MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/33

Paper 33 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2		2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009		Syllabus 9702	Paper 33
(b)	(i)		e for l between 0.010 and 0.080 m (1.0–8.0 cm), or $\frac{1}{2}$ value(s) to nearest mm.		
(c)	Two	o valu	les of height given.		[1]
			alculation. Ignore POT error. If method incorrect to wor nark not available.	k out <i>v</i> ,	[1]
(d)	No	help f	from supervisor.		[1]
	Ado	d up n	of values scores 3 marks, five sets scores 2 marks etc number of sets of readings for M and l and put a ringed end -1 (Correct trend M increases, l increases).		[3] ə.
	Rai	nge of	f <i>M</i> includes 100 g or 150 g and 400 g or 450 g.		[1]
	lgn The	ore ur ere mi	umn heading must contain a quantity and a unit where hits in the body of the table. ust be a distinguishing mark between the quantity and is expected, accept brackets e.g. <i>M</i> /kg, 1/m, v/m, <i>M</i> /v /	the unit.	[1]
			ncy of presentation of raw readings. s of raw <i>l</i> are given to the same number of decimal pla	ices.	[1]
	sigi	nificar	nt figures for M/v must be the same as, or one more the figures used in M or v . Check each row. If v = constant AND final (f) mark not available.		
			e specified value of M/v correct. (Expect around 1–3 k OT. If incorrect write in correct value. Allow small roun		cm ⁻¹) [1]
Gra	aph				
(e)	(i)	Scal Scal grid	s sible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) e markings should be no more than three large square es must be chosen so that the plotted points must occ in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Allow inverted axes. Do not es must be labelled with the quantity which is being pla	es apart. upy at least half allow wrong gra	the graph oh.
		Ring Worl	bservations must be plotted. Put a ringed total of plotted and check a <u>suspect plot</u> . Tick if correct. Re-plot if inc k to an accuracy of not greater than half a small square not allow blobs (i.e. diameter > half a small square).	correct.	[1]
(e)	(ii)	Judg Ther	of best fit ge by scatter of points about the candidate's line. re must be a fair scatter of points either side of the line ast 5 trend plots required.		[1]
		Judg All p Allov	lity. This mark is not available for the wrong graph or w ge by scatter of all the points about a best fit line. oints in the table (of which there must be at least 5 plo $w \pm 0.3$ cm to scale on the <i>x</i> -axis. (If $v = \text{constant}$, q (f) mark not available.)	ts) must be plotte	

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	Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
	(e)	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009 9702 33 e) (iii) Gradient. Check dy/dx [1] The hypotenuse must be at least half the length of the drawn line on the graph grid. [1] Read-offs must be read to at least half a small square. If read-off incorrect write in correct value. Be prepared to check both read-offs. If both incorrect do not allow ecf in the <i>y</i> -intercept if using one of the read-offs from the gradient.				
			cept. Check substitution only. Check both read-offs to ad from graph to half a small square as long as no fal		are. [1]	
	(f)		<u>values</u> of <i>y</i> -intercept and gradient used correctly to fin = <i>qk</i> AND <i>y</i> -intercept = <i>qC</i> or <i>y</i> -intercept = (grad/ <i>k</i>) × ([1]	
		Correct r	<i>C</i> in range 0 to \pm 1 N, consistent with unit or refer to sunethod needed. d of working out <i>v</i> incorrect or if <i>v</i> = constant in table, the			
					[Total: 20]	
2	(a)	Evidence	e of repeat measurements of <i>d</i> .		[1]	
		Value of	raw $d(s)$ given to nearest 0.1 mm or 0.01 mm (-1 if hel	p given by super	visor). [1]	
	(b)	If repeate otherwise	ige uncertainty in <i>d.</i> ed readings have been done then the uncertainty could e absolute uncertainty must be 0.1 mm or 0.01 mm cor atio idea required.			
	(d)	Method of	of calculation of l correct. 1.5 π d		[1]	
		Significa	nt figures in <i>l</i> same or one more than the raw values o	f <i>d.</i> Ignore units.	[1]	
	(e)		m_1 in range 60 to 300 g, consistent with unit. risor notes that hanger moved at 50 g allow $m_1 = 50$ g.		[1]	
	(f)	Evidence	e of repeat readings for first or second value of <i>m</i> .		[1]	
		Second	value of <i>m</i> .		[1]	
		Second	value of <i>l</i> greater than first <i>l</i> .		[1]	
		Second	value of $m \ge 2 \times m_{1}$.		[1]	
	(g)		on of the two values of m^2/l^3 or equivalent. The value and correct substitutions.		[1]	
			on consistent with candidate's <i>k</i> values. b permitted variation in <i>k</i> if candidate does not suggest	a value.	[1]	

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Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	9702	33

(h) (i) and (ii)

Sources of error or limitation. [4]			Improvements. Use of other apparatus or different procedures. [4]		
A _p	Only two readings/Two readings are not enough (to draw a valid conclusion).	As	Take many (sets of) readings <u>and plot a</u> <u>graph/find more values of <i>k</i>'s</u> . Be clear NOT just repeat readings.		
B _p	<u>Circumference/1</u> imprecise <u>because</u> helical/coiled/slanted/spiral/thickness of thread/non-uniform diameter of rod.	Bs	Mark string and measure length/wrap so coils are closer/allow for thickness of thread/ diameter to be taken at different places along/diameter taken at different angles (at same position).		
C _p	Use of (10g) increments imprecise.	Cs	Use smaller mass increments/use newtonmeter/other valid method (water or sand).		
D _p	Difficulty to judge/tell when the string starts to slip/gradual movement.	Ds	Practical method of detecting movement: fixed marker or scale/motion sensor/(travelling) microscope/measure height from table.		
E _p	Large scatter in repeated readings of mass/non-uniform surface bar/varying friction.	Es			
Fp	Difficult to add masses without swinging/pushing the hanger/masses do not fit hanger.	Fs	Lower masses slowly/support underneath and remove hand slowly/scissor jack.		

Ignore reference to light gates, video, reaction time, repeat readings, micrometer, fans, parallax or sanding.

[Total: 20]

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