

Q U A L I F I C A T I O N S A L L I A N C E Mark scheme January 2004

GCE

Mathematics & Statistics B

Unit MBM1

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Key to mark scheme

Μ	mark is for	method
m	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for	method
Α	mark is dependent on M or m mark and is for	accuracy
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for	method and accuracy
Ε	mark is for	explanation
or ft or F		follow through from previous
		incorrect result
CAO		correct answer only
AWFW		anything which falls within
AWRT		anything which rounds to
AG		answer given
SC		special case
OE		or equivalent
A2,1		2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks
-x EE		Deduct <i>x</i> marks for each error
NMS		No method shown
PI		Perhaps implied
C		Candidate

Abbreviations used in marking

MC - x	deducted x marks for miscopy
MR - x	deducted x marks for misread
ISW	ignored subsequent working
BOD	gave benefit of doubt
WR	work replaced by candidate

Application of mark scheme

Correct answer without working	mark as in scheme
Incorrect answer without working	zero marks unless specified otherwise

Award method and accuracy marks as appropriate to an alternative solution using a correct method or partially correct method.

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number and Part				
1(a)	9 = 3 + 1.2t	M1		Forming constant acceleration equation
		1411		r orning constant acceleration equation
	$t = \frac{9-3}{1.2} = 5$ seconds	A1	2	Correct result from correct working
		M1		Forming constant acceleration equation
	$s = \frac{1}{2}(3+9) \times 5 = 30$ metres			
		A1	2	Correct distance
(c)	$F = 1200 \times 1.2 = 1440 \text{ N}$	M1		Applying Newton's second law with $a = 1.2$
		A1	2	a = 1.2 Correct F
	Total		6	
2(a)	$0.1 \times 5 + 0.4 \times 3 = 0.5v$	M1		Using conservation of momentum
	1.7 2 4	A1		Correct equation
	$v = \frac{1.7}{0.5} = 3.4 \mathrm{m s^{-1}}$	A1	3	Correct <i>v</i>
(b)	$0.1 \times 5 + 0.4 \times 3 = 0.1v + 0.4 \times 3.5$	M1		Using conservation of momentum
		A1		Correct equation
	$v = \frac{1.7 - 1.4}{0.1} = 3 \mathrm{ms}^{-1}$	ml	4	Solving for <i>v</i>
	0.1	A1	4	Correct v
3(a)	Total		/	
	R F mg	B1	1	Correct force diagram
(b)	$R = 5 \times 9.8 \cos 40^\circ = 37.5 \text{ N}$	M1	1	Resolving perpendicular to slope
		A1	2	Correct R
(c)	$F = 0.2R = 7.51 \mathrm{N}$	M1		Using $F = \mu R$
(d)	$5 \times 9.8 \sin 40^\circ - F = 5a$	A1 M1	2	Correct <i>F</i> from correct working Resolving parallel to slope to give 3 term equation of motion
	$a = \frac{5 \times 9.8 \sin 40^\circ - F}{5} = 4.80 \mathrm{ms^{-2}}$	A1 m1 A1	4	Correct equation Solving for <i>a</i> Correct <i>a</i> from correct working
(e)	$10^2 = 2^2 + 2 \times 4.80s$	M1 A1		Forming constant acceleration equation Correct equation
	$s = \frac{100 - 4}{9.6} = 10.0 \mathrm{m}$		~	
		A1	3	Correct s
	Total		12	

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number				
and Part	14 14 470 7	MI		Emertian of motion for an emerical
4(a)	$14a = 14g\sin 45^\circ - T$	M1 A1		Equation of motion for one particle Correct equation
	6a = T - 6g	M1		Equation of motion for other particle
	$14a = 14g\sin 45^\circ - (6a + 6g)$	Al		Correct equation
	$14g\sin 45^\circ - 6g$ 1.01 mg ⁻²	M1		Solving for <i>a</i>
	$a = \frac{14g\sin 45^\circ - 6g}{20} = 1.91\mathrm{ms}^{-2}$	A1	6	Correct a from correct working
(b)	T = mg	M1		Equation for one particle
	$T = 14 \approx 0.0245^{\circ}$	M1		Equation for other particle
	$T = 14g\cos 45^{\circ}$	A1		Correct <i>m</i>
	$m = 14\cos 45^\circ = 9.90 \text{ kg}$	A1	4	
	Total		10	
5(a)				
	$\sim R$			
		B1	1	Correct force diagram
	<i>F</i> 100	DI	1	Confect force diagram
	← ↓ ↓ ↓			
	↓ 50g			
(b)	$50 \times 9.8 = R + 100 \sin 30^{\circ}$	M1		Resolving vertically
	R = 440 N	A1		Correct equation
		A1	3	Correct <i>R</i> from correct working
(c)	$100\cos 30^\circ \le \mu \times 440$ $\therefore k = 0.197$	M1		Use of $F \le \mu R$ or $F = \mu R$
	$\mu \ge 0.197 \qquad \qquad \dots \ \kappa = 0.197$	A1	2	Correct equation
(1)	$50a = 100\cos 30^\circ - 0.1 \times 440$	A1	3	Correct <i>k</i> from correct working
(d)	$50a = 100\cos 50^{\circ} - 0.1 \times 440^{\circ}$	M1		Resolving horizontally to obtain a 3 term equation of motion
		A1		Correct equation
	a a za a 2	ml		Solving for <i>a</i>
	$a = 0.852 \mathrm{ms}^{-2}$	A1	4	Correct <i>a</i>
				Allow 0.680 or 0.681
	Total		11	
6(a)(i)	$10 \times 9.8 \times 0.5 = 2T$	M1		Moments about pivot with 2 terms
	T = 24.5	A1 A1	3	Correct moment equation
(ii)	$10 \times 9.8 \times 0.5 + 40 \times 9.8 \times 3 = 2T$	M1	3	Correct tension from correct working Moments about pivot with 3 terms
(11)	10/7.0/0.5 + 10/7.0/5 - 21	A1		Correct moment equation
	$T = 613 (\mathrm{to}3\mathrm{sf})$	A1	3	Correct tension from correct working
(b)	No change, as the ratios of the distances	B1		No
	from the pivot would be the same.	B1	2	Reason
	Total		8	

Question	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
Number				
and Part				
7(a)	$0 = 10\sin 70^{\circ}t - 4.9t^{2}$	M1		Equation for height equal to zero
	$10\sin 70^\circ$	M1		Solving for <i>t</i>
	$t = 0 \text{ or } t = \frac{10 \sin 70^{\circ}}{4.9} = 1.918 \text{ s}$	A1		Correct <i>t</i>
	$R = 10\cos 70^{\circ} \times 1.918 = 6.56 \mathrm{m}$	M1	~	Calculating range
(b)		A1 M1	5	Correct range
(b)	$-2 = 10\sin 70^{\circ}t - 4.9t^2$	111		Forming equation for vertical motion when ball lands
		A1		LHS correct
		Al		RHS correct
	$4.9t^2 - 10\sin 70^\circ t - 2 = 0$	711		
		M1		Solving quadratic equation
	$t = 2.11 \mathrm{or} - 0.193$	Al		Correct solution
	$R = 10\cos 70^{\circ} \times 2.11 = 7.22 \text{ m}$	M1		Calculating range
		A1	7	Correct range
	Total		12	<u> </u>
8(a)		M1		Using both position vectors to form a
	$19i - 25j = \frac{1}{2}a \times 10^2 + 9i + 10j$			constant acceleration equation
	50a = 10i - 35j	A1		Correct equation
	-	M1		Solving for a
	a = 0.2i - 0.7j	A1	4	Correct a
(b)	v = 10(0.2i - 0.7j)	M1		Use of $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{a}t$
	= 2i - 7j	A1		Correct velocity
	$v = \sqrt{2^2 + 7^2} = 7.28 \mathrm{ms}^{-1}$	1		
	$v = \sqrt{2} + 7 = 7.28 \text{ ms}$	m1 A1	4	Finding speed from velocity
(a)	1	AI	4	Correct speed
(0)	$15.4 = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.2 \times t^2 + 9$	M1		Finding <i>t</i> from one component
	t = 8	A1		Correct <i>t</i>
	$\frac{1}{2} \times (-0.7) \times 8^2 + 10 = -12.4$	M1		Using $t = 8$ with other component
	2	A1	4	Correct result
(d)	${}_{x}\!\!A$			
	$\langle \cdot \rangle$			
	j,			
	$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$			
	-35			
	\backslash			
	\backslash	B1		Straight line
		B1	2	Correct direction
	B			
	10			
	Total		14	
	TOTAL		14 80	
	IUIAL		00	