

Teacher Resource Bank

GCE Music 2270

MUSC4 Music in Context

Additional Specimen Questions



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The music excerpts for the Section A questions are provided on the CD which accompanies the Specimen Paper.

The track numbers (6–11) are given at the start of each question.

On this CD, the tracks are played once only.



SECTION A

	CD	Trac	K	6
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CE	CD Track 6					
1		You will hear an excerpt from <i>The</i> will be played three times.	e Rake's Progress,	a ballet by Gavin Gordon.	The music	
1	(a)	The music begins with a passage word which best describes the tex	•		Give the	
		Strings				
		Wind			(2 marks)	
1	(b)	Underline two melodic features the	nat you can hear in	this excerpt.		
		always diatonic	angular	fragmentation		
		sequences	so	ome chromatic notes		
		sequences	sc	ome chromatic notes	(2 marks)	
1	(c)	sequences Underline two harmonic features			(2 marks)	
1	(c)				(2 marks)	
1	(c)	Underline two harmonic features	that you can hear i	n this excerpt.	(2 marks)	
1	(c)	Underline two harmonic features diminished sevenths	that you can hear i	n this excerpt. false relation	(2 marks)	
1	(c)	Underline two harmonic features diminished sevenths	that you can hear i	n this excerpt. false relation suspensions		
		Underline two harmonic features diminished sevenths frequent modulation	that you can hear in drone ons that you can hear in	n this excerpt. false relation suspensions		

(2 marks)



You will hear an excerpt from *Symphony No. 2* by Sibelius. The music will be played **three** times, with pauses between each playing. A plan of the excerpt is given below.

Section A	Section B	Brief	Section C	Section D
Strings alone	Strings and wind	silence	Begins with	Strings alone
	Horns alone		two flutes	
	Some of the			
	music repeated			

Se	Section A				
2	(a)	Suggest a suitable time signature.			
2	(b)	Which harmonic device is used?			
		(2 marks			
Se	ction	В			
2	(c)	Name the cadence at the end of the music for strings and wind.			
2	(d)	How does the horns' music relate to the music the oboes have played previously?			
		(2 marks			



Section C					
2	(e)	Section C is played by flutes, bassoons and timpani. Point out four musical features.			
Se	ction	(4 marks)			
2	(f)	Which musical device is used?			
		(1 mark)			



You will hear an excerpt from the ballet *Appalachian Spring* by Aaron Copland. The music will be played **three** times, with pauses between each playing. A plan of the music is given below.

Section A	Section B	Section C
Clarinet melody with flute	Oboe and bassoon	Strings, trombones and
and harp accompaniment	melody with wind and	horns melody with full
	brass accompaniment	orchestra

٥-	ction	Δ.					
26	ction	A					
3	(a)	Describe the acc	ompaniment.				
		•••••					(2 marks)
80	ction	В					
Эе	Cuon	Ь					
3	(b)	What is the interv Underline your ar	val between the obcasswer.	e and the bass	oon parts?		
		third	sixth	octave	tenth	fifteenth	
							(1 mark)
							,
3	(c)	Which of the follounderline your ar	wing describes the nswer.	key of Section	B?		
		a tone lowe	r than Section A	a ton	e higher than	Section A	
		a third lowe	r than Section A	a thii	d higher than	Section A	
			the same	key as Section	n A		
							(1 mark)
Se	ction	С					
3	(d)	Name the compo	sitional device that	is used.			
							(1 mark)



3	(e)	Comment on the accompaniment.	
			(3 marks)
Fo	r the	whole excerpt	
3	(f)	What is the tonality?	
			(1 mark)
3	(g)	Suggest a suitable time signature.	
			(1 mark)

You will hear an excerpt from an English Folk Dance called *Jenny Pluck Pears*. The music will be played **three** times, with pauses between each playing. An outline of the excerpt is given below.

Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4
Solo instrument	Flute solo with string	Two solo	Violin melody
	accompaniment	instruments	

Fo	For the whole excerpt						
4	(a)	Give a suitable tim	ne signature.				
							(1 mark)
4	(b)	What is the tonality	y?				
							(1 mark)
Se	ction	1					
4	(c)	What is the range	of the melody?				
							(1 mark)
Se	ction	2					
4	(d)	What term best de	scribes the tex	ture of the accomp	paniment?		
							(1 mark)
4	(e)	What harmonic de	vice is used in	the final chord of t	his section?		
							(1 mark)
Se	ction	3					
4	(f)	What term best de Underline your ans		sical device used	by the two solo	instruments?	
		antiphony	canon	diminution	fugue	inversion	

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(1 mark)

Section 4

4	(g)	The violin melody is heard twice with accompaniment from strings, harp and wind. Comment on how the composer uses these instruments.
		Strings
		Harp
		Wind
		(4 marks)



- You will hear an excerpt from a piece of chamber music. The music will be played **three** times.
- **5 (a)** Which **one** of the following terms describes how the string instruments are being played at the beginning? Underline your answer.

col legno con sordino sul ponticello tremolando

(1 mark)

5 (b) Underline **two** of the melodic features that you can hear in this excerpt.

always diatonic angular fragmentation

mostly conjunct some chromatic notes

(2 marks)

5 (c) Underline two harmonic features that you can hear in this excerpt.

added sevenths and ninths augmented sixth chords functional harmony pedal notes remaining in the same key

(2 marks)

5 (d) Underline two rhythmic features that you can hear in this excerpt.

diminution triplet rhythms hemiola irregular phrase lengths ostinato

(2 marks)

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$\mathbf{c}\mathbf{p}$	116	ICK	

- You will hear an excerpt from a symphonic movement. The music will be played **three** times, with pauses between each playing.
- **6 (a)** Which word best describes the opening of the trumpets' melody? Underline your answer.

		angular chi	romatic conjun	ct triadic	(1 mark)
6	(b)	The woodwind and horns repea	at the opening melody	. Comment on the melodic	
					(1 mark)
3	(c)	Which instrument plays the ope	ening melody the third	time it is heard?	
					(1 mark)
6	(d)	Describe two features of the ha	armony of this excerp	t.	(1.11411)
					(2 marks)
6	(e)	Give the name of three percuss	sion instruments whicl	n feature in this excerpt.	
					(3 marks)



SECTION B : HISTORICAL STUDY – AREA OF STUDY 1 THE WESTERN CLASSICAL TRADITION

Set Work - Mahler: Symphony No. 4 in G major

Mahler handles the orchestra in a unique and innovative way, giving the 'sound' exceptional clarity. Discuss this view, referring to the first **two** movements of the Fourth Symphony.

(30 marks)

Set Work - Vaughan Williams: Symphony No.5 in D

Vaughan Williams' scoring and innovative use of orchestral texture are the hallmarks of his musical language.

Discuss this view referring to the **first** movement of the Fifth Symphony. (30 marks)



SECTION C: HISTORICAL STUDY - AREAS OF STUDY 3a - c

Area of Study 3a English Choral Music in the 20th Century

Write an account of an important piece of choral music that you have studied explaining some of the different musical ways the composer has written for the chorus and/or solo voices. In your answer you should refer to texture, and melodic, rhythmic and harmonic writing as appropriate.

(30 marks)

Area of Study 3b Chamber Music from Mendelssohn to Debussy

Choose a movement from a piece of chamber music that you have studied and write a critical commentary on it. In your answer you should refer to the composer's use of musical form, melody, harmony, rhythm, texture and timbre as appropriate. (30 marks)

Area of Study 3c Four Decades of Jazz and Blues 1910 - 1950

Write an essay explaining the different types of music which existed in the early 20th century which gave rise to jazz. In your answer you should refer to specific composers and specific compositions commenting on their use of musical form, melody, harmony, rhythm, texture and timbre as appropriate. (30 marks)

