

Q U A L I F I C A T I O N S A L L I A N C E Mark scheme January 2004

# GCE

# **Mathematics & Statistics B**

# **Unit MBS2**

Copyright © 2004 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

The Assessment and Qualifications Alliance (AQA) is a company limited by guarantee registered in England and Wales 3644723 and a registered charity number 1073334. Registered address AQA, Devas Street, Manchester M15 6EX. Dr Michael Cresswell Director General

#### AQA

### Key to mark scheme

Μ	mark is for	method
m	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for	method
Α	mark is dependent on M or m mark and is for	accuracy
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for	method and accuracy
Ε	mark is for	explanation
or ft or F		follow through from previous
		incorrect result
CAO		correct answer only
AWFW		anything which falls within
AWRT		anything which rounds to
AG		answer given
SC		special case
OE		or equivalent
A2,1		2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks
-x EE		Deduct <i>x</i> marks for each error
NMS		No method shown
PI		Perhaps implied
c		Candidate

### Abbreviations used in marking

MC - x	deducted <i>x</i> marks for miscopy
MR - x	deducted x marks for misread
ISW	ignored subsequent working
BOD	gave benefit of doubt
WR	work replaced by candidate

## Application of mark scheme

Correct answer without working	mark as in scheme
Incorrect answer without working	zero marks unless specified otherwise

Award method and accuracy marks as appropriate to an alternative solution using a correct method or partially correct method.

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number				
and part	$47.2 \pm 33.8 \pm 40.4 \pm 41.9 \pm 36.1$			
1(a)	$c = \frac{47.2 + 33.8 + 40.4 + 41.9 + 36.1}{5}$	M1		
	= 39.9	A1		awrt 39.9
	$d = \frac{36.1 + 35.4 + 29.8 + 36.0 + 39.0}{5}$			
	= 35.3	A1	3	awrt 35.3
	55.5	711	5	unit 55.5
(b)	n = 7	B1	1	
	Total		4	
2(a)	Random variation about a downward	B1		Random variation
-(")	linear trend	B1	2	Downward linear
		21	-	
(b)		B1		Seasonal variation
	trend	B1	2	Upward linear
(c)	Short term variation about an upward non-	B1		Short term variation
	linear trend	B1	2	Upward non-linear
(4)	Dandom variation but no trand	B1		Random variation
(d)	Random variation but no trend	B1 B1	2	No trend
	Total		8	
3(a)(i)	$300 \times 52$			
	= 15600	B1	1	
(;;)				
(ii)	$1 \frac{2 \times 200 \times 15600}{2}$	M1		$\frac{2 \times 200 \times a(i)}{2 \times 200 \times a(i)}$
	$   \sqrt{6} = 1019.8 $	A1√		ν 6
	= 1019.8 = 1020 (int)	A1	3	
	- X - 7		-	
(b)(i)	$1.645 \times 40 \times \sqrt{3}$	B1		1.645, 1.6449, 1.64
	= 113.97	M1		
	i.e. 114	A1	3	
(ii)	$3 \times 300 + 114$	M1		3 × 300
()	= 900 + 114	M1		900 + b(i)
	= 1014	A1√	3	
(c)	$114 \times \pounds 6$	M1		$b(i) \times 6$
	$= \pounds 684$	A1√	2	
(d)	The best policy is to order 1020 fans	B1√		
	whenever stock declines to 1014 fans. On average, orders should arrive when there	B1√		b(ii)
	are 114 fans remaining.	B1√	3	b(i)
	Total		15	

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number and part				
4(a)	Poisson	B1	1	
(b)	C.I. for 12 weeks			
	$16 \pm 2.326\sqrt{16}$ for 1 week $\frac{16}{12} \pm \frac{2.326\sqrt{16}}{12}$	B1 B1 M1 M1		Mean 16 s.d. $\sqrt{16}$ 2.326 using normal Poisson parameters
	Alternative: C.I. for 1 week $\frac{16}{12} \pm \frac{2.326\sqrt{\frac{16}{12}}}{\sqrt{12}}$ $= \frac{4}{3} \pm 2.326 \times \frac{1}{3}$			Mean $\frac{16}{12}$ s.d. $\sqrt{\frac{16}{12}}$
	$= 1.3333 \pm 0.7753$ = 0.558 ~ 2.109 = 0.558 ~ 2.11	m1 A1	6	Completely correct (0.55, 0.56) (2.10, 2.11)
(c)	Have used the Normal approx. to the Poisson.	E1		
	Poisson requires a constant mean; the observed value of $\frac{16}{12}$ is unlikely to be exactly equal to the mean, so the value			
	$\sqrt{\frac{16}{12}}$ used for the standard deviation is only an approximation.	E1	2	
	Total		<u> </u>	

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number and part				
5(a)(i)	B (500, 0.001)	B1	1	
(ii)	n = 500  p = 0.001 np = 0.5  hence use Po(0.5) $P(X \ge 2) = 1 - P(X \le 1)$ = 1 - 0.9098	B1 M1		
	= 0.0902	A1	3	
(b)	$\lambda = 30 / \text{day}$ P(250 < X< 260) $\lambda = 240 / \text{eight days}$ 250 5 - 240	B1		
	$\frac{250.5 - 240}{\sqrt{240}} = 0.678$	M1		Use of $z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$
	$\frac{259.5 - 240}{\sqrt{240}} = 1.259$	M1 A1 A1		Use of continuity correction At least one correct continuity correction Both <i>z</i> correct
	0.678 1.259			Needs first M1
	0.89599 - 0.75111 = 0.14488 = 0.145 (3 sig fig)	m1 A1√	7	(0.144,0.148)
	Total		11	

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number				
and part				
6(a)(i)	Systematic	B1	1	
(ii)	80	B1	1	
(iii)	Easier to obtain because only need to select one random number.	E1	1	
(b)(i)				
	Y1         Y2         Y3         Y4         Tot           F         18         13         12         12         55	M1		
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	A1		3 correct
	In         In<	A1	3	All correct (no marks for totals)
(ii)	No because sample cannot consist of all males	E1	1	oe
(c)				Many possible answers
(-)	Randomly select two Halls of Residence.	B1		Cluster
	This will give sample of size 200.	B1		
				Describe random sampling
	Number Halls 00-19	B1		
	Select a 2 digit random number	B1		
	Ignore repeats and	B1	-	
	> 19	B1	6	
	Total		13	
	TOTAL		60	