

3.

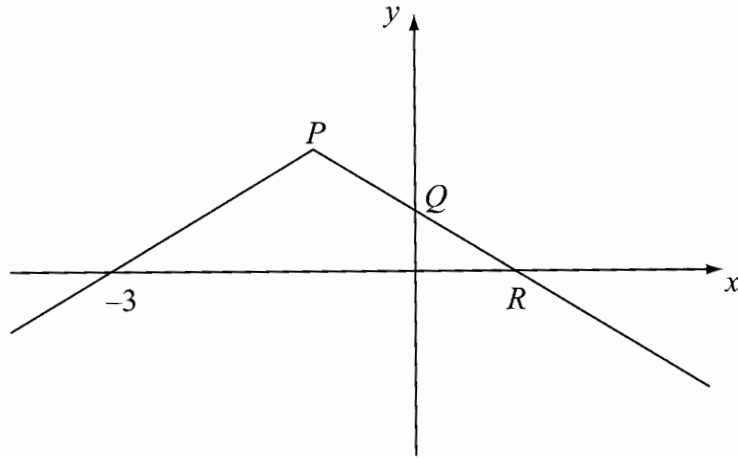


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the graph of $y = f(x)$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

The graph consists of two line segments that meet at the point P .

The graph cuts the y -axis at the point Q and the x -axis at the points $(-3, 0)$ and R .

Sketch, on separate diagrams, the graphs of

(a) $y = |f(x)|$, (2)

(b) $y = f(-x)$. (2)

Given that $f(x) = 2 - |x + 1|$,

(c) find the coordinates of the points P , Q and R , (3)

(d) solve $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x$. (5)



Question 3 continued

Handwriting practice lines for the answer to Question 3. The page contains 26 horizontal dashed lines for writing.



Question 3 continued

Handwriting practice area with horizontal lines.



4. The function f is defined by

$$f: x \mapsto \frac{2(x-1)}{x^2-2x-3} - \frac{1}{x-3}, \quad x > 3.$$

(a) Show that $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$, $x > 3$. (4)

(b) Find the range of f . (2)

(c) Find $f^{-1}(x)$. State the domain of this inverse function. (3)

The function g is defined by

$$g: x \mapsto 2x^2 - 3, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

(d) Solve $fg(x) = \frac{1}{8}$. (3)



Question 4 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 4.



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Question 4 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 4.

Q4

(Total 12 marks)



Question 5 continued

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(Total 8 marks)

Q5



Question 6 continued

Lined writing area for Question 6.



Question 6 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 6.

(Total 14 marks)

Q6

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Question 7 continued

Lined writing area consisting of approximately 35 horizontal lines for handwritten answers.



6. (a) Differentiate with respect to x ,

(i) $e^{3x}(\sin x + 2 \cos x)$, (3)

(ii) $x^3 \ln(5x + 2)$. (3)

Given that $y = \frac{3x^2 + 6x - 7}{(x+1)^2}$, $x \neq -1$,

(b) show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{20}{(x+1)^3}$. (5)

(c) Hence find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ and the real values of x for which $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -\frac{15}{4}$. (3)

