

# OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Advanced GCE

SCIENCE 2845

Synthesis of Scientific Concepts

Thursday 23 JUNE 2005 Afternoon 1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper. Additional materials: Electronic calculator

Candidate Name	Centre Number	Candidate Number

#### TIME 1 hour 30 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name in the space above.
- Write your Centre number and Candidate number in the boxes above.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answers in the spaces on the question paper.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- You will be awarded marks for the quality of written communication where this is indicated in the question.
- You may use an electronic calculator.
- You are advised to show all the steps in any calculations.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE			
Qu.	Max.	Mark	
1	10		
2	10		
3	10		
4	10		
5	28		
6	22		
TOTAL	90		

#### Answer all the questions.

- 1 Wind power provides a renewable source of energy. Wind turbines (electricity-generating windmills) already supply some electricity to the national grids of some countries. There are plans to increase the proportion of electrical power generated in this way.
  - (a) The total generating capacity of a country is 205 GW. The generating capacity for wind turbines is 560 MW.
    - (i) Write down these values in watts in standard form.

(ii) Calculate the percentage of generating capacity supplied by wind power. Show your working. Give your answer to 2 significant figures.

percentage supplied by wind power = ..... % [2]

Information about one design of wind turbine is contained in Fig. 1.1.

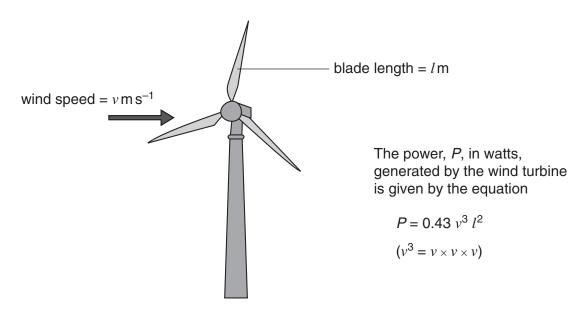


Fig. 1.1

**(b)** By what factor will the power output of the wind turbine increase when the blade length is doubled at constant wind speed?

.....[1]

(c)	Wind speed is often measured in knots.  A wind with a speed of 14 knots is described as a moderate breeze.		
	(i)	Calculate the speed of such a wind in units of $m s^{-1}$ . (1 knot = 0.5144 $m s^{-1}$ )	
		wind speed = $m s^{-1}$ [1]	
	(ii)	Calculate the power generated by a wind turbine of the type shown in Fig. 1.1 with a blade length of $24\mathrm{m}$ in a $14\mathrm{knot}$ wind.	
		power = W [3]	
(d)		en wind speed exceeds 27 knots, the movement of a wind turbine is often prevented ocking the blades. Suggest why this is done.	
		[1]	
		[Total: 10]	

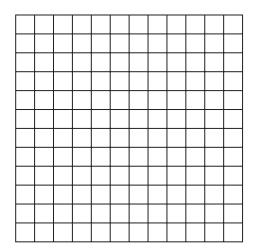
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**2** Fig. 2.1 shows a cross-section through some sand dunes and contains information about them.

	young dunes	mobile dunes	fixed dunes	dune scrub
sea				
stage	1	2	3	4
age / years	50–90	90–130	130–240	240–370
humus content of soil / %	0.5	2.5	5.0	11.0
plant biomass per m <sup>2</sup> /kg	0.5	3.5	8.0	11.5
number of plant species per km <sup>2</sup>	16	75	129	140
soil pH	6.6	6.0	5.8	5.6

Fig. 2.1

- (a) Plant biomass and humus (organic matter) content of soil are two variables shown in Fig. 2.1.
  - (i) Use the grid below to construct a scatter plot to show that there is a relationship between these two variables.



[3]

	(ii)	The scatter plot shows a correlation between the two variables. Why would you expect there to be a link between plant biomass and humus content of soil?
		[2]
(b)	The	definition of pH is
		$pH = -log_{10}[H^+]$
	whe	ere [H <sup>+</sup> ] is an abbreviation for 'concentration of hydrogen ions'.
	(i)	The pH falls by 1 unit between stage 1 and stage 4. By what factor does [H <sup>+</sup> ] increase?
		[1]
	(ii)	Suggest why [H+] increases between stage 1 and stage 4.
		[1]
(c)	(i)	Describe <b>one</b> relationship between the variables shown in Fig. 2.1, other than the relationships in <b>(a)</b> and <b>(b)</b> .
		[1]
	(ii)	Suggest an explanation for the relationship you have described.
		[1]
(d)		ne <b>one</b> variable not shown in Fig. 2.1, and suggest how it would change across the d dunes.
		[1]
		[Total: 10]

**3** Fig. 3.1 shows the scientific model that can be used to explain the emission of electromagnetic radiation by a lithium atom.

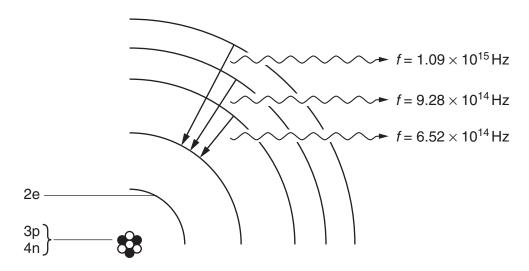


Fig. 3.1

Discuss the information summarised in Fig. 3.1.


[Total: 10]

Water is the most abundant compound on the Earth's surface. Water plays a part in many natural processes.
State the names of <b>two</b> such processes. For each, explain how water plays a part.
process 1.
process 2.
p100000 Z.

[Total: 10]

## **BLANK PAGE**

Question 5 starts on page 10

2845 Jun05 [Turn over

5

In this question, four marks are available for the quality of written communication.
Read the extract that follows about marsupial wolves.
Marsupials are mammals whose
An extract has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions  Details:
An extract about the marsupial wolf, which is now extinct and is related to other australian marsupials
comparison of external characteristics.
Discuss the scientific principles that are described in the extract above.

[24]
Quality of written communication [4]

[Total: 28]

Millions of ye	ears ago
An extra	act has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions
	Details:
. An extra	ct about the reasons behind mars freezing during it's development
the surfac	ce of Mars.
the surfac	ce of Mars.
	ce of Mars.  unt of the processes that have influenced the temperature of Mars.
the surfac	

[Total: 22]

	[18]
Quality of writt	en communication [4]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER** 

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