# GCE 2004 November Series 

## Mark Scheme

## Mathematics and Statistics B MBD1

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## Key to Mark Scheme

| M | mark is for | method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for | method |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m mark and is for | accuracy |
| B | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for | method and accuracy |
| E | mark is for | explanation |
| $\checkmark$ or ft |  | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| cao |  | correct answer only |
| cso |  | correct solution only |
| awfw |  | anything which falls within |
| awrt |  | anything which rounds to |
| acf |  | any correct form |
| ag |  | answer given |
| sc |  | special case |
| oe |  | or equivalent |
| sf |  | significant figure(s) |
| dp |  | decimal place(s) |
| A2,1 |  | 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks |
| $-x$ ee |  | deduct $x$ marks for each error |
| PI |  | possibly implied |
| sca |  | substantially correct approach |

## Abbreviations used in Marking

| MC $-\boldsymbol{x}$ | deducted $x$ marks for mis-copy |
| :--- | :---: |
| MR $-\boldsymbol{x}$ | deducted $x$ marks for mis-read |
| isw | ignored subsequent working |
| bod | gave benefit of doubt |
| wr | work replaced by candidate |
| $\mathbf{f b}$ | formulae book |

## Application of Mark Scheme

## Correct answer without working <br> Incorrect answer without working

## mark as in scheme <br> zero marks unless specified otherwise

Award method and accuracy marks as appropriate to an alternative solution using a correct method or partially correct method.

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## MBD1 (cont)

| Question Number and Part | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(a) | A, B, D | B1 | 1 |  |
|  |  | M1 A1 |  | Forward pass |
|  |  | M1 A1 | 4 | Backward pass |
| (c) | Critical path: BFHL <br> Minimum completion: 13 days | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \checkmark \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | ft sensible answers ft sensible answers |
| (d) |  | M1 A1 |  | For dealing with critical activities |
|  | $\mathrm{C}$ | M1 A1 | 4 | For the rest |
| (e)(i) | So 9 workers are needed for this schedule. | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 A1 } 1 \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | 3 |  |
| (ii) | Total days $=97>7 \times 13$, so 7 workers not enough. | M1 A1 | 2 |  |
| (iii) | Delay G by 2 days | B1 B1 | 2 |  |
|  | Total |  | 18 |  |

## MBD1 (cont)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Question Number and Part \& Solution \& Marks \& Total \& Comments \\
\hline 5(a) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
0 out of last \(\mathrm{OR} \Rightarrow 0 / 0\) into it, so \(\mathbf{c}=0\). The second AND gate has a 1 going in and a 0 out, so the other input is 0 . So first AND gate has an output of 0 . Hence the values giving 0 output are \\
To be equivalent to (a) the circuit must give an output of 1 when we have \((\mathbf{a} \wedge \mathbf{b}) \vee \mathbf{c}\) :
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
M1 \\
A1 \\
A1 \\
A1 \\
A1 \\
M1 \\
A1 \\
M1 \\
A1
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
5 \\
4
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline \& Total \& \& 9 \& \\
\hline 6(a)
(b)
(c)(i)
(ii) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
\(x\) Xtravim give \(3 x \mathrm{mg}\) of vitamin A \(y\) Yeasty give \(y \mathrm{mg}\) of vitamin A Therefore we need \(3 x+y \geq 15\). \\
Similarly \(\mathrm{B} \Rightarrow x+4 y \geq 20\). \\
and \(\mathrm{C} \Rightarrow x+y \geq 11\) \\
Vertices of feasible region are \((0,15),(2,9),(8,3)\) and \((20,0)\) Cost of \(2 x+5 y\) is minimised at \((8,3)\) so he should take 8 Xtravim and 3 Yeasty each day. \\
The minimum cost is attained at two vertices, one with \(y\)-coordinate 0 . \\
So the cost line must be parallel to the line from \((8,3)\) to \((20,0)\) (i.e. \(x+4 y\) ). \\
So the Xtravim tablets cost one quarter of the Yeasty; i.e. 1.25 p each.
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
B1 \\
B1 \\
B1 \\
B1 \(\sqrt{ }\) \\
B1 \(\sqrt{ }\) \\
B1 \(\sqrt{ }\) \\
B1 \\
M1 \\
A1 \\
A1 \\
B1 \\
M1 \\
A1 \\
M1 \\
A1
\end{tabular} \& 3

4
4
4
4

4 \& | One per line (ft) |
| :--- |
| Correct region marked |
| (or use a cost line) | <br>

\hline \& Total \& \& 15 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## MBD1 (cont)

| Question Number and Part | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a) | Maximum degree $=5$, so $d \leq 1$ | B1 | 1 |  |
|  | Semi-Eulerian for $d=1$ | B1 |  |  |
|  | there are $>2$ odd vertices. | B1 | 2 | (or $d=0$ gives an isolated vertex) |
|  | $d=0$ gives an isolated vertex, <br> $d=1$ gives a 'dead-end' | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | 2 |  |
| (b) |  |  |  |  |
|  | $11$ | M1 A1 |  |  |
|  | Not planar | B |  |  |
|  | Contains $\mathrm{K}_{5}$ as a subgraph. | B1 | 4 |  |
|  | Total |  | 9 |  |
|  | TOTAL |  | 80 |  |

