

Question number	Scheme	Marks
1.	<p>Uses $\frac{du}{dx} = 6x$</p> <p>To give $\int \frac{1}{u^2} \frac{du}{3}$</p> <p>Integrates to give $-\frac{1}{3u}$</p> <p>Uses correct limits 16 and 4 (or 2 and 0 for x)</p> <p>To obtain $-\frac{1}{48} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{16}$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1, A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 (6)</p> <p>(6 marks)</p>
2.	<p>Differentiates w.r.t. x to give</p> $3x^2, -2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y, -4 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ <p>At (4, 3)</p> $48 - (8y' + 6) - 4 + 27y' = 0$ $\Rightarrow y' = -\frac{38}{19} = -2$ <p>\therefore Gradient of normal is $\frac{1}{2}$</p> $\therefore y - 3 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 4)$ <p>i.e. $2y - 6 = x - 4$</p> $x - 2y + 2 = 0$	<p>M1, B1, A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 (8)</p> <p>(8 marks)</p>

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3.	<p>(a) $\frac{1+14x}{(1-x)(1+2x)} \equiv \frac{A}{1-x} + \frac{B}{1+2x}$ and attempt A and or B $A = 5, B = -4$</p> <p>(b) $\int \frac{5}{1-x} - \frac{4}{1+2x} dx = [-5 \ln 1-x - 2 \ln 1+2x]$ $= (-5 \ln \frac{2}{3} - 2 \ln \frac{5}{3}) - (-5 \ln \frac{5}{6} - 2 \ln \frac{4}{3})$ $= 5 \ln \frac{5}{4} + 2 \ln \frac{4}{5}$ $= 3 \ln \frac{5}{4} = \ln \frac{125}{64}$</p> <p>(c) $5(1-x)^{-1} - 4(1+2x)^{-1}$ $= 5(1+x+x^2+x^3) - 4(1-2x + \frac{(-1)(-2)(2x)^2}{2} + \frac{(-1)(-2)(-3)(2x)^3}{6} + \dots)$ $= 1 + 13x - 11x^2 + 37x^3 \dots$</p>	<p>M1 A1, A1 (3) M1 A1 M1 M1 A1 (5) B1 ft M1 A1 M1 A1 (5) (13 marks)</p>
4.	<p>(a) $11 + 4\lambda = 24 + 7\mu$ $5 + 2\lambda = 4 + \mu$ $6 + 4\lambda = 13 + 5\mu$ $5 = 11 + 2\mu$ $\therefore \mu = -3; \lambda = -2$ <u>Check</u> in 3rd equation</p> <p>(b) Use $\mu = -3$ or $\lambda = -2$ to obtain $(3, 1, -2)$</p> <p>(c) $\cos \theta = \frac{4 \times 7 + 2 \times 1 + 4 \times 5}{\sqrt{4^2 + 2^2 + 4^2} \sqrt{7^2 + 1^2 + 5^2}} = \frac{50}{\sqrt{36} \sqrt{75}}$ $\therefore \cos \theta = \frac{50}{6 \times 5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{50\sqrt{3}}{90} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{9}$</p>	<p>Give 2 of these equations and eliminate variable to find λ or μ, find other M1 A1 A1 B1 (4) M1 A1 (2) M1 A1 M1 A1 (4) (10 marks)</p>

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5.	<p>(a) $\frac{dx}{dt} = -\sin t, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 2 \cos 2t \quad \therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2 \cos 2t}{-\sin t}$</p> <p>(b) $2 \cos 2t = 0 \quad \therefore 2t = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{2}$ So $t = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$</p> <p>(c) $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -1\right) \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 1\right) \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -1\right)$</p> <p>(d) $y = 2 \sin t \cos t$ $= 2 \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 t} \cos t = 2x \sqrt{1 - x^2}$</p> <p>(e) $y = -2x \sqrt{1 - x^2}$</p>	<p>M1 A1 A1 (3)</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 A1 (3)</p> <p>M1 A1 (2)</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1 A1 (3)</p> <p>B1 (1)</p> <p>(12 marks)</p>
6.	<p>(a) $R = \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) dx = -2x^2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + \int 4x \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) dx$ $= -2x^2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 8x \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - \int 8 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$ $= -2x^2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 8x \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 16 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$</p> <p>Use limits to obtain $[8\pi^2 - 16] - [8\pi]$</p> <p>(b) Requires 11.567</p> <p>(c) (i) Area = $\frac{\pi}{4}, [9.8696 + 0 + 2 \times 15.702]$ (B1 for $\frac{\pi}{4}$ in (i) or $\frac{\pi}{8}$ in (ii)) = 32.42</p> <p>(ii) Area = $\frac{\pi}{8} [9.8696 + 0 + 2(14.247 + 15.702 + 11.567)]$ = 36.48</p>	<p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1 A1 (7)</p> <p>B1 (1)</p> <p>B1, M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 (5)</p> <p>(13 marks)</p>

Question	Mark Scheme	Marks
7. (a)	$\frac{dM}{dt} = -kM$, where $k > 0$	M1 A1 (2)
(b)	$\frac{dM}{dt} = \ln(0.98) \times 10(0.98)^t = -0.02M$	B1, B1 (2)
(c)	$\int \frac{10 dM}{10M-1} = -\int k dt.$ $\ln(10M-1) = -kt + c$ <p>At $t = 0$ $M = 10 \therefore c = \ln 99$</p> $\text{At } t = 10 \text{ } M = 8.5 \therefore k = \frac{1}{10} \ln \frac{99}{84} (= 0.0164).$ <p>Uses $10M - 1 = 99 e^{-kt}$ with values for k and $t = 15$</p> <p>To give 7.8 grams</p>	B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 (9) (13 marks)

Qn	Specifications Section	AO1	AO2	AO3	AO4	AO5	Totals	Synoptic Marks Total
Q1	5.3	4	2				6	5
Q2	4.1	5	3				8	6
Q3	1, 3, 5.1, 5.4	5	6	2			13	8
Q4	6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.5, 6.6	4	5	1			10	4
Q5	2, 4.1,	5	6	1			12	10
Q6	5.1, 5.3, 5.6	4	4			5	13	8
Q7	4.3, 4.2, 5.5	3	2	1	5	2	13	4
	TOTAL	30	28	5	5	7	75	45