

Mark scheme January 2004

GCE

Mathematics A

Unit MAME

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Key to mark scheme

M	mark is for	method
m	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for	method
\mathbf{A}	mark is dependent on M or m mark and is for	accuracy
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for	method and accuracy
E	mark is for	explanation
$$ or ft or \mathbf{F}		follow through from previous
		incorrect result
CAO		correct answer only
AWFW		anything which falls within
AWRT		anything which rounds to
AG		answer given
SC		special case
OE		or equivalent
A2,1		2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks
-x EE		Deduct x marks for each error
NMS		No method shown
PI		Perhaps implied
c		Candidate

Abbreviations used in marking

MC-x	deducted x marks for miscopy
MR-x	deducted x marks for misread
ISW	ignored subsequent working
BOD	gave benefit of doubt
WR	work replaced by candidate

Application of mark scheme

Correct answer without working	mark as in scheme
Incorrect answer without working	zero marks unless specified otherwise

Award method and accuracy marks as appropriate to an alternative solution using a correct method or partially correct method.

(Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
1	(a)	Method for mean	M1		Allow even if c then divides, eg by 5
		Mean = 0.6	A1	2	NMS 2/2
	(b)	$E(X^2) = 2$	B1		PI; award even if this is c's variance
		Variance = $2 - 0.6^2 = 1.64$	M1A1F	3	ft one wrong value; NMS 3/3
		Total		5	
2	(a)	Median between 15 th and 16 th	M1		PI; allow 15 th or 16 th
		Median is 42	A 1		
		LQ 23, UQ 54	B1B1	4	
	(b)	LQ, M, UQ correct on box plot Whiskers to 12 and 75	B3F B1	4	B1 for each; ft reasonable values from (a) If no clear linear scale drawn (max 3): LQ, M, UQ in roughly right ratio B1 Numerical values of LQ, M, UQ all clearly shown B1F Whiskers drawn and 12, 75 clearly shown in roughly right positions B1
		Total		8	in roughly right positions D1
3	(a)	f(2) = 0	B1	1	Allow NMS
	(b)	x-2 is a factor	B1	1	or $x + 3$ if from Factor Theorem
	(c)	$f(x) = (x-2)(x^2 + 6x + 9)$	M1A1		M1 if 6x or 9 correct
		$=(x-2)(x+3)^2$	m1A1	4	NMS 1/4 for 2 nd factor, 4/4 all correct
					If c divides by $x + 2$, give M1 if $2x$ or -9 appears If c writes $x + 2$ and $x - 3$ as factors, give B1 If c's answer is $(x + 2)(x - 3)^2$, give B2
		Total		6	
4(a)(i)	Mean = $\frac{320}{20}$ = 16 (miles)	B1	1	Allow NMS
	(ii)	Variance = $\frac{5300}{20} - 16^2 (= 9)$	M1		B1 for verification
		SD = 3 (miles)	A1	2	Convincingly shown (AG)
	(b)	Mean $y = 1.6 \times 16 = 25.6$	B1F		ft wrong value for mean x
		SD of $y = 1.6 \times 3 = 4.8$	B1	2	
		Total		5	

Q	Solution		Marks	Total	Comments
5 (a)	Grad of L is negative		B1		Allow NMS
	Grad of L is (\pm) $\frac{2}{3}$		B1	2	PI; condone $(\pm)\frac{2}{3}x$; allow NMS
(b)	Perp grad is $\frac{3}{2}$		B1F	1	Condone $\frac{3}{2}$ x; ft wrong answer to (a)
(c)	Req'd line is $y - 1 = \frac{3}{2}(x - 4)$		M1		OE; B1 for full verification
	ie $3x - 2y = 10$		A 1	2	Convincingly shown (AG)
(d)	Elimination of x or y		M1		
	Pt of int is (6, 4)		A2, 1	3	2/3 for non-algebraic method
(e)	Shortest length is $\sqrt{13}$		m1A1F	2	ft one error in (d); allow AWRT 3.61
		Total		10	
6(a)(i)	$P (both) = 0.1 \times 0.05 = 0.005$	-	M1A1	2	
(ii)	P (neither) = $0.9 \times 0.95 = 0.855$		M1A1	2	
(iii)	P (exactly one) = 0.14		M1A1F	2	ft wrong values if subtraction from 1 used
(b)	Formula for conditional prob		M1		Fraction with $0 < N < D < 1$ and D correct or equal to c's answer to (a)(iii)
	Numerator = 0.1×0.95		m1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Denom = $0.14 \text{ so ans} = \frac{19}{28}$		A1F	3	ft wrong answer to (a)(iii); Accept AWRT 0.679 or 0.678
		Total		9	•
7 (a)	m = 3, n = -8		B1B1	2	
(b)	Method for solving quadratic		M1		
	$x = -3 \pm \sqrt{8} \text{ or } \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{32}}{2}$		A1		
	$\dots = -3 \pm 2\sqrt{2}$		B1	3	This mark is for $\sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$ or $\sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2}$
(c)	$-3 - 2\sqrt{2} < x < -3 + 2\sqrt{2}$		B1F	1	ft wrong answers or forms penalised in (b); allow $-5.83 \le x \le -0.17$; condone \le for $<$
		Total		6	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
8(a)(i)	$y' = 3x^2 - 6x + 3$	M1A1	2	M1 if at least one term correct
(ii)	Solving quadratic $y' = 0$	m1		Allow verification here
	SP is (1,1)	A1A1	3	NMS $x = 1$ B1, $y = 1$ B1 provided y correct
(b)(i)	$\int y dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - x^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + c$	B3,2,1	3	B1 for each term
(ii)	Substitution of $x = 3$	M1		In c's integral (not y or y');
				M0 for attempting $\int_{3}^{9} y dx$
	$\int_{0}^{3} y dx = \frac{81}{4} - 27 + \frac{27}{2} = \frac{27}{4}$	A1		
	ie half of $\frac{1}{2}$ (3 × 9)			OE, eg integration
	hence result	A1	3	Convincing shown (AG)
	Tota	ıl	11	
	Tota	ıl	60	