UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

## MAXIMUM MARK: 30

| 1 (a) | MMO | Correct set up of the circuit without assistance. | [1] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | MMO | $n=1$ or 2 and $n=10$ or 11 must be included and no more than a gap of three. <br> 1/V increases consistently as $n$ increases (check from graph). <br> Judge quality of data by scatter of points about the best-fit line (must be 6 sets of readings minimum). | [1] [1] [1] |
|  | PDO | All columns headed. <br> $V / V$ ( $n$ ) $\left(1 / V / V^{-1}\right)$ <br> Ignore $n$ column. <br> All raw data to same precision. <br> The calculated column correct and (1/V) to same number (or 1 more) of sig. figs. | [1] [1] [1] |
| (c) (i) | PDO | Axes labelled, sensible scales chosen (at least half graph paper used and no awkward scales such as $1: 3$ or $1: 7$ ). <br> 6 points accurately plotted to within half a small square. <br> Best straight line. | [1] [1] [1] |
| (ii) | ACE | Correct calculation of gradient, using more than half the length of the drawn line. Read-offs must be accurate to half a small square. | [1] |
| (iii) | ACE | Correct calculation / read-off of the intercept. | [1] |
| (iv) | ACE | Appropriate uncertainty judged from graph. | [1] |
| (d) | ACE | Value for $E$, expect between 4-5 V. Check value is $1 / y$-intercept. | [1] |
| (e) | ACE | Suitable limitation, e.g. tolerance of resistors, voltmeter reading not steady, voltmeter graduations too large (if relevant) not parallax in reading voltmeter. | [1] |

## 2 Supervisor's Report

Check all subtractions in (a). Use the titres, corrected where necessary, to select the "best average" titre to be used as an accuracy standard using the following hierarchy.

- value of 2 identical titres
- average of titres within $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
- average of titres within $0.10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, etc.

Calculate, correct to $\mathbf{2 d p}$, the titre if the Supervisor had diluted $38.50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of solution $\mathbf{X}$.
Do not round calculated averages to nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
This is given by the expression $\frac{\text { volume of diluted solution } \mathbf{X}}{38.5} \times$ titre
Record this value on the Supervisor's script and on the candidates' scripts against the titration table.

## Candidate scripts

Check and correct all subtractions as above.
Examiner is to select best titre as above, (do not include values labelled rough unless rough is crossed out or ticked/used by candidate) and calculate the scaled titre for $38.50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of solution $\mathbf{X}$. If no volume of solution $\mathbf{X}$ diluted has been given, assume candidate has used $38.50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
Record the value against the titration table and calculate the difference to Supervisor.

| (a) | MMO <br> PDO <br> MMO <br> MMO <br> ACE | Give one mark for an initial precipitate formed in each box on addition of NaOH or $\mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$. <br> Give one mark for reporting the solubility / insolubility of any initial precipitate on adding excess reagent. <br> Give one mark for green, (dark, dirty or muddy green acceptable but not grey-green) ppt. with $\mathbf{P}$ which, in at least one case, turns brown on standing. <br> Give one mark for brown, orange-brown, red-brown or rust coloured ppt. with mixture of $\mathbf{P}$ and $\mathbf{Q}$. <br> Identifies $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$. <br> Q has acted as an oxidant/oxidising agent/oxidiser | [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [Total: 5] |  |  |  |
| (b) $\begin{gathered}\text { (i) } \\ \text { (ii) }\end{gathered}$ | PDO | Tabulates initial and final burette readings and volume added in both tables. <br> Table has correct labels and units ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ). <br> Tabulation may be vertical or horizontal. <br> Ignore absence of units. <br> Do NOT award this mark if any final and initial burette readings are inverted or 50 is used as the initial burette reading. | [1] |
|  | PDO | Both burette readings in the dilution table and the final and initial burette readings for all accurate titres in the titration table recorded to the nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. | [1] |
| (i) | MMO | Follows instructions - dilutes $38.00 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ to $39.00 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ (uncorrected) of solution $\mathbf{X}$. | [1] |
| (ii) | MMO | Has at least two uncorrected titres within $0.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Titre labelled 'rough' may be included. | [1] |


| (ii) | MMO | Accuracy marks - ranges. <br> Give two marks if difference to Supervisor's value is $\mathbf{0 . 3} \mathbf{c m}^{\mathbf{3}}$ or less. Give one mark only for a difference of $0.3 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ to $0.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Give neither mark for a difference greater than $0.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. | [2] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (iii) | ACE | Working must be shown in this section or the selected titres ticked in the titration table. <br> Candidate selects/calculates appropriate "average" from any titre values within $0.20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> Candidate is permitted to use a titre labelled "rough" or "trial". <br> Where all titres are given to 1 decimal place the average should be calculated correct to 1 or 2 decimal places. <br> Where any titre is recorded to 2 decimal places, the average should be calculated to 2 decimal places or rounded to the nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. | [1] |
| (iv) | ACE | $\frac{25.0}{1000} \times \frac{3.40}{40.0}=2.125 \times 10^{-3}$ | [1] |
| (v) <br> (vi) | ACE | $\begin{aligned} & \times \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{250}{\text { titre }} \text { correctly evaluated } \\ & \text { and } \times \frac{1000}{\text { vol diluted }} \text { correctly evaluated } \end{aligned}$ | [1] |
| (iv)-(vi) | PDO | Working shown and <br> $\mathbf{3}$ or $\mathbf{4}$ significant figures given in each answer attempted for sections 1-3. <br> A minimum of two sections attempted is required before this mark can be awarded. | [1] |
| [Total: 10] |  |  |  |

