

Q U A L I F I C A T I O N S A L L I A N C E Mark scheme January 2004

GCE

Mathematics A

Unit MAS4

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Key to mark scheme

Μ	mark is for	method
m	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for	method
Α	mark is dependent on M or m mark and is for	accuracy
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for	method and accuracy
Е	mark is for	explanation
or ft or F		follow through from previous
		incorrect result
CAO		correct answer only
AWFW		anything which falls within
AWRT		anything which rounds to
AG		answer given
SC		special case
OE		or equivalent
A2,1		2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks
-x EE		Deduct <i>x</i> marks for each error
NMS		No method shown
PI		Perhaps implied
c		Candidate

Abbreviations used in marking

MC - x	deducted x marks for miscopy
MR - x	deducted x marks for misread
ISW	ignored subsequent working
BOD	gave benefit of doubt
WR	work replaced by candidate

Application of mark scheme

Correct answer without working	mark as in scheme
Incorrect answer without working	zero marks unless specified otherwise

Award method and accuracy marks as appropriate to an alternative solution using a correct method or partially correct method.

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
1	$S_{xy} = 6140 - \frac{135 \times 301}{6} = -632.5$			
	$S_{xx} = 3475 - \frac{135^2}{6} = 437.5$	M1		
	$b = -\frac{632.5}{437.5} = -1.446$	A1		
	$\overline{x} = \frac{135}{6} = 22.5 \ \overline{y} = \frac{301}{6} = 50.1\dot{6}$	B1		Both
	$a = 50.1\dot{6} - (-1.446) \times 22.5 = 82.70$	M1		
	y = 82.7 - 1.45x	A1	5	AWRT
	Total		5	
2	$H_0: P = 0.2$ $H_1: P > 0.2$	B1		Both
	$X \sim B \text{ in } (20, 0.2)$	B1		Stated or implied
	$P(X \le 6) = 0.9133$	M1		Use of tables
	$P(X \ge 7) = 0.0867$	A1		
	$> 0.05 \Rightarrow$ Retain H ₀			
	So selecting randomly	A1√	5	
	Total		5	
3 (a)	A straight line fits the points well	E1	1	OE
(b)	$S_{wy} = 1812 - \frac{91 \times 190}{6} = -1069 .\dot{6}$	B1		
	$S_{ww} = 2275 - \frac{91^2}{6} = 894.8\dot{3}$	B1		
	$S_{yy} = 7296 - \frac{190^2}{6} = 1279.\dot{3}$	B1		
	$r = \frac{-1069.\dot{6}}{\sqrt{894.83 \times 1279.3}} = -0.9997$	M1 A1	5	
(c)	A curve fits almost exactly (or better than the line)	E1	1	
	Total		1	

Q	Solution			Marks	Total	Comments	
4 (a)	$\frac{160}{500} =$	0.32	$\frac{205}{500} = 0.41$		B1		
	Varianc	$e = \frac{0.32}{2}$	$\frac{0.68 + 0.41}{500}$	× 0.59	M1 A1		
	z = 2.57	758			B1		
	0.09 <u>+</u>	2.5758 v	$0.32 \times 0.68 + 0$).41 × 0.59	M1		
	(0.0119, 0.168)				A1	6	
(b)	Do not	agree			E1√		
	Zero no	ot within C	I		E1√	2	
				Total		8	
5 (a)(i)	Rank	Actual	Estimate	Rank			
	7	140	100	6.5			
	5	210	150	5			
	2	630	500	1.5	MI		Deuling
	4	320	250	4	Al		Kanking
	6	160	100	6.5			
	1	700	500	1.5			
	3	450	350	3			
	$\sum d^2 =$	$\frac{1}{4} + 0 + \frac{1}{4}$	$+0+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{4}$	+ 0	M1 A1		
	$r_s = 1 - \frac{6 \times 1}{7 \times 48} = \frac{55}{56} = 0.982$				A1	5	Accept r on ranks = 0.982
(ii)	The trainee estimates order well but underestimates the weight				E1√ E1	2	Accept 'Not close to the true values'
(b)	$H_0: \rho_s = 0$ $H_1: \rho_s > 0$			B1		Both	
	CV	$\rho_s = 0.85$	571		B1		
	0.982>	0.8571			M1		Comparing
	Reject I	H ₀ so imp	olying $\rho_s > 0$		A1√	4	
				Total		11	

Q		Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6	(a)	0.84×0.16	M1		
U	(a)	$variance = \frac{200}{200}$	A1		
		<i>z</i> = 1.96	B1		
		0.84×0.16	M1		SC: Numbers (157.83, 178.16) 3/5
		$0.84 \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{200}{200}}$			
		1 200			
		(0.789, 0.891)	A1	5	
	(b)	19	B1	1	
	(c)	$H_0: P = 0.9$ $H_1: P < 0.9$	B1		Both
		0.84 - 0.9	M1		
		$z calc = \frac{1}{\sqrt{0.9 \times 0.1}}$	Al		Accept working with numbers
		$\sqrt{\frac{200}{200}}$			
		= -2.828	A1		
		zcrit = -2.3263	B1		
		Reject $H_0 \Rightarrow$ overstating	E1√	6	Allow 'wrong' for 'overstating'
		Total		12	
7	(a)	$\mathbf{E}\left(\overline{X}_{1}-\overline{X}_{2}\right)=\mathbf{E}\left(\overline{X}_{1}\right)-\mathbf{E}\left(\overline{X}_{2}\right)$	M1		
		$=\mu_1-\mu_2$	A1	2	
		$\operatorname{Var}\left(\overline{X}_{1}-\overline{X}_{2}\right) = \operatorname{Var}\left(\overline{X}_{1}\right) + \operatorname{Var}\left(\overline{X}_{2}\right)$	M1		
		$-\frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_1^2}+\frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_2^2}$	A1	2	
		n_1 n_1			
(b) (i)	$\sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2$	M1		
		$V = \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_1}$			
		$dv -\sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2$	M1		
		$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\mathrm{d}n_1} = \frac{1}{n_1^2} - \frac{1}{(n-n_1)^2} \times (-1)$	A1		
		$dv = \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2 = \sigma_2^2$			
		$dn_1 = 0 = \frac{1}{n_1^2} = \frac{1}{(n-n_1)^2} = \frac{1}{n_2^2}$	M1		
		$\rightarrow n : n = \sigma : \sigma$	A 1	5	
		$\rightarrow n_1 \cdot n_2 = o_1 \cdot o_2$	AI	5	
	(ii)	$\frac{\sigma_1}{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{0.0025}{0.0081}} = \frac{5}{9}$	M1		
		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5			9
		$\Rightarrow n_1 = \frac{1}{14} \times 560 = 200$	Ml		or $n_2 = \frac{1}{14} \times 560$
		$n_2 = 360$	A1	3	
		Total		12	
		Total		60	