

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MD02 Decision 2

Mark Scheme 2006 examination – January series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Key To Mark Scheme And Abbreviations Used In Marking

М	mark is for method									
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method									
А	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy									
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy									
Е	mark is for explanation									
$\sqrt{100}$ or ft or F	follow through from previous									
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy							
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read							
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy							
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work							
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work							
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work							
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt							
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate							
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book							
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme							
–x EE	deduct <i>x</i> marks for each error	G	graph							
NMS	no method shown	с	candidate							
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)							
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)							

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MD02	•											
Q		S	Solution			Marks	Total	Comments				
1(a)	Add extra row with all values the same				B1	1	Usually other ro	all equal ws	to 26 an	d below	the	
(b)	Reduce of	columns	first			M1						
	0	0	0	4	4			26	26	26	26	26
	6	2	2	5	5			16	19	18	25	24
	5	3	5	0	4			22	21	20	26	25
	4	2	3	2 5	0	A1		21	22	23	21	24
	10	7	8	5	6			20	21	21	23	20
								26	26	26	26	26
	Reduce 1	rows				M1			marks av ows first		for those	who
	0	0	0	4	4							
	4	0	0	3	3							
	5	3	5	0	4	A1	4					
	4	2 2	3	2 0	0							
	5	2	3	0	1							
	Covering with leas					M1		• • • • • •				
	0 0	0 6	6			A1	2	Other so	olutions p	ossible l	nere	
	4 0	0 5	5									
	3 1	3 0	4									
	2 0	1 2	0									
	3 0	1 0	1									
	Match											
	<i>A</i> −1; <i>C</i> =	= 2; <i>D</i> –3	; <i>E</i> –4			B1						
	Expected					B1	2					
	16 + 20 -	+21 + 20	$ = 77 \mathrm{m}$	in								
					Total		9					

Q	Solution	Marks Total	Comments								
2(a)	A B 52 A B 47 B C B 47 B C C B C C B C C B C										
	Network diagram	M1 A1 2	SCA Correct								
(b)	Clear attempt to use Dynamic Programming Working backwards through network Month Already Machine Profit Total (Max*) Built Built	-	Complete enumeration M0 Forwards through network								
	3 A & B C 64 64* A & C B 67 67* B & C A 69 69*	M1	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1	AB 110 117 AC 106 116 six possibilitie BC 101 111								
	$B \begin{cases} A & 70 & 70+64 = 134* \\ C & 54 & 54+69 = 123 \end{cases}$ $C \qquad \int A & 68 & 68+67 = 135* \end{cases}$	A1	Correct max identified and rest correct <i>BA</i> 117*; <i>CA</i> 116*; <i>CB</i> 111*								
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	Exactly 3 totals considered								
	1 - B 47 47 + 134 = 181		Considering previous max to combine								
	- C 48 48+135=183*	A1 5	<i>BAC</i> 181; <i>CAB</i> 183; <i>CBA</i> 180 Everything correct and route clearly traceable								
	The machine should therefore be built in the order <i>C</i> then <i>A</i> then <i>B</i>	B1									
	Max profit = £183000	B1 2	condone 183								
	Total	9									

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
3(a)	$A \xrightarrow{2} \\ 0 \xrightarrow{2} \\ \bullet \\ C \xrightarrow{6} \\ 2 \xrightarrow{8} \\ \bullet \\ C \xrightarrow{6} \\ 2 \xrightarrow{8} \\ \bullet \\ C \xrightarrow{6} \\ C 6$	D 8 8 16 * E 3 8 16		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Activity network SCA	M1 A1 A1	3	almost correct (up to 2 slips) all correct
(b)	Forward pass for earliest times	M1 A1	2	
(c)	Backward pass	M1 A1	2	
(d)	Critical path is ACDHI Minimum completion 24 days	B1 B1	2	
(e)	Non-critical B E F G Float2542	M1 A1√	2	At least 3 activities and float in one activity $$ correct $$ their earliest and latest times
(f)	Sumbar of $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}$	M1 A1 M1	4	Histogram ≤11 Correct Rest as histogram – generally start activities ok All correct
	Resource histogram			
(g)	Problems with $D \& E$ solved by E coming after D Problem at 16-18 days with F can be	M1 A1		
	solved by moving F to 20-22 Must overrun by equivalent to duration of E (3 days)	B1	3	
	Total		18	



Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
4(a)		B1 B1 B1 B1	4	MN NT PQ NP
(b)(i)	$S \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\$	M1		initial flow indicated as surplus forward and backward flows
	P ←2 Q e.g. SMNT 2 SPQT 2	M1 A1 A1		use of flow augmentation one flow correctly identified all possible flows correct
	$S \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 $	M1 A1	6	amending flows (dep on first M1) final situation with saturation at <i>M</i> and <i>P</i>
(ii)	Max flow = 14 M 8 $N623111010$	B1 B1	2	
(c)	Cut through 2 of their saturated arcs $\begin{cases} \{S,M\} / \{P,N,Q,T\} \\ \text{or cuts through } MN, MP \& SP \end{cases}$	M1 A1	2	cut on original network described or drawn
	Total		14	

MD02 (cont)

Q			S	olution	1			Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)	Introc	lucing	slack	variabl	es			M1		
	ת			_		-				
	Р 1	$\begin{array}{c} x \\ -3 \end{array}$	-2	<i>z</i> 4	$r \\ 0$	s 0	value 0			
	1	5	2	\bigcirc	0	Ū	0			
	0	1	4	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \end{pmatrix}$	1	0	8			
	0	2	7	3	0	1	21	A2	3	-1 EE
(b)	Choo	sing co	rrect j	pivot in	z-col	umn		M1		and perhaps dividing by 2
	1	-1	6	0	2	0	16			
	0	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$	2	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	4			
		\sim					0	M1		row operations
	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	0	$-\frac{3}{2}$	1	9	A1	3	correct
(c)(i)	Need	to use :	x - co	lumn f	or pive	ot		M1		
	Choo	sing co	rrect p	pivot	_			A1		
	1	0	10	2	3	0	24	M1		row operations
	0 0	1	4 -1	2 -1	1	0 1	8 5	A1 A1	5	top row third row
	U	0	-1	-1	-2	1	2	AI	3	third row
(ii)	Yes o	ptimal						B1√		
				s in top	row			E1	2	
							Total		13	

MD02 (c				
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6 (a)				
	(-2,2,4) < (2,4,5)			
	So S_1 dominated by S_2	E1		
				note > sign
	$\begin{pmatrix} 4\\5\\2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} 2\\4\\1 \end{pmatrix}$			
	So C_3 dominated by C_2	E1	2	
(b)	$C_1 C_2$			
	2×2 game now $\begin{array}{c} s_2 \\ s_3 \\ s_3 \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$			
	2×2 game now $2 \times 2 \times 4$			
	1			
	Minimum of rows $(2,4) = 2$	M1		correct method for either S or C
	Minimum of $(5,1) = 1$			
	\frown			
	Choose maximum = (2)	A1		play safe for Sam is S_2
	Max of column $1 = \max(2,5) = 5$			
	Max of column $2 = \max(4,1) = 4$			
	Choose minimum = 4	A1		play safe for computer is C_2
	Since $2 \neq 4 \Rightarrow$ not stable solution	F 1	4	
	Since $2 \neq 4 \implies$ not stable solution	E1	4	
(-)(-)				
(c)(i)	Computer picks C_1	2.0		
	Expected game $= 2p + 5(1-p)$	M1		
	= 5 - 3p	A1		
	Computer picks C_2			
	Expected gain $= 4p + (1-p)$			
	= 1 + 3p	A1	3	
	$-1 \pm 5p$		5	
(::)	Best mixed strategy			
(ii)	Best mixed strategy $5 - 3n = 1 + 3n$	M1		
	5 - 3p = 1 + 3p	1111		
	$\Rightarrow p = \frac{2}{3}$	A1	2	
	- 3	AI	۷	
(Expected points goin			
(iii)	Expected points gain			
	$=5-3\times\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$			Or $1 + 3\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$
				(3)
	= 3	B1	1	
	Total		12	
	Total		75	
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MD02 (cont)