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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2011	9702	31	
(a) ((ii)	Value of k in range: 50 cm ≤ k ≤ 100 cm.		[1]	
(b) (i	iii) '	Values of d and D both with unit and d in range 4.0 ≤ d	≤ 6.0 cm.	[1]	
		sets of readings of d and D scores 5 marks, five sets so rrect trend then -1 . Supervisor's help -1 .	ores 4 marks etc.	[5]	
	Ranç	ge of d : $\Delta d \ge 40$ cm.		[1]	
	Column headings: Each column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate. There must be some distinguishing mark between the quantity and the unit, for example d/m , $d(m)$, $1/D(m^{-1})$.				
	Consistency of presentation of \underline{raw} readings: All values of raw d and D must be given to the nearest mm.				
	Significant figures: Significant figures for $1/D$ must be the same as, or one more than, the number used in D .				
	Calc	culation: $(D - d)/D$ calculated correctly.		[1]	
(d)	 (d) (i) Axes: Sensible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) are not allowed. Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at least half the g grid in both x and y directions. Scales must be labelled with the quantity which is being plotted. Scale markings must be no more than three large squares apart. 				
	(Plotting of points: All observations in the table must be plotted. Check that the points are correctly plotted. Work to a square in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Do not accept 'blobs' (points with diameter greater than	-		
		Quality: All points in the table must be plotted (at least 5) for this of points must be less than $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{m}^{-1}$ (0.0005 cm ⁻¹) of			
(: : !	Line of best fit: Judge by balance of <u>all</u> the points on the grid (at least 5 There must be an even distribution of points either si length. Allow one anomalous point only if clearly indicated (i.e candidate.	de of the line alon	g the full	

1

	Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2011 9702 31 (iii) Gradient: The hypotenuse of the triangle used must be at least half the length of the drawn line. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both x and y					
		Inter Eithe Che y = direc Or:	rcept: er: ck correct read-off from a point on the line mx + c. Read-off must be accurate to half a small ctions. Allow ecf of gradient value. ck the read-off of the intercept directly from the graph.			
	(e) A=	= value	e of gradient, $B = -$ (value of y-intercept).		[1]	
	A/	B = k	± 5 cm with consistent unit.		[1]	
					[Total: 20]	
2			ement of all raw values of t to nearest 0.01 mm or 0 \leq 0.50 mm.	$0.001\mathrm{mm}$ and t i	n range [1]	
	(b) (i)		α e of $ L$ in range 26.0 cm ≤ $ L$ ≤ 30.0 cm with consistent $ α$			
	(ii)	take	olute uncertainty in L in range 1–2 mm (but if repeaten then the absolute uncertainty could be half the range rect method shown to find the percentage uncertainty.		ve been [1]	
	(c) (ii)	Corr	rect calculation of <i>V</i> with consistent unit. Allow ecf.		[1]	
	(e) Va	lue of	T in range $0.7 s \le T \le 1.5 s$ with consistent unit. Super	visor help –1.	[1]	
	Ev	idence	e of repeats.		[1]	
	(f) Se	cond	value of L in range 5 cm $\leq L \leq$ 15 cm.		[1]	
	(g) Se	cond '	value of <i>T</i> .		[1]	
	Qu	ality:	second value of $T < $ first value of T .		[1]	
	(h) (i)	Two	values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.		[1]	
	(ii)	Just	ification of s.f. in k linked to raw data in L and T/t .		[1]	
	(iii)		sible comment relating to the calculated values of k , to cified by the candidate.	esting against a	criterion [1]	

Page 4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus	Paper
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(i)

	(i) Limitations 4 max.	(ii) Improvements 4 max.	Do not credit
A	Two readings are not enough (to draw a conclusion)	Take more readings and plot a graph/calculate more <i>k</i> values (and compare)	'Few readings'/'take more readings and calculate average <i>k</i> '/'only one reading'
В	Card does not swing freely/ friction between pivot and card	Make hole bigger/bush or bearing idea	
С	Difficult to judge end/start/a complete swing	Use of fiducial marker/pointer	Reaction time error/human reaction/difficult to know when to start/stop timer
D	Irregular/uneven/unusual swings/not in same vertical plane/centre of bottom rule not fixed	Method of keeping shape aligned vertically/turn off fans	
E	Oscillations die out quickly/ heavy damping	Use increased thickness of card	
F	T short/large uncertainty in T	Improved method of timing e.g. video and timer/frame-by-frame. Increase l/length of card	Use of computer/light gates/ camera/high speed camera/ too fast/time too fast/time more swings/time large no. of swings

[Total: 20]