

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MD02 Decision 2

Mark Scheme

2008 examination – June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

M	mark is for method					
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method					
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy					
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is	for method and	accuracy			
E	mark is for explanation					
$\sqrt{\text{or ft or F}}$	follow through from previous					
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy			
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read			
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy			
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work			
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work			
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work			
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt			
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate			
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book			
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme			
−x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph			
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate			
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)			
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)			

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

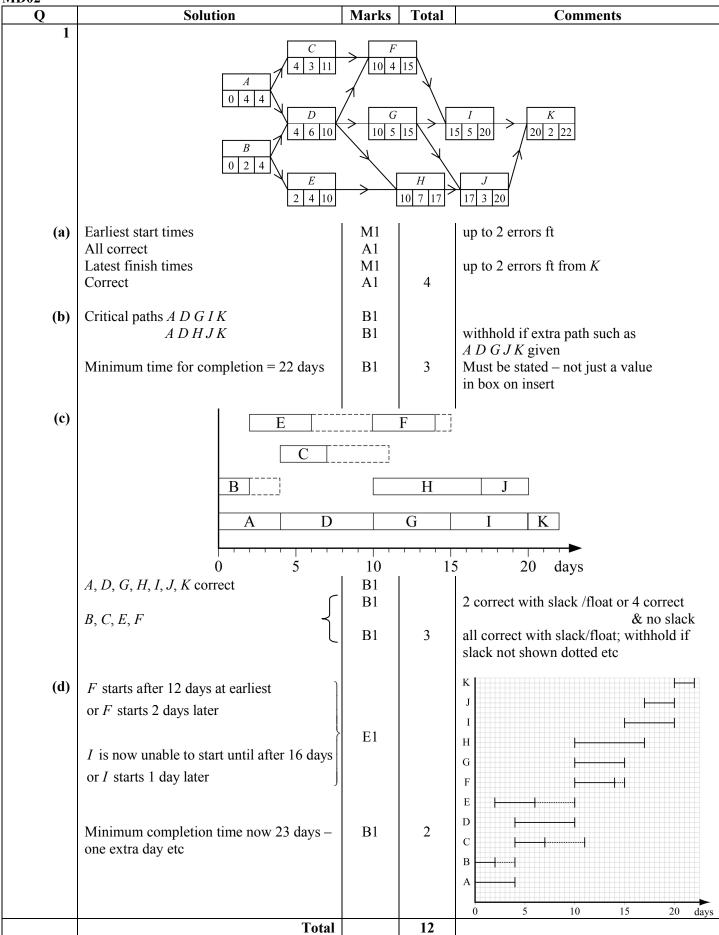
Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MD02



MD02 (cont)		G 3 ::			3.6	7F / 3	
Q	Solution Hungarian algorithm minimises					Marks	Total	Comments
2(a)	Hungari	ian algor	rithm mi	nimises		E1		
	•							
			how ma	ny				
	points N	IOT sco	red			E1	2	idea of high becoming low
				_				
(b)	3	4	1	3	0			
	0	7	5	4	2 7			
	4	3	5	2	2	D.1		
	7	6	2	5	3	B1		
	5	4	0	4	5			
	3	1	1	1	0	M1		aslumn raduation, allow one slin
	0	1 4	1 5	1 2		IVI I		column reduction, allow one slip from $20 - x$ table
	4	0	5	0	2 7			110111 20 - x table
	7		2		2			
	5	3 1	0	3 2	3 5			
	3	1	U	2	3			
	3	1	1	1	0	A1	3	then row reduction
	0	4	5	2	2	711	3	AG but previous table must be correct
	4	0	5	0	7			710 but previous table must be correct
	5	1	0	1	1			
	5	1	0	2	5			
			V	2	J			
(c)	Lines dr	awn				B1		4 0 5 0 7
(-)	Emics an					D1		
	Reduce	all unco	vered by	1				
			doubly c			M1		
			J					
	3	0	1	0	0			
	0	3	5	1	2			
	5	0	6	0	8	A1	3	allow M1A1 if lines not as above
	5	0	0	0	1			
	5	0	0	1	5			
(d)		_	in first a		olumns			
	Alice –	Game 2	; Ede – (Game 1		B1		Allow if only circles around these entries
								with no matching listed
	D '11	4.						
	Possible					D.1		
	B-3;					B1		
	B-4;					B1	4	
	B-5;	C-4;	D-3			B1	4	
(0)	Maximu	ım soora	a = 0			B1	1	
(e)	iviaxiiill	iiii score	, — 34		Total	DI	13	
					1 Utal		13	

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
3(a)(i)	Roseanne plays R_1 with prob p			
	Expected value when Collette plays			
	$C_1:-3p+2(1-p)=2-5p$			
	$C_2: 2p - (1-p) = 3p - 1$	M1		One correct unsimplified
	$C_3: 3p-4(1-p)=7p-4$	A1		All correct unsimplified
	2			
		M1		drawing 'their' lines (2 'correct' ft)
	Feasible region -3	A1		correct with values clear at $p = 0$ and $p = 1$
	Solving $2 - 5p = 7p - 4$ 6 = 12p	M1		their highest point $ \begin{array}{c} SC B1 \text{ if } p = \frac{1}{2} \\ \text{found from graph} \end{array} $
	$\Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{2}$	A1		found from graph
	Strategy is to play R_1 for 50% of time	E1√	7	
(ii)	Value = $2 - 5\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ or $7\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 4 = -\frac{1}{2}$	B1	1	AG CSO $p = \frac{1}{2} \text{ and both expressions correct}$
(b)(i)	Let Collette play C_1 with prob p			2
	and C_2 with prob q			
	\Rightarrow C ₃ with prob $1-p-q$	B1	1	
(ii)	$-3p+2q+3(1-p-q) = -\frac{1}{2}$ $2p-q-4(1-p-q) = -\frac{1}{2}$			
	2	M1		Either equation LHS correct
	$2p-q-4(1-p-q)=-\frac{1}{2}$			Condone $(1 - p + q)$ used
	$\Rightarrow 6p + q = 3\frac{1}{2}$			
	$6p + 3q = 3\frac{1}{2}$	A1		Either equation correct and simplified <i>p</i> & <i>q</i> coefficients
	$\Rightarrow p = \frac{7}{12}$ $q = 0$	A1		CSO
	\Rightarrow Collette plays C_1 with prob $\frac{7}{12}$,			
	(never plays C_2),			
	and plays C_3 with prob $\frac{5}{12}$	E1	4	Must have statement with $C_1 \& C_3$
	Total		13	correct only

O CONT	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
4(a)(i)	4 is chosen as pivot	B1		
	$\frac{20}{4} = 5 < \frac{14}{2} = 7$ and $5 < \frac{8}{1} = 8$	E1	2	Must have 3 values possibly unsimplified plus comment about smallest (positive) quotient
(ii)	P x y z s t u v value			
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B1 B1 B1	4	may be left as { 0 0 4 0 0 3 0 1 20 } or multiples of these rows SC MI for row operations if wrong pivot used SC B1+B1 max ft if pivot row incorrect after ÷ 4
(b)	Optimum since no negative values in first row	E1	1	Must have attempted row operations
(c)	Maximum $P = 97$ x = 56, y = 5, z = 3	B1√ B1√	2	
(d)	s = 0, t = 0, v = 0, u = 4	B1√		
	\Rightarrow only 1 of original inequalities has some slack	E1√	2	Ft if >1 non-zero slack variables
	Total		11	

Q Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)	Overhead $cost = £300$	M1		considering overhead and storage of 2
	Storing 2 cabinets = $2 \times £50$			cabinets
	\Rightarrow Total cost = £400	A1	2	
<i>a</i> >				
(b)				
				Apr $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 300 + 0 = 300 \\ 1 & 300 + 50 = 350 \end{vmatrix}$
	M 1 1 2 2700	D1		Mar 1 300 + 50 + 300
	March values £700 £750	B1 B1		$= 650 \qquad A_2$
	Choosing minima for March (at least one),	D 1		2 300 + 100 +
	their 650 or 700 seen in February values	M1		300 = 700 Min 300 + 100 +
				350 = 750
	February state 0			Feb 0 300 + 0 + 650
	300 + 0 + 650 = 950	B1		= 950 A ₁
	February state 1			$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 300 + 50 + 650 \\ = 1000 & Min \end{vmatrix}$
	300+50+650=1000			300 + 50 + 700
	300+50+700 =1050			= 1050
	February state 2	A1		2 300 + 100 + 650 = 1050
	300+100+650=1050			300 + 100 +
	300+100+700=1100			700 = 1100
	January values	B1		
	1250 and 1300			300 + 0 + 1000
				= 1300
	Choosing least value of January and working backwards through table to select			
	actions A_1 , A_2 and A_3	M1		
	Schedule correct	A1	8	SC: B1 for schedule without DP
				Jan Feb Mar Apr
				> 3 4 4 2
				Should get 3 or 4 when table completed
(c)	Profit excluding answer to (b)			
	$13 \times £(2000 - 300)$	M1		Generous
	-4×£2000			
	=£14100	A 1		
	Total profit over 4 months is £14100 – £1250			
	= £12850	A 1√	3	Ft their £1250
	Total		13	

Q Solution Marks Total Comments	MIDUZ (cont)				
(c)(i) Max flow ≤ 44 (b) Max flow ≤ 44 B1 B1 B1 T T B1					Comments
(c)(i) Max flow ≤ 44 B1 B1 T T T T T T T T T	6(a)(i)	17 - 9 + 16 + 20 = 44		1	
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Mil 2 5 pairs correct		Max flow $≤ 44$	B1√	1	
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1					7
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1					
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1				3	
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1			DI	3	17
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1			13		
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1		P	13		U
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1		<u>^</u>	\longrightarrow		
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1					
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1		20	١ _		\ \ (17)
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1			(10)	1/	, , ,
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1		/'			11 1
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1					
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows R M1 Al SPUT SQUT SWT 1 M1 Additional Flow SPUT SRWT 1 M1 Additional Flow M1 Al Al M1 Additional Flow M1 Al M1 Additional flow M1 Al M1 Additional flow in table M1 Al M1 Additional flow in table		$S / 5 Q \setminus$		14	$V \setminus 5$
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1		\leftarrow	/	\longrightarrow	
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1					
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows M1		7			\ /
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1					5 1
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1		¥ ¥	8		10
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1				15	\ /
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1				13	
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1				\longrightarrow	W
(c)(i) Initial forward and backward flows Correct M1		R			
Correct A1 2 P	(c)(i)	·	M1		5 pairs correct
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(0)(1)		A1	2.	5 pairs correct
(ii) Path Additional Flow SPUT 3 Al SOVT 2 SRWT 1 M1 adjusting flows on network (1 path shows correctly) correct additional flow in table			111	_	1
(ii) Path Additional Flow SPUT 3 Al SOVT 2 SRWT 1 M1 adjusting flows on network (1 path shows correctly) correct additional flow in table				1	
(ii) Path Additional Flow SPUT 3 Al SOVT 2 SRWT 1 M1 adjusting flows on network (1 path shows correctly) correct additional flow in table		P	\rightarrow	A	II
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		<u>*</u>			
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2I	← <i>X</i>	4	
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1		
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1	//	
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1	*	/ 1	
(ii) $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		5'	//	/	2
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					1 +0 5
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccc} \mathbf{Path} & \mathbf{Additional\ Flow} \\ \hline SPUT & 3 \\ \hline SQVT & 2 \\ \hline SRWT & 1 \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c ccccc} \mathbf{M1} & \mathbf{Adjusting\ flows\ on\ network\ (1\ path\ shows correctly)} \\ \hline correct \\ additional\ flow\ in\ table \\ \end{array}$				7	T
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccc} \mathbf{Path} & \mathbf{Additional\ Flow} \\ \hline SPUT & 3 \\ \hline SQVT & 2 \\ \hline SRWT & 1 \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c ccccc} \mathbf{M1} & \mathbf{adjusting\ flows\ on\ network\ (1\ path\ show correctly)} \\ \hline correct \\ \mathbf{additional\ flow\ in\ table} \\ \end{array}$		\searrow \swarrow	-	-x	$\sqrt{\chi_1} t v^0$
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				1 3	
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		T 1,			1 / //
(ii) $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		35, 1/1	0		
(ii) Path Additional Flow SPUT 3 Al correctly correct SRWT 1 M1 additional flow in table		$1 \qquad \qquad 1 \qquad \qquad 3 \qquad 1$			$\binom{1}{1}$
(ii) Path Additional Flow SPUT 3 Al correctly correct SRWT 1 M1 additional flow in table				→	X A 3
(ii) Path Additional Flow SPUT 3 A1 SQVT 2 A1 SRWT 1 A1 Additional flow in table		3			Z ~ W
(ii) Path Additional Flow SPUT 3 Al correctly correct SRWT 1 M1 adjusting flows on network (1 path shows correctly) correct additional flow in table		R			-8 ₄
SPUT 3 SQVT 2 SRWT 1 A1 correctly correct additional flow in table		K			1
SPUT 3 SQVT 2 SRWT 1 A1 correctly correct additional flow in table	(;;)	Dath Additional Flow	М1		adjusting flows on network (1 noth shown
SQVT 2 SRWT 1 A1 correct additional flow in table	(11)		1 V1 1		correctly)
SRWT 1 M1 additional flow in table		L	A 1		
M==1/1 = =					
T T T SPW//T T T AT T SECOND HOW					
		SRWVT 1		5	
A1 5 all correct			Aı	3	an conect
	L				

