Version: 1.0: 0206



General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MM1A Mechanics 1A

Mark Scheme

2005 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

M mark is for method

m or dM mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method M mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy

B mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy

E mark is for explanation

√or ft or F follow through from previous

incorrect result MC mis-copy correct answer only MR mis-read

CSO correct solution only RA required accuracy AWFW anything which falls within FW further work

AWRT anything which rounds to **ISW** ignore subsequent work **ACF** any correct form from incorrect work **FIW** answer given given benefit of doubt AG BOD special case SC work replaced by candidate WR

OE OE FB formulae book A2,1 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks NOS not on scheme -x EE deduct x marks for each error G graph

NMS no method shown c candidate
PI possibly implied sf significant figure(s)
SCA substantially correct approach dp decimal place(s)

Application of Mark Scheme

No method shown:

CAO

Correct answer without working mark as in scheme

Incorrect answer without working zero marks unless specified otherwise

More than one method / choice of solution:

2 or more complete attempts, neither/none crossed out mark both/all fully and award the mean

mark rounded down

1 complete and 1 partial attempt, neither crossed out award credit for the complete solution only

Crossed out work do not mark unless it has not been replaced

Alternative solution using a correct or partially correct method award method and accuracy marks as

appropriate

MM1A/W

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
1(a)			- 0 - 611	
I(a)	$s_1 = \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 20 = 150$	M1 M1		M1: Finding length of first stage M1: Finding length of second stage A1: Both distances correct
	$s_2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 80 = 600$	M1 A1		A1. Doin distances correct
	$s = 600 + 150 = 750 \mathrm{m}$	A1	4	A1: Correct total distance
(b)(i)	$t = \frac{750}{15} = 50 \text{ s}$	B1ft	1	B1: Correct time or their distance correctly divided by 15
(ii)	Delay = $120 - 50 = 70 \text{ s}$	B1ft	1	B1: Correct time of their previous time correctly subtracted from 120 to give a positive answer
(c)	15 3 0 1075 2	M1		M1: Finding acceleration
	$a = \frac{15}{80} = \frac{3}{16} = 0.1875 \text{ ms}^{-2}$	A1		A1: Correct acceleration
	$F = 500000 \times 0.1875 = 93800 \text{ N (to 3sf)}$	M1		M1: Use of $F = ma$
	1 20000011012012	A1	4	A1: Correct force
	Total		10	
2(a)	$8 \times 8 + 12 \times 6 = 20v$	M1		M1: Three term equation for conservation
	136			of momentum
	$v = \frac{136}{20} = 6.8 \mathrm{ms^{-1}}$	A 1		A1: Correct equation
	20	A1	3	A1: Correct v
(b)	$8 \times 8 + 12 \times 6 = 8 \times 6.5 + 12v$	M1		M1: Four term conservation of
	$v = \frac{84}{12} = 7 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	A 1		momentum equation
	$v = \frac{1}{12} = 7 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	A1 A1	2	A1: Correct equation A1: Correct <i>v</i>
	Total	Al	<u>3</u>	A1. Collect v
3(a)		M1	U	M1: Use of Pythagoras
	$v = \sqrt{200^2 + 30^2}$	A1		A1: Correct expression
	$= 202 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	A1	3	A1: Correct velocity
(b)				M1: Use of tan
	$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{200}{30}\right) = 081.5^{\circ}$	M1		A1: Correct expression
	$\left(\frac{1}{30}\right) = 081.3$	A1 A1	3	A1: Correct bearing
	. ,	AI	3	Accept 082° or 081°
	Total		6	
4(a)	9g - T = 9a	M1		M1:Equation for one particle
	T - 5g = 5a	A1		A1: Correct equation
	T - 5g = 5a $4g = 14a$ AG	M1		M1:Equation for other particle
		A 1		A1:Correct equation
	$a = \frac{4g}{14} = 2.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$	A1	5	A1:Correct a from correct working
(b)		M1	3	M1: Substituting acceleration to find <i>T</i>
	$T - 5g = 5 \times 2.8$	A1	2	A1: Correct tension
	T = 63 N	***	_	
(c)	$s = \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 0.5^2\right)$	M1		M1: Constant acceleration equation with $u = 0$ and $a \neq g$ to find s . Allow \pm
	= 0.35 m	A1		answers.
		A1		A1: Correct equation
	Total = $2 \times 0.35 = 0.7 \text{ m}$	A1ft	4	A1: Correct distance
		*	•	A1: Doubling their distance to get total
	m . i		11	distance apart
	Total		11	

MM1A/W (cont)

MM1A/W (cont)							
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments			
5(a)	$2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8t^2$			M1: Vertical equation with two terms			
	$2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8t^2$	M1A1		including a 2			
	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{A}}$ AG			A1: Correct equation			
	$t = \sqrt{\frac{4}{9.8}} = 0.639 \text{ s}$	dM1		dM1: Solving for <i>t</i>			
	₹9.8	A1	4	A1: Correct <i>t</i> from correct working			
				_			
a s	$s = 30\sqrt{\frac{4}{9.8}} = 19.2 \text{ m}$	M1		M1: Use of $30 \times \text{time}$			
(b)	$s = 30\sqrt{\frac{1}{98}} = 19.2 \text{ m}$	A 1	2	A1: Correct distance			
	(7.0						
(a)(i)	Horizontal remains constant	B1		D1. Compet description			
(c)(i)		B1	2	B1: Correct description			
(ii)	Vertical increases in magnitude	ы		B1: Correct description			
	Total		8				
((a)				M1: Use of $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{a}t$ and			
6(a)	$\mathbf{v} = 4\mathbf{j} + (3\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j})t$	M1A1	2	$\mathbf{u} \neq 0$ or Integration			
	$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{H}\mathbf{J} + (\mathbf{M} - \mathbf{J}\mathbf{J})t$			A1: Correct expression			
(b)							
	$\mathbf{v} = 3t\mathbf{i} + (4 - 5t)\mathbf{j}$ $4 - 5t = 0$	M1		M1: j component of velocity			
	4 - 5t = 0			equal to zero			
	t = 0.8 s	A1	2	A1: Correct t			
(c)	$\mathbf{v} = 12\mathbf{i} - 16\mathbf{j}$	M1		M1: Finding velocity when			
	v = 12i - 16j $v = \sqrt{12^2 + 16^2} = 20$ AG			t=4			
	$\mathbf{v} = \sqrt{12^2 + 16^2} = 20$ AG	A 1		A1: Correct velocity			
		dM1		dM1: Finding the magnitude			
		A1	4	A1: Correct speed from correct working			
	Total		8				
7(a)	10001						
()	$R \nearrow T$						
	F	B1	1	B1: Correct force diagram			
	ma						
	→ mg						
(b)	$R + 20\sin 30^\circ = 6g\cos 10^\circ$	M1A1		M1: Resolving perpendicular to the slope			
	9			with 3 terms			
	$R = 6g\cos 10^\circ - 20\sin 30^\circ$	dM1		A1: Correct equation			
				dM1: Solving for R			
	R = 47.9 N (to 3 sf) AG	A1	4	A1: Correct R from correct working			
(c)	$F = \mu R$	M1		M1: Use of $F = \mu R$			
	$6 \times 0.4 = 20\cos 30^{\circ} - 6g\sin 10^{\circ} - \mu R$	M1		M1: Resolving parallel to slope to get 4			
	$0.70.1-200030 \text{og sm 10} - \mu \text{N}$	A1		term equation of motion			
				A1: Correct equation			
	$\mu R = 4.710$	A1		A1: Correct $F / \mu R$			
	$\mu = \frac{4.710}{47.01} = 0.0983$	dM1		dM1: Solving for μ			
	$\mu = \frac{47.91}{47.91} = 0.0983$	A1	6	A1: AWRT 0.098			
	11.71						
	Total		11				
	Total		60				