

## A-LEVEL **STATISTICS**

Statistics 2 – SS02 Mark scheme

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Version/Stage: 1.0 Final

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Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
<b>1(a) (i)</b>	0.57	B1		CAO
			1	
( <b>ii</b> )	$360 \times 0.57, 0.32$ and $0.11$	M1		At least one
	= 205.2°, 115.2°, 39.6°	A1		Any two. CAO
			2	
<b>(b)</b>	$Mean = 20 \times 0.57 + 50 \times 0.32 + 210 \times 0.11$	M1		
	= 50.5	A1		AG
	$20^2 \times 0.57 + 50^2 \times 0.32 + 210^2 \times 0.11 - 50.50^2$	M1		3328.75 seen unsupported earns M1
	= 3328.75 s.d $= $ £57.70	A1		AWFW £57.60 to £57.70
			4	
(c)(i)	$Mean = 10 \times 0.57 + 50 \times 0.32 + 210 \times 0.11$			Or £50.50 – £5.70
	= £44.80	B1		
( <b>ii</b> )	$1.2 \times 90 \times 44.80 - (50.5 \times 90)$	M1		
	= £293.40	A1		Accept £293
			3	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
2(a)(i)	$P(<4) = P(\le 3) = 0.558(4)$	B1		AWFW 0.558 to 0.559
			1	
(ii)	Using Po(13)	B1		Stated or use of any of 0 1658
		DI		0 2517 0 9573 0 9750
	Use of $P(\le 19) = 0.9573$ for top value	M1		0.2517,0.5575, 0.5750
	subtract $P(\le 10) = 0.2517$ for bottom value	M1		Indep of previous M1
	giving 0.7056	A1		AWFW 0.705 to 0.706
	SC Stating that $D(< 10) = D(< 10)$ is required			
	SC Stating that $r(\leq 19) - r(\leq 10)$ is required but using wrong value of $\lambda$ earns a single M1			
	out using wrong value of <i>k</i> carns a single wr			
			4	
(b)(i)	P(at   east 1) = 1 - P(0)	M1	-	Attempt to apply in this case
(~)(-)	= 1 - 0.0183 = 0.9817 (or 0.982)	A1		CAO
	× /		2	
(ii)	$0.9817^2  imes 0.0183$	<b>M</b> 1		Use of their (b)(i)
	× 3	m1		
	= 0.0529	A1		AWFW0.052 to 0.053
			3	
( <b>c</b> )	Mean = 100	B1		CAO
	Standard deviation = $\sqrt{100} = 10$	B1		CAO
			2	
( <b>d</b> )	Because we can no longer assume	E1		OE
	independence.			
			1	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
<b>3</b> (a)	Division by 5	B1		
	Addition of correct 5 values	M1		
	$(4.6 + 4.1 + 6.5 + 10.4 + 10.1) \div 5 = 7.14$	A1		CAO
			3	
(b)(i)	Correct plot	B1		
	Reasonable trend line	B1		
			2	
(ii)	Seasonal variation	B1		
	about an upward linear trend	B1		
			2	
(c)	Friday effect = $[(10.4-7.9) + (13.8-11.5)] \div 2$	M1		Complete method
	= 2.4	A1		2.3 to 2.7
	Trend line predicts 15.0	B1		$\pm 0.5$
	Friday effect + trend line prediction	M1		Dep on M1
	= 17.4%	A1		AWFW 17 to 18 Dep on all previous
				marks having been gained
			5	
( <b>d</b> )	Less than forecast so some success.	E1		
	Still more than week 4 so limited success.	E1		
	Any changes may have had nothing to do			OE
	with incentives (trend must change some time)	E1		Max of 2 marks.
			2	



Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
<b>4</b> (a)	The sample must be a <b>random</b> sample.	E1		
			1	
<b>(b)</b>	$H_0: \mu = 9.0$	<b>B</b> 1		
	$H_1: \mu \neq 9.0$	<b>B</b> 1		
	$z_{\rm crit} = \pm 1.9600$	B1		
	$z_{\text{test}} = (9.2 - 9.0) \div (1.3 \div \sqrt{120})$	M1,m1		M1 for $\div \sqrt{120}$ , m1 for rest
	= 1.6853	A1		AWFW +1.68 to +1.69
	$z_{\text{test}} < z_{\text{crit}}$ so accept H <sub>0</sub>	A1		
	Insufficient evidence that the mean power of			
	the batch is different from 9.0 watts.	E1		
			8	
(c)(i)	$H_1$ becomes $\mu > 9.0$	<b>B</b> 1		
(ii)	$z_{\rm crit}$ becomes 1.6449	<b>B</b> 1		AWFW 1.64 to 1.65
(iii)	Now we reject $H_0$ and say that	<b>B</b> 1		PI by context statement.
	there is sufficient evidence that the mean			
	power of the batch is more than 9.0 watts.	E1		Dep on both B1s in (i) and (ii)
			4	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
<b>5(a)</b>	Total for school $= 750$	B1		
	Bronwyn needs ${}^{50}/_{750} = {}^{1}/_{15}$ of population	M1		Possibly implied
	Attempt to divide each cell by 15	m1		
	Integer answers			
	Boys 4 5 5 6 6	A1		At least two ≠ 5 seen
	Girls 4 5 5 5 5			
			4	
(b)(i)	All the boys followed by all the girls	B1		Or vice versa
(ii)	Choose a number between 1 and 15 at random	B1		
	using random numbers, calculator, etc	B1		Any valid method suggested, dep on
				previous B1
	Select every fifteenth pupil after that	B1		_
			4	
(c)	Advantage – does not need to find particular			
	pupils, quicker or easier.	E1		Or similar, must be in context
	Disadvantage – groups arriving together are			
	likely to have travelled together.	E1		Or similar, must be in context
			2	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6(a)	1964	B1		
			1	
<b>(b</b> )	The trend is downwards (decreasing or			
	negative) from 1961 to 1977 and then upwards	M1		For the downwards then upwards
	(increasing or positive) to 2010.	A1		For details of the years.
			2	
(c)	(86746 - 40591) = 46155	M1		For both correct and subtraction
	$\div 86746 \times 100$ (completion of method)	m1		Or 100 – (40591 × 100/86746)
	= 53.2%	A1		Accept 53% from correct working.
			3	
(d)(i)	Evidence of 40,591, 177,903, 377,136,	M1		
	579,593, 695,434 and 723,165 being used.	A1		At least 4 accurate (2 s.f.)
	Accurately plotted	A1		Completely correct
			3	
(ii)	Attempt to read at ~360,000	M1		
	25.5 to 26, 29.5 to 30	A1		
	Median age in 2010 is 4 years higher.	A1		AWRT 4. Not simply "higher"
			3	
(e)	Omitting 88, 86, 95	M1		
	Omitting second 81 or 00	M1		Either of these. Indep of previous M1
	Completely correct list			SC If neither of M1 marks are earned
	20, 80, (0)9, 13, 28, 49, 74, 81, (0)3	A1		but 2-digit numbers from the correct
				column are given then award B1
			3	

