General Certificate of Education June 2007 Advanced Subsidiary Examination



PSYCHOLOGY (SPECIFICATION A) Unit 3 Social Psychology and Research Methods

Tuesday 22 May 2007 1.30 pm to 2.30 pm

For this paper you must have:

• an 8-page answer book.

Time allowed: 1 hour

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The *Examining Body* for this paper is AQA. The *Paper Reference* is PYA3.

PYA3

- In Section A, answer one question. You should attempt all parts of the question you choose.
- In Section B, answer the question. You should attempt all parts of the question.
- Where the term **research** appears in a question, you may refer to theories and/or studies as appropriate.
- Do all rough work in the answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

• The maximum mark for this paper is 62.

Two of these marks will be awarded for using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

• The marks for questions are shown in brackets.

6/6

SECTION A: SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Answer one question from this section. You should attempt all parts of the question you choose.

Where the term research appears in a question, you may refer to theories and/or studies as appropriate.

Total for this question: 30 marks

- 1 (a) (i) Name three ethical issues that have arisen in social influence research. (3 marks)
 - (ii) Select **one** of these and explain why it is an ethical issue. (3 marks)
 - (b) Describe the findings and conclusions of **one** study of obedience to authority. (6 marks)
 - (c) 'Social influence research has identified strong pressures to conform in group situations.'
 Outline and evaluate research into majority influence. (18 marks)

Total for this question: 30 marks

- 2 (a) Describe the procedures and findings of **one** study of minority influence. (6 marks)
 - (b) Explain what is meant by the terms *internal validity* and *external validity*. (3 marks + 3 marks)
 - (c) Discuss ethical issues arising from studies of obedience to authority. Refer to at least two studies of obedience in your answer. (18 marks)

SECTION B: RESEARCH METHODS

Answer the question from this section. You should attempt all parts of the question.

Total for this question: 30 marks

3 Researchers were interested to see what effect rewards have on learning. Twenty laboratory rats were tested on their ability to learn to run through a maze. To run through the maze, each rat had to make a series of turns to reach a reward at the end. Each rat ran the maze on its own. Ten of the rats received a reward (a pellet of food) every time they completed the maze. The other ten rats received a reward (a pellet of food) every third time they completed the maze.

The researchers counted the number of attempts it needed for each rat to complete the maze without making any mistakes. A high score would indicate that more attempts were needed to learn the maze. The results are shown in **Table 1** on the next page.

	Group 1 Rewarded every time	Group 2 Rewarded every third time
	16	11
	13	9
	8	13
	12	26
	17	15
	17	17
	15	16
	11	10
	21	13
	17	13
Mean	14.70	14.30
Standard Deviation	3.55	4.58

Table 1: Table to show the number of attempts needed	to learn the maze
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(a)	(i)	The mean was used in Table 1 . Give one other measure of central tender could have been used. Justify your answer.	ncy that (3 marks)
	(ii)	What do the standard deviations tell us about the data in Table 1?	(3 marks)
(b)	State	e the independent variable (IV) and dependent variable (DV) in this study. (2 marks)	+2 marks)
(c)	Writ	e a non-directional hypothesis for this study.	(2 marks)
(d)	(d) Describe one or more conclusion(s) that could be drawn from the findings of this experiment. (3 marks)		
(e)	(i)	This experiment used an independent groups design. Outline one advant one disadvantage of using an independent groups design. (2 marks)	age and + 2 marks)
	(ii)	Explain how the disadvantage you outlined in part (e) (i) could be dealt w	vith. (2 marks)
(f)	(i)	What is meant by the term <i>reliability</i> ?	(1 mark)
	(ii)	Outline one way of assessing reliability.	(2 marks)
(g)	This	study was a laboratory experiment. Discuss one advantage and one weak	ness of

(g) This study was a laboratory experiment. Discuss **one** advantage and **one** weakness of using a laboratory experiment. (3 marks + 3 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

There are no questions printed on this page