services) in relation to No 3 and
Continental breakfast.	Breakfast not included	Travelodge – 9 or 10 marks.
	in price/breakfast	
Cotor for on ocial diata	buffet. Drinks and snacks	Note: for 7 marks or more candidates
Cater for special diets.	vending.	need to use comparative (both, similar)
Individually designed	vending.	and contrasting (whereas, however, on
rooms [5].		the other hand, the only one to) language.
All en suite rooms.	En suite bathroom.	If candidate does not attempt to compare
Prices from £95 –	Saver rates	and contrast products, facilities and services
£130 per room.	£29/Flexible rate £46.	- cannot move beyond six marks.
Double and twin	King-size bed/family	
rooms.	rooms/cots.	
	Fast check in and no	
	need to check out.	
	Online best prices.	
	Can get wi-fi access.	
	No extras eg toiletries.	
TV.	Remote control colour	
Tea and coffee	TV. Tea and coffee	
making.	making.	
Gardens.		
Non Smoking.	Non Smoking.	
	,]	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	Exemplar response:	
	Number Three Hotel and Glastonbury Travelodge are both types of accommodation within Glastonbury city. The Number Three Hotel is a quaint hotel in Glastonbury, which offers unique and peaceful accommodation, the hotel is right next to one of Glastonbury's historic attractions; Glastonbury Abbey. So also offers scenic views with a garden. The hotel offers services such as; an included continental breakfast and security parking for visitors with cars. Whereas Glastonbury's Travelodge is a very different and more modern type of accommodation, with other ten rooms available whereas Number Three only offers five and based in an urban location the Travelodge has a more busy atmosphere. With cheaper but more standard rooms available then Number Three (£29-£46 compared to £95-£130). However, this Travelodge offers Wi-Fi access which Number Three doesn't, meaning it will attract more business people and short stay visitors, but whereas Number Three includes breakfast, Travelodge offer a full English breakfast but at an extra cost, as the restaurant is a different business whinh the Travelodge. Rooms in both Number Three and Travelodge offer bathrooms, televisions and tea and coffee making facilities which can be convenient for visitors. Overall I believe that Number Three is more for visitors on a short break away whereas Travelodge is a cheap and cheerful convenient type of accommodation (L2).	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
 4(a) Identify and describe two facilities available for dog owners at Glastonbury Abbey. [4 marks] [1+1]*2 	 One mark for each correct identification up to a maximum of two identifications, plus up to an additional one mark for each of two descriptions. Dog loo (✓) area for dogs to use (✓). Easy location for owners to clear up poo (✓). Plastic bags available from ticket office (✓) for owners to pick up poo (✓). Don't have to bring bag with them (✓). Water bowl [in summer] (✓) so dogs do not get thirsty (✓). Outdoor café (✓) so don't have to leave dog tied up outside (✓). 	 Compulsory annotation: ✓ X Answers must reflect the context of the question. Be mindful of repetition. NB Dog loos and plastic bags are separate points.
4(b) Describe three roles of public sector organisations such as English Heritage [6 marks] [1+1]*3	 One mark for each correct identification up to a maximum of three identifications, plus up to an additional one mark for each of three descriptions. English Heritage specific: Looks after historic buildings/ancient monuments (✓). Conserves these (✓). Advise government (✓) on conservation legislation (✓). Provides public funds (✓) for rescue archaeology and repairs to historic buildings (✓). Provides services to members (✓). Free entry to English Heritage properties (✓). Produces at risk register (✓) thereby identifying buildings in danger of decay (✓). Education (✓) - school resources available (✓). Provide service (✓) often not provided by the private sector (✓). Quality Assurance (✓) e.g. VAQAS (✓). 	Compulsory annotation: ✓ X Answers must reflect the context of the question. Be mindful of repetition.

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
4(c)	Levels of response marking.	Compulsory annotation L1, L2 or L3 at
Assess how effectively the		end of response.
facilities of Glastonbury	0 marks	
Abbey and Farleigh	No response or no response worthy of credit.	Level 1:
Hungerford Castle meet the		List – maximum 2 marks.
needs of disabled visitors.	Level 1: [1-4 marks]	2 identifications plus one description – 2 or 3
[12 marks]	Candidate identifies/describes some possible ways in which the	marks.
Levels	facilities of Glastonbury Abbey/Farleigh Hungerford Castle meet	3 identifications and unsupported judgement
	the needs of disabled visitors. Information may be in the form of a	– 4 marks.
	list of ways. There is little or no attempt to assess. The answer is	
	basic and shows limited knowledge and understanding of concepts	If only one attraction is mentioned do not
	and principles with limited use of specialist vocabulary.	progress to Level 2.
	Level 2: [5-8 marks]	Level 2:
	Candidate describes a number of possible ways in which the	No list – must be at least 'describe'.
	facilities of Glastonbury Abbey and Farleigh Hungerford Castle	Description only – 5 marks.
	meet the needs of disabled visitors. Candidate will show an	Explanation/analysis – 6 or 7 marks.
	understanding of the question and include explanations of a	Evaluative comment (because means
	number of the possible ways which may be assessed with some	that) – 8 marks.
	success. The assessment in the most part is accurate and	
	relevant. The answer is relevant and accurate and shows	Level 3:
	reasonable knowledge and understanding of concepts and	Identification/description implied/assumed.
	principles with some use of specialist vocabulary.	Explanation/analysis/comparison of more
		than one point/both sides – 9 or 10 marks.
	Level 3: [9-12 marks]	An evaluation/judgement without overall
	Candidate will show a clear understanding of the question and	conclusion/prioritisation – 11 marks.
	include detailed identification and explanation of the possible ways	With overall supporting conclusion – 12
	in which the facilities of Glastonbury Abbey and Farleigh	marks.
	Hungerford Castle meet the needs of disabled visitors. Candidate	
	effectively assesses a range of possible ways. There is sound and	
	frequent evidence of thorough, detailed and accurate knowledge	
	and understanding of concepts and principles using specialist	
	vocabulary.	

Question	Expected Answer		Additional Guidance
	Indicative content:		
	Cleatenhum, Abhay	Forleigh Hungarford Costla	
	Glastonbury Abbey 95% wheelchair access.	Farleigh Hungerford CastleAudio tour with hearing loop.	
	Ticket office/shop/toilet and	Touch screen virtual tour for	
	museum ramped.	disabled.	
	Compacted paths suitable for	Disabled toilets	
	wheelchairs.	Accessible shop.	
	Wheelchairs allowed on grass.	Steps and rough path to castle.	
	Wheelchairs available on site.	Chapel has stair lift.	
	Modern disabled toilet.	Museum spiral staircase difficult.	
	Large print leaflet.	Compacted paths suitable for wheelchairs.	
	Audio guides for visually impaired.	Top lawn only for wheelchairs.	
	Hearing loops for the deaf.	Disabled car park.	
	Bridge across lady chapel	Can touch stone carvings	
	allows viewing for wheelchair users.	(visually impaired).	
	Written fingertip guide for sighted partner.	Audio tour script available.	
	Costumed guides stories for visually impaired.		
	Space for wheelchair at tables in café.		
	Exemplar response:		
		the Abbey hearing loops in the	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	 coil. Visually impaired visitors, the character presentations, large print leaflets and audio tape guides mean they can fully enjoy the experience and do not miss out on the information provided. Both attractions have disabled toilets. Glastonbury abbey points out that theirs is modern which makes it more appealing for the disabled. Glastonbury Abbey has wheelchairs available on site so those with mobility impairment can turn up and still get access to 95% of the attraction. This allows last minute visitors or the elderly the chance to look around FHC only has disabled access on the ground floor meaning that disabled visitors in wheelchairs can only enjoy viewing certain areas. In conclusion I would say that Glastonbury Abbey is more effective in catering for disabled visitors needs than the Farleigh Hungerford Castle as despite not having on site parking, most of the attraction is easily accessible for disabled visitors and more procedures are put in place to ensure they have the most enjoyable experience possible. To improve their disabled facilities I would suggest more disabled toilets, as well as on site parking (L3). 	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
5*	Levels of response marking.	This is the question assessing QWC.
Evaluate the importance of		
events such as the Glastonbury	0 marks	Compulsory annotation L1, L2 or L3 at end of
Festival to the local area.	No response or no response worthy of credit.	response.
[12 marks]		
Levels	Level 1: [1-4 marks]	Level 1:
	Candidate identifies/describes some possible ways in	List – maximum 2 marks.
	which events such as the Glastonbury Festival are	2 identifications plus one description – 2 or 3
	important to the local area. Information may be in the form	marks.
	of a list of ways. There is little or no attempt to evaluate.	3 identifications and unsupported judgement – 4
	The answer is basic and shows limited knowledge and	marks.
	understanding of concepts and principles with limited use of specialist vocabulary. <i>Candidate communicates at least</i>	Level 2:
		No list – must be at least 'describe'.
	one point using some appropriate terminology. Sentences have limited coherence and structure, often being of	Description only – 5 marks.
	doubtful relevance to the main focus of the question.	Explanation/analysis – 6 or 7 marks.
	Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be	Evaluative comment (because means that)
	noticeable and intrusive.	– 8 marks.
		o mano.
	Level 2: [5-8 marks]	Level 3:
	Candidate describes a number of possible ways in which	Identification/description implied/assumed.
	events such as the Glastonbury Festival are important to	Explanation/analysis/comparison of both sides –
	the local area. Candidate will show an understanding of the	9 or 10 marks.
	question and include explanations of a number of the	An evaluation/judgement without overall
	possible ways which may be evaluated with some success.	conclusion/prioritisation – 11 marks.
	The evaluation in the most part is accurate and relevant.	With overall supporting conclusion – 12 marks.
	The answer is relevant and accurate and shows	
	reasonable knowledge and understanding of concepts and	
	principles with some use of specialist vocabulary.	
	Candidate has a limited ability to organise relevant	
	material. Some appropriate terminology used. Sentences	
	are not always relevant with material presented in a way	
	that does not always address the question. There may be	
	noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.	

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	Level 3: [9-12 marks] Candidate will show a clear understanding of the question and include detailed identification and explanation of the possible ways in which events such as the Glastonbury Festival are important to the local area. Candidate effectively evaluates a range of possible ways. There is sound and frequent evidence of thorough, detailed and accurate knowledge and understanding of concepts and principles using specialist vocabulary. Candidate presents relevant material in a well planned and logic sequence. Material clearly structured using appropriate terminology confidently and accurately. Sentences consistently are well structured in a way that directly answers the question. There will be few, if any errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.	
	Indicative content:	
	 Large attendance at event of 177 500. Average spend per head £293.24. Site spend £25.6 million. Off site spend £26.5 million. Impact of event extends beyond immediate area/world famous event. £73 million impact on UK/world economy. Attracts staying visitors. Festival organisers spent £21.2 in staging event. Promotion of region. Media attention. Creation/maintenance of jobs. 	
	Large number of visitors means increased visitor expenditure. Event encourages visitors to surrounding area increased visitor expenditure to region.	

Mark Scheme

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance
	Exemplar response:	
	The Glastonbury Festival is a world renowned festival that	
	attracts tens of thousands of visitors year on year to the	
	little village of Glastonbury. Around 177,500 people attended the festival in 2007	
	spending on average £293.24 per person and in total	
	£26.5m on off site expenditure on things such as food,	
	shopping and transport. This is good for the local area as	
	it creates more jobs due to the influx of people coming into	
	Glastonbury. Not only will their be need for people at the	
	festival but also outside of it and this will open huge	
	opportunities for those out of work as their will be a great	
	need for workers at the time. Because of the huge amount	
	of money coming into the village businesses will benefit a	
	great deal and create a multiplier effect as more money will	
	be coming in meaning that businesses can grown and	
	expand and the more money being spent off site means that more money will go into government funds and	
	therefore they have more money to spend on improving	
	the infrastructure of the local area improving it as a whole.	
	As well as this through hosting the festival Glastonbury will	
	gain more publicity and therefore even out seasonality, as	
	people will be more likely to take short breaks to	
	Glastonbury to explore the festival and Glastonbury itself.	
	This boots tourism and will again increase revenue in the	
	local area as a lot more people will have heard of	
	Glastonbury.	
	In conclusion, Glastonbury festival brings huge economic	
	benefits to the local area which will improve it on a whole.	
	However there are negative impacts as due to the influx of drunken teens coming into Glastonbury there is a risk of	
	vandalism and damage to the local area, however these	
	are only short term impacts and the long term impacts are	
	on a whole far more beneficial to the local area (L3).	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) 1 Hills Road Cambridge CB1 2EU

OCR Customer Contact Centre

14 – 19 Qualifications (General)

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; 1 Hills Road, Cambridge, CB1 2EU Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) Head office Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553

