MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

9702 PHYSICS

9702/22

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

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Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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		GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9702	22	
1	amp	in / K bere / amp / A w mole / mol and candela / Cd]		B1 B1	[2]
		rgy OR work = force × distance [allow any energy express s: kg m s ⁻² × m OR kg (m s ⁻¹) ² for $\frac{1}{2} mv^2$ or mc^2 (ignore any numerical factor)	ssion]	C1 M1	
		$= \text{kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}$		A0	[2]
	(ii) unit: <i>C</i> : I = kg	s: <i>ρ</i> : kg m ⁻³ g: m s ⁻² A: m ² l ₀ : m kg m ² s ⁻² / kg ² m ⁻⁶ m ² s ⁻⁴ m ² m ³ [any subject] g ⁻¹ m s ² (allow m s ² / kg)		C1 C1 A1	[3]
2	$d = 3 \times 1$	4 (allow $t = 0.2 \times 2$) $10^8 \times 0.8 \times 10^{-6}$ OR $3 \times 10^8 \times 0.4 \times 10^{-6}$ m hence distance from source to reflector = 120 m		C1 C1 C1 A1	[4]
	sound sl	f sound 300 cf speed of light 3×10^8 OR time = 240 OR time = 120 lower by factor of 10^6 OR time for one division 0.8 / 4 OR time for one division 0.4 / 2 se setting 0.2 s cm ⁻¹ [unit required]	/ 300 (= 0.4)	C1 C1 A1	[3]
3		force \times distance <u>moved</u> / displacement in the direction on a force moves in the direction of the force work is done		B1	[1]
	(b) kinetic e	nergy = $\frac{1}{2} mv^2$ = $\frac{1}{2} 0.4 (2.5)^2 = 1.25 / 1.3 J$		C1 A1	[2]
		a under graph is work done / work done = $\frac{1}{2}Fx$ 1.25 = (14 x) / 2 0.18 (0.179) m [allow x = 0.19 m using kinetic energ	y = 1.3 J]	C1 C1 A1	[3]
	• • •	both curve from $v = 2.5$ at $x = 0$ to $v = 0$ at Q ve with increasing gradient		M1 A1	[2]

	Page 3			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2013	9702	22	
4	(a)			f a couple = <u>one</u> of the forces / a force × distance d by the <u>perpendicular distance between the forces</u>		M1 A1	[2]
	(b)	(i)		ht at P (vertically) down nal reaction OR contact force at (point of contact	with the pin)	B1 P	
		(vertically) up		B1	[2]		
		(ii)	torq	ue = 35 × 0.25 (or 25) × 2 = 18 (17.5) N m		C1 A1	[2]
		(iii)		two 35N forces are equal and opposite and the weight act / reaction force are equal and opposite	and the upwar	d / B1	[1]
	((iv)	not i	n equilibrium as the (resultant) torque is not zero		B1	[1]
5	(a)	(i)		lacement is the distance the rope / particles are (above equilibrium / mean / rest / undisturbed position (not 'dista		om B1	[1]
		(ii)	1.	amplitude (= 80 / 4) = 20 mm		B1	[1]
				$v = f\lambda \text{ or } v = \lambda / T$ f = 1 / T = 1 / 0.2 (5 Hz) $v = 5 \times 1.5 = 7.5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$		C1 C1 A1	[3]
	(b)			f rope shown at equilibrium position welength, shape, peaks / wave moved $1\!$		B1 B1	[2]
	(c)	(i)		ressive as energy OR peaks OR troughs is/are to pagated (by the waves)	ransferred/mov	ed B1	[1]
		(ii)		sverse as particles/rope movement is perpendicular to bagation of the energy/wave velocity	direction of tra	vel B1	[1]
6	(a)			ork (done) / charge OR energy transferred from (electric narge	al to other forn	ns) B1	[1]
	(b)	(i)		hol / Α 18 × 10 ⁻⁹ (18 × 10 ⁻⁹ × 75) / 2.5 × 10 ⁻⁶ = 0.54 Ω		C1 C1 A1	[3]
		(ii)		<i>IR</i> 38 + (2 × 0.54) 240 / 39.08 = 6.1 (6.14) A		C1 C1 A1	[3]

	Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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	=	$I^{2}R$ or $P = VI$ and $V = IR$ or $P = V^{2}/R$ and $V = IR$ (6.14) ² × 2 × 0.54 41 (40.7) W		C1 C1 A1	[3]
	(c) area of wire is less (1/5) hence resistance greater (×5) OR R is \propto 1/A therefore R is greater				
		p.d. across wires greater so power loss in cables increases		A1	[2]
7	~ / ~ /	direction of the fields is the same OR fields are uniform (ctric field strength OR $E = V / d$ with symbols explained	OR constant	B1	[1]
	• •	uce p.d. across <u>plates</u> ease separation <u>of plates</u>		B1 B1	[2]
		 α opposite charge to β (as deflection in opposite direction) β has a range of velocities OR energies (as different deflection) 		B1	
	α al	I have same velocity OR energy (as constant deflection) re more massive (as deflection is less for greater field str		B1 B1	[3]
	(b) W = 234 Y = 4 ar			B1 B1	[2]
	(c) A = 32 a	and $B = 16$ and $C = 0$ and $D = -1$		B1	[1]