CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level



8780 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

8780/02

Paper 2 (Short Response), maximum raw mark 30

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Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE AS LEVEL – October/November 2013	8780	02	
1	systematic: always looking from above/below random : looking from different angles <i>both required</i>				
2	lower peak <u>a</u> starts at (0,0	nd higher modal energy), crosses original line once only and asymptotic to <i>x</i> -a	xis	[1] [1]	
3	(a) vanadiui	m pentoxide / V_2O_5 / vanadium(V) oxide		[1]	
	(b) a catalys a (much proportio	st provides an alternative route of lower activation ener) higher proportion of molecules now possess activatio on of collisions are successful)	gy n energy (and s	[1] o a higher [1]	
4	(a) correct o correct r	order of orbital levels (3d <u>above</u> 4s) naximum electron numbers s = 2(×2); p = 6(×3); d = 10	D(×1)	[1] [1]	
	(b) (1s ² 2s ² 2	թ ⁶) 3s²3թ⁶3d²		[1]	
5	(a) (decreas	sing) acceleration then constant velocity/speed		[1]	
	(b) any two from: initially weight of the ball is greater than the air resistance friction/air resistance increases with increasing velocity/speed/as it falls (at terminal velocity) frictional force/air resistance equals weight of sphere or resultant for is zero / forces balanced				
6	(a) AgBr/silv	ver bromide		[1]	
	(b) red/oran Cl ₂ + 2	ge/brown solution formed Br ⁻ \rightarrow Br ₂ + 2C l^-		[1] [1]	
7	(initiation sta	ge) $Br_2 \rightarrow 2Br_{\bullet}$		[1]	
	(propagation stages) C_2H_6 + Br• $\rightarrow C_2H_5$ • + HBr C_2H_5 + Br ₂ $\rightarrow C_2H_5Br$ + Br•				

ignore any termination equations and any dots on the 'wrong' carbon atom

	Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
		GCE AS LEVEL – October/November 2013	8780	02		
8	(a) <u>use of</u> v (f=) 4.2	= $f\lambda$ (e.g. 3 × 10 ⁸ = f × 720 × 10 ⁹) × 10 ¹⁴ (Hz)		[1] [1]		
	(b) number a point)	of oscillations per unit time / number of wavele per unit time	engths / wavefr	onts (passing [1]		
	(c) v = fλ a	nd as <i>f</i> does not change, λ must decrease (o.w.t.t.e.)		[1]		
9	estimates of <u>and</u> the aver	the mass of the cup of tea (50 – 750g) age $M_{ m r}$ of a molecule (20 \pm 5)		[1]		
	amount of m	oles $n = \text{mass}/M_r$ (= 2 to 50)		[1]		
	number of m allow e.c.f. th	olecules = $N_A \times n$ (= 1 × 10 ²⁴ to 3 × 10 ²⁵) proughout		[1]		
10	random: the	fluctuations in the count rate (for each time interval)		[1]		
	spontaneous	: the similar count rate / same average count rate (in th	ne two experime	nts) [1]		
11	(a) compour	nd A :1-chloropropene		[1]		
		$=C^{\prime}$				
	Н	~~н		[1]		
	(b) (in comp	oound A) there are difference groups in C1 and on C2 (o.w.t.t.e.)	[1]		
	[Total: 30]					