

GCE

# **Psychology**

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit **G541:** Psychological Investigations

# Mark Scheme for June 2012

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# **Annotations**

| Annotation | Meaning  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TAE.       | Attempts evaluation  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HOD        | Benefit of doubt   |  |  |  |  |  |
| gen-       | Context  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ×          | Cross  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EVAL       | Evaluation   |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Extendable horizontal line                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| rvvv       | Expandable horizontal wavy line                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| गरा        | Significant amount of material which doesn't answer the question |  |  |  |  |  |
| [MAC       | Not answered question  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>✓</b>   | Tick   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>/</b> 4 | Development of point   |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Omission mark  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ?          | Unclear  |  |  |  |  |  |
| KER        | Good use of research/supporting evidence                         |  |  |  |  |  |

| Qu | estion |   |  | Answe                    | r   | Marks | Guidance  |
|----|--------|---|--|--------------------------|---|-------|---|
| 1  | (a)    | Ethical issues could include: consent (although a bar is a public place); deception (observers posing as customers in the bar when really undertaking research); harm (potentially if become aware of being looked at); protection of participants (invasion of privacy, intrusion on personal interactions etc). |  |                          |   |       | Context = bar (pub/café), couples, postural echoing / imitation of behaviour (to inc any of the listed behaviours).   |
|    |        | The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information   |  |                          |   |       |   |
|    |        | 1<br>mark   | Ethical issue clearly identified, but in general       |                          | npt to identify ethical issue in out could be clearer   |       |   |
|    |        | 2<br>marks  | Š  | ly identified in context |   |       |   |
|    | (b)    | For example, Consent could have been dealt with by placing a poster in the bar informing participants of the general nature of the research and that by staying in the bar it would be taken that they were Okay for this to happen.  |  |                          |   | 2     | Context = bar (pub/café), couples, postural echoing / imitation of behaviour (to inc any of the isted behaviours).  Accept comments relating to ways to deal with any |
|    |        | 0 The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information   |  |                          |   |       | appropriate ethical issue raised.   |
|    |        | 1<br>mark   | General attempt to show the ethical issu be dealt with |                          | OR attempt to suggest how the ethical issue could be dealt with in context but could be clearer |       |   |
|    |        | 2 Clear suggestion of how the ethical issue could be dealt with in context  |  |                          | thical issue could be dealt with  |       |   |

| Questic      | on                   |  | Answe   | er   | Marks | Guidance  |
|--------------|----------------------|--|---|--|-------|---|
| <b>2</b> (a) | whi                  | Inter-rater reliability in observational research refers to the extent to which different observers are able to observe and rate (or code) the same behaviour in the same way. |   |  |       | Note – just stating that inter-rater reliability is when two (or more) observers compare their data / results is not, on it's own enough for full marks (as   |
|              | 0                    | arks   | The candidate has not provide   | led any creditworthy information   |       | this only provides a way to check / assess the extent of inter-rater reliability). Award 1 mark here.   |
|              | 1<br>m               | ark  |   | inter-rater reliability (e.g. simply stency', or it is when two or more ults etc). Lacks clarity.                                |       | If candidate simply states 'having two or more observers' = zero.   |
|              | 2<br>m               | arks   | Clear description of inter-rate   | er reliability   |       | Simply stating 'repeating the study to check for same/similar results' = zero.  |
| (b)          | beh<br>if ex<br>of t | naviou<br>xhibite<br>the cod   | ral categories to look out for a ed or not. A pilot study could be ding scheme and identify any           | udy to establish and agree the nd the criteria for acknowledging e used to assess the ease of use problems so it can be amended. | 4     | Context = bar (pub/café), couples, postural echoing / imitation of behaviour (to inc any of the listed behaviours).  Note — having more observers does not in itself increase inter-rater reliability (cap at one mark whether in context or not). However, if other creditworthy things are included mark appropriately. |
|              | 1                    | arks   | Brief response lacking detail research outlined in the sour   | and not in the context of the  |       |   |
|              | 2<br>m               | arks   | Appropriate and detailed response, but not in the context of the research outlined in the source material | OR brief response that is lacking detail that is in the context of the research outlined in the source material                  |       |   |
|              | 3<br>m:              | arks   |   | s some clarity, but is outlined in utlined in the source material  |       |   |
|              | 4<br>m               | arks   | Appropriate, clear and detaile context of the research outlin   |  |       |   |

| Question   | Answer   | Marks | Guidance   |  |
|------------|--|-------|--|--|
| commor     | any two findings. From, for example: folding arms was the most behaviour engaged in by each couple; couples only touched se at the same time on 3 occasions etc. | 4     | Note – it is not appropriate to have mean, median or range of values of the nominal data presented in the table (only mode is acceptable). |  |
| 2 marks    | for each finding.  |       | Accept total behaviours observed = 45.   |  |
| 0<br>marks | 0 The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information  |       | Note – frequency counts not needed for full marks (e.g. acceptable to just say 'folding arms was the                                       |  |
| 1<br>mark  | The candidate has stated a finding, but this lacks clarity, or is not in the context of the research outlined in the source material                             |       | most observed behaviour').   |  |
| 2<br>marks | The candidate has stated a clear finding and this is in the context of the research outlined in the source material  |       |  |  |

| Number of times couples performed behaviours at the same time as each other |            |                   |                    |            |            |  |
|---|------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--|
| Fold arms together  | Cross legs | Rest head on hand | Drink at same time | Touch hair | Touch nose |  |
| 12  | 8          | 10                | 7                  | 5          | 3          |  |

| Question Answer   | Marks | Guidance   |
|---|-------|--|
| Strengths include: higher ecological validity as in a natural setting where couples meet and socialize; overall validity could be higher as participants likely to be unaware they are being monitored so act more naturally.  Weaknesses include: problems recording behaviour accurately if bar gets busy; problems interpreting the actions of the couples and if they fit the behavioural categories listed; lack of validity if participants become aware of being monitored, especially when interacting socially (demand characteristics); ethical issues (e.g. invasion of privacy when couples out socializing) etc.  3 marks for strength, 3 marks for weakness.  Demarks  The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information  Brief attempt to outline strength/weakness but lacks clarity/detail (e.g. strength = high EV, weakness = ethics) and not in context  Clear/detailed outline of strength/weakness lacking in clarity/detail, but attempt to discuss in context outlined in the source material  Clear/detailed outline of strength/weakness discussed in context of the research outlined in the source material | 6     | Context = bar (pub/café), couples, postural echoing / imitation of behaviour (to include any of the listed behaviours).  Accept ethics (e.g. invasion of privacy etc) here.  Accept strengths related to data collected in this study (e.g. quantitative data, event sampling).  Accept reference to inter-rater reliability, but must be fully explained/justified.  Reference to reliability without making clear how/why it would be a strength is not creditworthy (e.g. 'a strength of this observation is that it is replicable'). |

# Section B

| Question |   | Answ   | ver   | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|---|--|---|-------|---|
| 5        | phone for<br>college of<br>Weakness<br>ages and<br>just one | r texting; easier to obtain sametc.<br>sses could include: unreprese | oup more likely to use mobile aple as just from one class in one antative sample; limited range of ty types; all from London; all from kness. | 6     | Context = personality, text message(s) and mobile phones.  Reference to representative age <i>range</i> is not creditworthy as a strength.  Reference to sampling <i>method</i> must relate to a strength/weakness of the sample it produces in this study. |
|          | 0<br>marks  | I the candidate has not provided any creditworthy information        |   |       | Accept reference to size of sample as either a  |
|          | 1<br>mark   | 1 Attempt to outline strength/weakness mark                          |   |       | strength / or weakness providing it is justified.   |
|          | 2<br>marks  | Strength/weakness clearly outlined but not in context                | OR strength/weakness lacks some clarity/detail, but is in context   |       |   |
|          | 3 Strength/weakness clearly outlined in context marks       |  |   |       |   |

| Question |  | Answer   | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|--|--|-------|---|
| 6        |  | nple There will be (or is) a correlation between ion/extroversion rating and number of words in mobile phone textes.   | 4     | Note – simply referring to 'personality' instead of introversion / extroversion is not clear enough to credit reference to this variable (simply stating 'personality' could mean aggression, or humour |
|          | 0<br>marks   | The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information  |       | personality traits etc).  |
|          | The candidate has written an appropriate alternate hypothesis but has simply stated 'there will be/is a correlation'. There is no indication of either of the measured variables |  |       | Use of the word 'difference' or 'affects / 'effects' = zero marks.  |
|          | 2<br>marks   | The candidate has written an appropriate alternate hypothesis but has only referred to one variable  |       | Any reference to DV, 'link' or 'association' = zero.  |
|          | 3<br>marks   | The candidate has written an alternate hypothesis referring to both variables, but there is a lack of clarity about one of the measured variables or both  OR both variables clearly referred to but a general lack of clarity of the way the hypothesis is stated |       | Accept positive or negative correlations.  If both an alternate and null hypothesis is presented and it is not made clear which is which then = zero.   |
|          | 4<br>marks   | The candidate has written a clearly stated appropriate alternate hypothesis referring to both of the measured variables  |       | The variables do not have to be fully operationalized for maximum marks.  |

| Question |  | Answer  |  | Marks | Guidance   |
|----------|--|---|--|-------|--|
| 7        | expresse<br>people; s<br>end etc.<br>scale ma<br>what an | s may include: quantifiable scale ed numerically, and easy numerically, and easy numerically, and easy numerically, and easy numerically easy to understand scale Weaknesses may include: subjectly be too narrow (just 1 to 10); do individuals 'personality' is really lefter strength, 3 marks for weaknet The candidate has not provided Attempt to explain strength/weaknets | cal comparisons across different, with clear definitions at each ctive interpretation of the scale; ses not allow full expression of ike etc.  ss.  d any creditworthy information | 6     | Context = any aspect of personality (e.g. introversion/extroversion, outgoing, shy etc). |
|          | mark 2 marks 3 marks                                     | was measured, but lacks clarity Clearly explained strength/weakness of the way 'personality' was measured but not in the context of the information outlined in the source material Clearly explained strength/wea was measured in the context of source material   | OR attempt to explain strength/weakness of the way 'personality' was measured in context   |       |  |

| Question |            | Answer   | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|------------|--|-------|---|
| 8        |            | ve correlation is where, as the values of one variable increase, es of the other tend to decrease, although not necessarily at the e | 2     | Accept for one mark an appropriate sketch of a negative correlation presented on it's own.  Any reference to DV = zero. |
|          | 0<br>marks | The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information  |       | Any reference to effect / affect of one variable of   |
|          | 1<br>mark  | Attempt to explain what a negative correlation is, but lacks clarity   |       | another = zero.   |
|          | 2<br>marks | Clear explanation of what a negative correlation is  |       |   |

| Question |  | Answer   | Marks | Guidance  |  |
|----------|--|--|-------|---|--|
| 9        | A scattergraph is a visual display of two variables expressed numerically, one on each axis and indicated at the intersection of the two values. |  |       | Reference to a dependent variable = zero.   |  |
|          | 0<br>marks   | The candidate has not provided any creditworthy information  |       | Any reference to effect / affect of one variable on another = zero.   |  |
|          | 1<br>mark  | Attempt to explain how data is presented in a scattergraph   |       | Accept sketches of scattergraphs used to help illustrate what is meant (if data or labels included there should be no reference to a DV, if so = zero). |  |
|          | 2<br>marks   | Clear explanation of how data is presented in a scattergraph |       |   |  |
|          |  |  |       |   |  |

| Question |   |  |  |  |  | Marks | Guidance   |
|----------|---|--|--|--|--|-------|--|
| 10       | Aggression could be measured in many ways, for example: on an arbitrary scale 1 (not aggressive) to 10 very aggressive; how participants respond in a combat game (shoot to kill etc) after exposure to the films; level of punishment suggested for hypothetical crimes committed by a person; observation of aggressive behaviour after exposure to film (e.g. when interacting with others); physiological measures of aggression (heart-rate or blood pressure changes etc) |  |  |  |  | 10    | Note – the response here must be focused on the actual measure of the DV. Details related to peripheral things, such as sample / sampling are not creditworthy here.  DV can be either quantitative or qualitative |
|          | 0<br>marks  | The candidate has no   | t provided   | any creditwort                         | thy information  |       | Examples of 'minor omissions'  |
|          | 1-2<br>marks  | Brief and/or unclear at<br>to describe how aggre<br>could be measured wi<br>evaluation   | ession   | OR evaluation aggression the described | n of a way to measure<br>at has not been   |       | <ul> <li>If unclear who is doing the rating and how (e.g. how recorded)</li> <li>If ends of rating scale not identified</li> </ul>   |
|          | 3-4<br>marks  |  | lear description of how ggression could be aggression could be measured, but minor evaluate it, but lacking clarity/detail missions prevent full |  | ould be measured and   |       | No list of categories for observed aggressive behaviours   |
|          | 5<br>marks  | Clear description of how aggression could be measured that would allow full replication but no evaluation  | of how a   | on with<br>at<br>on, but               | OR attempt to describe how aggression could be measured with clear and detailed evaluation |       | If more than one technique to measure aggression is presented it must be clear how they are combined for it to be fully replicable.  |
|          | 6-7<br>marks  | Clear description of how aggression could be measured that would allow full replication and attempt at evaluation  OR Clear description of how aggression could be measured, but minor omissions prevent full replication with clear and detailed evaluation |  |  | ould be measured, but ions prevent full  |       |  |
|          | 8-9<br>marks  | to one issue   | nd clear a   | nd detailed eva                        | aluation with reference  |       |  |
|          | 10<br>marks   | Clear description of ho<br>allow full replication ar<br>to two or more issues  |  |  | measured that would aluation with reference  |       |  |

| Question | ion Answer   |   |                |  | Marks  | Guidance   |   |
|----------|--|---|----------------|--|--|--|---|
| 11       | An independent measures design is where participants only take part in one condition of the experiment. A repeated measures design is where participants take part in both (or all) conditions of an experiment. |   |                |  |  |  | Note – context is not required for full marks here (but may be used and is creditworthy).  Reference to 'task' or 'parts' or 'different |
|          | 0<br>marks   | The candidate has n   | ded any credit | worthy information                                 |  | experiments' cap at 1 mark for the design referred to. Reference to 'conditions' is required |   |
|          | 1<br>mark  | Brief, unclear outline what is involved in a independent measur design only | n              |  | clear outline of what<br>n a repeated<br>esign only  |  | for full marks.   |
|          | 2<br>marks   | Clear outline of what is involved in an independent                         | what is        | ar outline of<br>involved in<br>ated<br>res design | OR brief unclear<br>outline of what is<br>involved in both<br>independent and<br>repeated<br>measures design |  |   |
|          | 3<br>marks   | involved in an independent measures design, but involved in design, but     |                | involved in a design, but t                        | Itline of what is<br>repeated measures<br>unclear about an<br>measures design                                |  |   |
|          | 4<br>marks   | Clear outline of what is involved in <b>both</b> an independent             |                |  |  |  |   |

| Question | stion Answer           |  |   | Marks | Guidance                                 |
|----------|------------------------|--|---|-------|--|
| 12       | existing I             | s include: no individual difference evels of aggression are controlle sses include: carry-over effects p                             | d for; fewer participants needed.                     | 6     | Context = aggression, violence, film etc |
|          | second of in the first | condition may be affected by fatigest condition); for strength, 3 marks for weakness   | jue or practice from participation                    |       |  |
|          | 0<br>marks             | The candidate has not provided   | any creditworthy information                          |       |  |
|          | 1<br>mark              | Attempt to describe strength/we not in the context of the research material  |   |       |  |
|          | 2<br>marks             | Clear and detailed outline of strength/weakness, but in general - not in the context of the research outlined in the source material | OR attempt to describe strength / weakness in context |       |  |
|          | 3<br>marks             | Clear and detailed outline of str  |   |       |  |

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