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For Examiner's Use

General Certificate of Education June 2009 Advanced Subsidiary Examination

AQA

TRAVEL AND TOURISM Unit 1 Inside Travel and Tourism

TT01

Wednesday 3 June 2009 1.30 pm to 3.30 pm

You will need no other materials.
You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 2 hours

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Answers written in margins or on blank pages will not be marked.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You will be marked on your ability to use an appropriate form and style of writing, to organise relevant information clearly and coherently, and to use specialist vocabulary where appropriate. The legibility of your handwriting and the accuracy of your spelling, punctuation and grammar will also be considered.

For Examiner's Use					
Question	Mark	Question	Mark		
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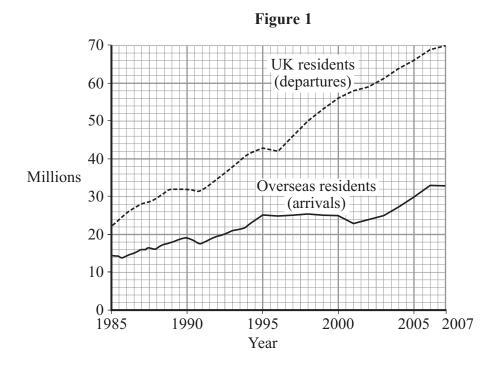
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1 (a) Complete the table below, using recognised travel and tourism terms.

An example has been done for you.

Example: A couple from Liverpool go to Alton Towers for a day out.	1 Domestic 2 Leisure
(i) A Spanish bank employee flies into London for a financial meeting the next day.	1
(ii) A British family goes to the south of France where they stay with the children's grandparents for a week's holiday.	1

1 (b) Study **Figure 1**, which shows the number of visitor trips into and out of the UK between 1985 and 2007.





	residents visiting the UK.
	(3 mark
(c)	Suggest what impact the changes shown in Figure 1 have had upon the economy of t UK.
	(3 mari
(d)	Outline two possible reasons why the number of overseas residents making trips to th UK has changed since 1985, as shown in Figure 1 .
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14



(a)	Name two Mediterranean resorts that became centres of mass tourism in the 1960s.
	(2 mark
(b)	Explain two factors which helped such Mediterranean resorts to become centres for mass tourism from the UK in the 1960s.
	1
	2
(c)	Discuss the reasons why some of the mass tourism destinations in the Mediterranean began to lose their appeal in the 1990s.
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		(6 marks)
		(Extra space)
2	(d)	Outline one way in which mass tourism destinations in the Mediterranean have responded to losing their appeal in the 1990s/2000s.
		(2 marks)

Question 2 continues on the next page



()	Most companies that provide holidays to Mediterranean resorts include the services of a resort representative or 'rep'.
	Picture of resort representative could not be reproduced here due to third party copyright constraints.
	Describe a range of ways in which the 'rep' can add to the commercial success of the holiday company.
	(6 marks)
	(Extra space)



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4	(a)	A tourist, who is planning to make a trip from London to Paris, is afraid of flying and investigates other ways of making the journey: by train or by car using the ferry or tunnel.
		Outline the merits for the tourist of one travel option (other than flying) for travelling from London to Paris.
		(4 marks)

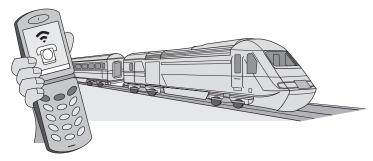
Question 4 continues on the next page



4 (b) Study the news item in Figure 2 below.

Figure 2

Mobile phone becomes train ticket



Public transport users are increasingly able to use their mobile phone as a coach or train ticket.

These mobile tickets have to be bought online at least 24 hours before travel.

Once the passenger has paid for the ticket, a secure barcode is sent by text message to their mobile phone.

The barcode can then be scanned at the ticket gates at the station.

It was hoped that the idea would catch on among the young, with so many young people carrying mobile phones.

With reference to Figure 2 , evaluate the advantages and disadvantages for transport providers of this new method of distributing tickets.



(8 marks)
(Extra space)

Turn over for the next question



5 Study Figure 3 below.



The Amazon rainforest is promoted as a tourist destination.

But how will tourism affect the area?
And what form will tourism take?

One option is 'sustainable tourism'.

Discuss how <i>sustainable tourism</i> can keep the negative impacts of tourism on destinations to a minimum. You should refer to examples that you have studied.



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6		avel agencies are still the most popular method of booking holidays abroad but they are adually losing their share of the market.						
6	(a)	Give	e two advantages of booking a holiday:					
6	(a)	(i)	through a travel agency					
			Advantage 1					
			Advantage 2					
			(2 marks)					
6	(a)	(ii)	by another method.					
			Method of booking					
			Advantage 1					
			Advantage 2					
			(2 marks)					
6	(b)	Desc	cribe the possible consequences for travel agencies of losing their share of the ket.					



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7	Stud	y Figure 4 which shows the Hogmanay celebrations in Edinburgh.	
		Figure 4	
		Picture of street party in Edinburgh during Hogmanay could not be reproduced here due to third party copyright constraints.	
		At New Year Edinburgh hosts a huge street party in the city centre with live music on several stages along Princes Street and the Royal Mile. The event includes modern and traditional music, pipe bands, street theatre and a fantastic firework display.	
	Man	by travel and tourism products, such as the Hogmanay celebrations, are <i>intangible</i> .	
7		What is meant by <i>intangible</i> ?	
,	(u)	What is incant by intangione:	
7	(1-)	· ·	(1 mark)
7	(b)	Explain the factors which the authorities in destinations such as Edinburgh need into account when hosting a major tourism event.	i to take



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(a)	Briefly describe the role of either regional tourist boards or tourist information providers in supporting other travel and tourism organisations.
	(4 m)



8 ((b)	Assess the extent to which commercial tourism organisations depend for their success on the activities of support services.
		(4 marks)
		(Extra space)

END OF QUESTIONS





