

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MS2A Statistics 2A

Mark Scheme

2005 examination – June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

М	mark is for method			
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method			
А	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy			
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy			
Е	mark is for explanation			
\sqrt{or} ft or F	follow through from previous			
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy	
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read	
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy	
AWFW	anything which falls within	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{W}$	further work	
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work	
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work	
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt	
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate	
OE	OE	FB	formulae book	
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme	
–x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph	
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate	
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)	
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)	
		-	- · · ·	

Application of Mark Scheme

mark as in scheme

zero marks unless specified otherwise

No method shown:

Correct answer without working Incorrect answer without working

More than one method / choice of solution:

2 or more complete attempts, neither/none crossed outmark both/all fully and award the mean
mark rounded down
award credit for the complete solution only1 complete and 1 partial attempt, neither crossed outaward credit for the complete solution onlyCrossed out workdo not mark unless it has not been replacedAlternative solution using a correct or partially correct methodaward method and accuracy marks as
appropriate

MS2A/W	MS2A/W	
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Q	Solution	Mark	Total	Comments
1(a)(i)	$P(Y=2) = \frac{e^{-1.9} \times (1.9)^2}{21}$	M1		
	= 0.270	A1	2	AWRT
(ii)	$(0.270)^5 = 0.00143$	M1A1	2	On their (a)(i) AWRT
(b)(i)	$X \sim \mathbf{P}_o(9.5)$	B1	1	Poisson and 9.5
(ii)	$P(X \ge 10) = 1 - P(X \le 9) = 1 - 0.5218 = 0.4782$	M1		
	$\therefore p = 10 \times (0.4782)^3 (0.5218)^2$	A1	2	
(iii)	= 0.298	M1 A1	2	On their b (ii) AWRT 0.3
	Total		9	
2	H ₀ : The venue/location has no effect on the result of the match.	B1		
	O_i E_i $\left(\frac{\left(O_i - E_i \right)^2}{E_i} \right)$			
	15 10.8 1.6333 6 9.72 1.4237 6 6.48 0.0356	M1A1		calculation of E attempted.
	59.21.9174128.281.671365.520.0417	M1A1		Use of $\frac{\left(O_i - E_i\right)^2}{E_i}$
	$\sum O_i = 50 \qquad \sum E_i = 50 \qquad \mathcal{X}^2 = 6.723$	A1		AWFW 6.6 to 6.8
	$\chi^2_{5\%}(2) = 5.991$	B1 B1√		For $v = 2$ For 5.991 (on their v)
	$5.991 < 6.72$ \therefore Reject H ₀	A1√		
	Evidence suggests that the results are affected by the venue/location	E1√	10	
	Total		10	

MS2A/W (cont)

Q	Solution	Mark	Total	Comments
3(a)	$E(R) = \left(1 \times \frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(2 \times \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(4 \times \frac{1}{4}\right)$	M1A1		$2\frac{1}{4}$
	= 2.25	WITAI		4
	$E(R^2) = \left(1 \times \frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(4 \times \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(16 \times \frac{1}{4}\right)$			1
	=6.25			$6\frac{1}{4}$
	\therefore Var $(R) = 6.25 - (2.25)^2$			
	= 1.1875	M1	1	$1\frac{3}{16}$ on their E (R)
மிர்	x 1 1 1	2111	-	16
(~)(-)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B1		
	$P(X = x)$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$			
	4 2 4			
	$E(X) = (1 \times \frac{1}{2}) + (\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}) + (\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2})$			
	$(1)^{(1)} (1)^$	M1		
	$=\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{8}+\frac{1}{64}$			
	$-\frac{16+8+1}{2}$			
	64			
	$=\frac{25}{64}$	A1	3	AG
	(-8) 8 - 64			
(ii)	$A = \left(R + \frac{1}{R} \right) \times \frac{1}{R} = 8 + \frac{1}{R^2}$	M1		Attempt at area = $l \times b$
	$E(A) = 8 + E\left(\frac{64}{p^2}\right) = 8 + 64 \times E\left(\frac{1}{p^2}\right)$	2.61		
	25	MI		
	$= 8 + 64 \times E(X) = 8 + 64 \times \frac{23}{64}$			
	= 33			CAO
4(a)	Total		10	
4(a)	$\sum x = 15.8$			
	$\sum x^2 = 25.0592$			$\overline{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{y} \left(\mathbf{x} \sigma^2 \right)$
	$\overline{x} = \frac{15.8}{10} = 1.58$	B1		$X \sim N\left(\frac{\mu}{10}\right)$
	10	DI		
	$s^2 = \frac{25.0592}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$			
	9 9 ⁽	B2	3	(s = 0.1028) AWRT 0.011
(b)	=0.01037 90% CI for μ			
	$1.58 \pm \frac{s}{1.0} \times 1.833$			
	(152164)	MlAlf		1.58 ± 0.0596
	(B1		for t
		B1	5	for interval
	Total	AI√	8	
L	- ••••	1		I

MS2A/W (cont)

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)	▲ f(t)			
		В3	3	B1 2 axes with scales B1 Horizontal line at 0.2 from 0 to 3 B1 Curve from 3 to 6
(b)	P(T=3)=0	B1	1	
(c)	P(T > 3) - 1 - P(T < 3)	M1	-	c6 1 2
(0)	$r(1 \ge 3) - 1 - r(1 < 3)$	1,111		$\int_{3}^{3} \frac{1}{45} t(6-t) dt = \frac{2}{5}$
	$=1-\frac{5}{5}$			
	2			
	$=\frac{-}{5}$	A1	2	
(d)	$\begin{bmatrix} m \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$		_	
	$\int_{0}^{1} -dt = 0.5$	M1		$P(T \le 3) = 0.6$
	$\left(t \right)^{m}$			$0 \le \text{median} \le 3$
	$\therefore \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)_0 = 0.5$			
				1
	$\frac{m}{m} = 0 = 0.5$			$\frac{-m}{5} = 0.5$
	5			$m = 5 \times 0.5$
	$m = 0.5 \times 5$			m = 2.5 AG
	m = 2.5	. 1	2	
	3 6	Al	2	
(e)	$E(T) = \int \frac{1}{5}t dt + \int \frac{1}{45}t^2(6-t) dt$	M1		
		A 1 A 1		
	$= \left\lfloor \frac{1}{10}t^{2} \right\rfloor_{0} + \left\lfloor \frac{2}{45}t^{3} - \frac{1}{180}t^{4} \right\rfloor_{3}$	AIAI		
	$=\frac{9}{-1}+1.65$			
	10			
	= 2,55	A1		
	\therefore P(median < T < mean)			
	= P(2.5 < T < 2.55)			
	-0.05 × 1	M1	6	
	$=0.03 \times \frac{-}{5}$	A 1		
	= 0.01	AI		
	Total		14	

MS2A/W (cont)

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6(a)	$H_0: \mu = 35$			
	$H \cdot \mu \neq 35$	B1		
	11, 10, 100			
	2 - tail test = 1% sig level			
	under H_0 , $\overline{X} \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n}\right)$			
	- (144)			
	$X \sim N \left(35, \frac{111}{100} \right)$			
	(100)	B1		
	37.9 - 35			25.0.25
	$z = \frac{37.5 - 35}{1.2}$	M1		$z = \frac{37.9 - 35}{1000}$
	1.2	101 1		their σ/\sqrt{n}
	z = 2.42	A1√		On their σ/\sqrt{n}
	$z_{crit} = \pm 2.5758$			
	De met minet II	A^{B1}		
	Do not reject H_0			On their z
	evidence to support the claim that the			
	mean age is 35 years.	F1√		
			7	
(b)	Accept H_0 when H_0 is false			
	Accepting the mean to be 35 years			
	when it isn't	B2	2	Allow B1 if not in context
	Total		9	
	Total		60	