# шјес <br> GCE AS/A level <br> cbac 

0983/01
MATHEMATICS - S1

## Statistics

A.M. WEDNESDAY, 15 June 2016

1 hour 30 minutes plus your additional time allowance

## ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this examination paper, you will need:
a 12 page answer book;
a Formula Booklet;
a calculator;
statistical tables (Murdoch and Barnes or RND/WJEC Publications).

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen or your usual method.

Answer ALL questions.
Sufficient working must be shown to demonstrate the MATHEMATICAL method employed.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

1. The events $\boldsymbol{A}$ and $B$ are such that

$$
P(A)=0.3, P(B)=0.4
$$

Evaluate $\boldsymbol{P}(A \cup B)$ in each of the following cases.
(a) $\boldsymbol{A}$ and $\boldsymbol{B}$ are mutually exclusive.
[2 marks]
(b) $\boldsymbol{A}$ and $\boldsymbol{B}$ are independent.
[3 marks]
(c) $P(A \mid B)=0.25$.
[4 marks]
2. In a certain population, 45\% are male and $55 \%$ are female. It is known that $3 \%$ of the males have red hair while $5 \%$ of the females have red hair. One of the members of the population is selected at random.
(a) Calculate the probability that the selected person has red hair.
[3 marks]
(b) Given that the selected person has red hair, calculate the probability that this person is female.
[3 marks]
3. The random variable $X$ has a Poisson distribution with mean 2.
The random variable $Y=a X+\boldsymbol{b}$ where $\boldsymbol{a}, \boldsymbol{b}$ are positive constants.
(a) Given that the mean and the variance of $Y$ are both equal to $\mathbf{8}$, determine the values of $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{b}$
[6 marks]
(b) Bethan states that, because the mean and variance of $\mathbf{Y}$ are equal, it must follow a Poisson distribution.

Explain briefly why this is not the case.
[1 mark]
4. The committee of a social club contains 8 members, of which 4 are Welsh, 2 are English and 2 are Irish. A sub-committee of 3 members is to be set up and it is decided to select the 3 members at random.
(a) Calculate the probability that the sub-committee contains
(i) no Welsh members,
(ii) one member of each nationality.
[5 marks]
(b) Jack is a member of the committee.

Find the probability that he is selected for the sub-committee.
[2 marks]
5. Customers arrive at a shop such that the number of arrivals in a time interval of duration $\boldsymbol{t}$ minutes follows a Poisson distribution with mean 0-2t.
(a) Without the use of tables, determine the probability that the number of arrivals between 10:00 a.m. and 10:30 a.m. is
(i) exactly 5
(ii) more than 3
[6 marks]
(b) Given that the probability of exactly 5 arrivals in an interval of duration $t$ minutes is 0.0602 where $t<30$
use tables to determine the value of $\boldsymbol{t}$
[3 marks]
6. In a shooting range at a country fair, customers pay $£ 5$ to fire $\mathbf{8}$ shots at a target. Let $X$ denote the number of shots which hit the target. Prizes are awarded according to the following rules.

If $X<2$, no prize is awarded.
If $X=2$, a prize of $\mathcal{E} 10$ is awarded.
If $X>2$, a prize of $£ 25$ is awarded.
Jim decides to spend $£ 5$ to fire 8 shots.
You may assume that the probability of one of his shots hitting the target is $0 \cdot 12$ and that successive shots are independent.
(a) Calculate the probability that he wins
(i) no prize,
(ii) a $£ 10$ prize,
(iii) a $£ 25$ prize.
[5 marks]
(b) Calculate his expected profit, giving your answer correct to two decimal places.
[2 marks]
7. The discrete random variable $X$ has the following probability distribution.

| $x$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $P(X=x)$ | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $a$ | $b$ |

where $\boldsymbol{a}, \boldsymbol{b}$ are positive constants.
(a) (i) Show that

$$
a+b=0.4
$$

(ii) Given that $E(X)=2 \cdot 85$, obtain a second equation involving $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{b}$
Hence determine the value of $\boldsymbol{a}$ and the value of $\boldsymbol{b}$
[5 marks]
(b) Given that $X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$ are independent observations of the random variable $X$ determine $P\left(X_{1}+X_{2} \leqslant 4\right)$.
[4 marks]
8. Jane is solving a problem in which she has to calculate $P(X=2)$
where $X$ has a Poisson distribution with mean 3 .
Unfortunately, she has no statistical tables with her and her simple calculator has no $\boldsymbol{e}^{\boldsymbol{X}}$ button and it can only carry out arithmetic operations.

She decides to use an appropriate binomial distribution to give an approximate value for $P(X=2)$
She takes $\boldsymbol{n}=50$.
(a) What value of $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ should she take?
[2 marks]
(b) Write down and evaluate an arithmetic expression giving her approximate value correct to four decimal places.
[2 marks]
(c) Show that the approximation is within $1 \%$ of the value obtained from the appropriate Poisson table.
[3 marks]
9. The time, $X$ hours, in the evening that Bill spends on his homework has probability density function $\boldsymbol{f}_{\text {given by }}$
$f(x)=k(2 x-1)$
$f(x)=0$

## for $1 \leqslant x \leqslant 2$

 otherwise,where $\boldsymbol{K}$ is a constant.
(a) (i) Find an expression in terms of $K$ and $X$ for $F(X)$, valid for $1 \leqslant X \leqslant 2$, where $F_{\text {denotes the cumulative distribution }}$ function of $X$.
(ii) Hence show that $k=\frac{1}{2}$.
[5 marks]

9(b) Determine
(i) $E(X)$,
(ii) the median of $X$,
(iii) the probability that, on a randomly chosen evening, Bill spends longer than 1.5 hours on his homework.
[9 marks]

END OF PAPER

