 OUALIFICATIONS

## GCE

# Mathematics A 

## Unit MAME

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## Key to mark scheme

| M | mark is for | method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for | method |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m mark and is for | accuracy |
| B | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for | method and accuracy |
| E | mark is for | explanation |
| , or ft or F |  | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO |  | correct answer only |
| AWFW |  | anything which falls within |
| AWRT |  | anything which rounds to |
| AG |  | answer given |
| SC |  | special case |
| OE |  | or equivalent |
| A2,1 |  | 2 or 1 (or 0 ) accuracy marks |
| $-\boldsymbol{x} \mathbf{E E}$ |  | Deduct $x$ marks for each error |
| NMS |  | No method shown |
| PI |  | Perhaps implied |
| c |  | Candidate |

## Abbreviations used in marking

| MC $-\boldsymbol{x}$ | deducted $x$ marks for miscopy |
| :--- | ---: |
| MR $-\boldsymbol{x}$ | deducted $x$ marks for misread |
| ISW | ignored subsequent working |
| BOD | gave benefit of doubt |
| WR | work replaced by candidate |

## Application of mark scheme

Correct answer without working
mark as in scheme
Incorrect answer without working zero marks unless specified otherwise

[^0]| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) <br> (b) | Method for mean <br> Mean $=0.6$ $\mathrm{E}\left(X^{2}\right)=2$ <br> Variance $=2-0.6^{2}=1.64$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> M1A1F | $3$ | Allow even if c then divides, eg by 5 <br> NMS 2/2 <br> PI; award even if this is c's variance <br> ft one wrong value; $\mathrm{NMS} 3 / 3$ |
|  | Total |  | 5 |  |
| 2 (a) <br> (b) | Median between $15^{\text {th }}$ and $16^{\text {th }}$ <br> Median is 42 <br> LQ 23, UQ 54 <br> LQ, M, UQ correct on box plot Whiskers to 12 and 75 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { B1B1 } \\ \\ \text { B3F } \\ \text { B1 } \end{array}$ | $4$ | PI; allow $15^{\text {th }}$ or $16^{\text {th }}$ <br> B1 for each; ft reasonable values from (a) <br> If no clear linear scale drawn (max 3 ): <br> LQ, M, UQ in roughly right ratio <br> B1 <br> Numerical values of LQ, M, UQ <br> all clearly shown <br> B1F <br> Whiskers drawn and 12,75 clearly shown <br> in roughly right positions |
|  | Total |  | 8 |  |
| 3 (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) | $\mathrm{f}(2)=0$ <br> $x-2$ is a factor $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}(x)=(x-2)\left(x^{2}+6 x+9\right) \\ & \ldots=(x-2)(x+3)^{2} \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> M1A1 <br> m1A1 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | Allow NMS or $x+3$ if from Factor Theorem M1 if $6 x$ or 9 correct NMS $1 / 4$ for $2^{\text {nd }}$ factor, $4 / 4$ all correct <br> If c divides by $x+2$, give M1 if $2 x$ or -9 appears <br> If c writes $x+2$ and $x-3$ as factors, give B1 <br> If c's answer is $(x+2)(x-3)^{2}$, give B2 |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |
| 4(a)(i) <br> (ii) <br> (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean }=\frac{320}{20}=16(\text { miles }) \\ & \text { Variance }=\frac{5300}{20}-16^{2}(=9) \\ & \text { SD }=3 \text { (miles) } \\ & \text { Mean } y=1.6 \times 16=25.6 \\ & \text { SD of } y=1.6 \times 3=4.8 \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> B1F <br> B1 | $2$ $2$ | Allow NMS <br> B1 for verification <br> Convincingly shown (AG) <br> ft wrong value for mean $x$ |
|  | Total |  | 5 |  |


| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) <br> (d) <br> (e) | Grad of $L$ is negative <br> $\operatorname{Grad}$ of $L$ is $( \pm) \frac{2}{3}$ <br> Perp grad is $\frac{3}{2}$ <br> Req'd line is $y-1=\frac{3}{2}(x-4)$ ie $3 x-2 y=10$ <br> Elimination of $x$ or $y$ <br> Pt of int is $(6,4)$ <br> Shortest length is $\sqrt{13}$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1F <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A2, 1 <br> m1A1F | 1 <br> 2 <br> 3 <br> 2 | Allow NMS <br> PI; condone $( \pm) \frac{2}{3} x$; allow NMS <br> Condone $\frac{3}{2} x$; ft wrong answer to (a) <br> OE; B1 for full verification Convincingly shown (AG) <br> 2/3 for non-algebraic method ft one error in (d); allow AWRT 3.61 |
|  | Total |  | 10 |  |
| 6(a)(i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) <br> (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}(\text { both })=0.1 \times 0.05=0.005 \\ & \mathrm{P}(\text { neither) })=0.9 \times 0.95=0.855 \\ & \mathrm{P}(\text { exactly one })=0.14 \end{aligned}$ <br> Formula for conditional prob <br> Numerator $=0.1 \times 0.95$ <br> Denom $=0.14$ so ans $=\frac{19}{28}$ | M1A1 <br> M1A1 <br> M1A1F <br> M1 <br> m1 <br> A1F | $2$ | ft wrong values if subtraction from 1 used <br> Fraction with $0<\mathrm{N}<\mathrm{D}<1$ and D correct or equal to c's answer to (a)(iii) <br> ft wrong answer to (a)(iii); <br> Accept AWRT 0.679 or 0.678 |
|  | Total |  | 9 |  |
| 7 (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) | $m=3, n=-8$ <br> Method for solving quadratic $\begin{aligned} & x=-3 \pm \sqrt{8} \text { or } \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{32}}{2} \\ & \ldots=-3 \pm 2 \sqrt{2} \\ & -3-2 \sqrt{2}<x<-3+2 \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$ | B1B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> B1F | $2$ <br> 3 | This mark is for $\sqrt{8}=2 \sqrt{2} \text { or } \sqrt{32}=4 \sqrt{2}$ <br> ft wrong answers or forms penalised in (b); allow $-5.83<x<-0.17$; condone $\leq$ for < |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |




[^0]:    Award method and accuracy marks as appropriate to an alternative solution using a correct method or partially correct method.

