WJEC GCE ASIA level CBAC

0974/01

MATHEMATICS - C2

## PURE MATHEMATICS

A.M. THURSDAY, 22 May 2014

1 hour 30 minutes plus your additional time allowance

## ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this examination paper, you will need:
a 12 page answer book;
a Formula Booklet;
a calculator.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink, black ball-point pen or your usual method.

Answer ALL questions.

Sufficient working must be shown to demonstrate the MATHEMATICAL method employed.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

1(a) Use the Trapezium Rule with five ordinates to find an approximate value for the integral

$$
\int_{1}^{3} \log _{10}(3 x-1) d x
$$

Show your working and give your answer correct to three decimal places.
[4 marks]
(b) USE YOUR ANSWER TO PART (a) to deduce an approximate value for the integral

$$
\int_{1}^{3} \log _{10}(3 x-1)^{2} d x
$$

[1 mark]

2(a) Find all values of $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ in the range $0^{\circ} \leqslant \theta \leqslant 360^{\circ}$ satisfying $4 \cos ^{2} \theta+1=4 \sin ^{2} \theta-2 \cos \theta$.
[6 marks]
(b) The angle $\alpha$ satisfies
$\sin \left(\alpha+40^{\circ}\right)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
and

$$
\sin \left(\alpha-35^{\circ}\right)=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}
$$

Given that $\mathbf{0}^{\circ}<\alpha<\mathbf{1 8 0}^{\circ}$, find the value of $\alpha$.
[3 marks]
(c) Find all values of $\phi$ in the range $0^{\circ} \leqslant \phi \leqslant 360^{\circ}$ satisfying
$\frac{7}{\cos \phi}-\frac{10}{\sin \phi}=0$
[3 marks]
3. The diagram below shows a sketch of the triangle
$A B C$ with
$\sin A=\frac{4}{5}$
$\sin B=\frac{8}{17}$
$\cos C=-\frac{13}{85}$
$A C=x \mathrm{~cm}$ and $B C=y \mathrm{~cm}$.

(a) Show that $y=1 \cdot 7 x$
[2 marks]
(b) Given that $A B=10.5 \mathrm{~cm}$, use the cosine RULE to find the exact value of $\boldsymbol{X}$
[4 marks]

4(a) An arithmetic series has first term $\boldsymbol{a}$ and common difference $d$.

Prove that the sum of the first $\boldsymbol{\eta}$ terms of the series is given by

$$
s_{n}=\frac{n}{2}[2 a+(n-1) d]
$$

[3 marks]
(b) The first term of an arithmetic series is $\mathbf{3}$ and the common difference is $\mathbf{2}$. The sum of the first $\boldsymbol{\eta}$ terms of the series is $\mathbf{3 6 0}$
Write down an equation satisfied by $\boldsymbol{n}$. Hence find the value of $\boldsymbol{n}$.
[3 marks]
(c) The tenth term of another arithmetic series is seven times the third term. The sum of the eighth and ninth terms of the series is $\mathbf{8 0}$. Find the first term and common difference of this arithmetic series.
[4 marks]
5. A geometric series has first term $\boldsymbol{Q}$ and common ratio $\boldsymbol{I}$. The sum of the second and third terms of the series is $\mathbf{- 2 1 6}$. The sum of the fifth and sixth terms of the series is 8
(a) Prove that $r=-\frac{1}{3}$
[5 marks]
(b) Find the sum to infinity of the series.
[3 marks]

## 8

6(a) Find $\int\left(\frac{5}{x^{\frac{3}{4}}}-7 \sqrt{x}\right) d x \quad$ [2 marks]
(b) The diagram opposite shows a sketch of the curve $y=16-x^{2}$ and the line $y=x+10$ The line and the curve intersect at the points $A$ and $B$.
(i) Find the coordinates of $\boldsymbol{A}$ and $B$.
(ii) Find the area of the shaded region.
[10 marks]


## 9

7(a) Solve the equation

$$
3^{\frac{5 x}{4}-2}=7
$$

Show your working and give your answer correct to three decimal places.
[3 marks]
(b) The positive numbers $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{b}$ are such that

$$
\log _{a} b=5
$$

(i) Express $\boldsymbol{b}$ as a power of $\boldsymbol{a}$.
(ii) USING YOUR ANSWER TO PART (i), evaluate $\log _{b} a$.
[3 marks]

8(a) The circle $C_{1}$ has centre $A(-2,9)$ and radius 5 . The circle $C_{2}$ has centre $B(10,-7)$ and radius 15
(i) Show that $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$ touch, justifying your answer.
(ii) Given that the circles touch at the point $P(1,5)$, find the equation of the common tangent at $P$.
[7 marks]
(b) Gareth, who has been asked by his teacher to investigate the properties of another circle $C_{3}$, claims that the equation of this circle $C_{3}$ is given by

$$
x^{2}+y^{2}+4 x-6 y+20=0
$$

Show that Gareth cannot possibly be correct.
[3 marks]
9.


The diagram shows a circle with centre $O$ and radius $\boldsymbol{r} \mathbf{C M}$. The points $P$ and $Q$ are on the circle and $P O Q=0.9$ radians. The tangent to the circle at $P$ intersects the line $O Q$ produced at the point $S$.
(a) Find an expression in terms of $\boldsymbol{\Gamma}$ for
(i) the area of sector $P O Q$,
(ii) the length of $P S$,
(iii) the area of triangle $P O S$.
[3 marks]
(b) Given that the area of the shaded region is $95.22 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, find the value of $r$.
[3 marks]

