

#### **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARINE SCIENCE 9693/02

Paper 2 AS Data-Handling and Free-Response

May/June 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 50

#### **Published**

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This mark scheme will use the following abbreviations:

; separates marking points

I separates alternatives within a marking point

() contents of brackets are not required but should be implied / the contents set the

context of the answer

R reject

A accept (answers that are correctly cued by the question or guidance you have

received)

ignore (mark as if this material was not present)

**AW** alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual, accept other ways of

expressing the same idea)

**AVP** alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)

**ORA** or reverse argument

<u>underline</u> actual word underlined must be used by the candidate (grammatical variants

excepted)

MAX indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awardedtatements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

OR separates two different routes to a mark point and only one should be awarded error carried forward (credit an operation from a previous incorrect response)

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1(a)(i)	appropriate linear <b>scale</b> for both axes ;	4	plots to cover at least 1 / 2 of the grid I axis orientation
	both axes labelled including units ;		
	all points <b>plotted</b> correctly (±1 mm);		
	points joined with ruled <b>lines</b> ;		
1(a)(ii)	answer is consistent with graph, precise to ±1 mm;	2	
	per m <sup>2</sup> / m <sup>-2</sup> ;		ECF from incorrect lines in 1(a)(i)
1(b)(i)	any 2 of:	2	
	uptake increases / simple statement of relationship;		e.g. the greater the concentration of nitrate, the higher the mean rate of uptake
	(then) levels off / rate of increase lessens; credit use of manipulated figures (if units stated, they must be correct);		e.g. an overall increase in uptake of 6.1 ( µmol dm <sup>-3</sup> hr <sup>-1</sup> ) ;
1(b)(ii)	find the total uptake for all replicates ;	2	
	divide total by 7 / number of replicates ;		
1(b)(iii)	provide nitrogen for ;	2	
	synthesis of <i>any 2 of</i> , (named) amino acids / (named) protein / (named) enzyme / chlorophyll / DNA;;		
	to produce new cells ;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(a)	second (trophic level);		1
2(b)(i)	2652;;		If answer incorrect, check working (204 × 936) ÷ 72 = 1 mark
2(b)(ii)	6.63 (per m <sup>2</sup> );;		<b>2 A</b> 7, 6.6
2(b)(iii)	any 3 of:		3 I ref. to human error, lack of replicates
	idea of, moving into or out of area ;		
	idea of, marked individuals may not be randomly mixed;		
	marking may increase likelihood of them being re-captured;		
	paint may wear off / fade / wash off ;		
	reproduction / death of periwinkles ;		
	marking may increase / change predation (rate);		
	marking may <u>harm</u> periwinkles ;		
3(a)	idea of, change in community (structure) / change in numbers of different species;		3
	over time ;		
	e.g. ( <i>Tevnia</i> replaced with <i>Riftia</i> ) at hydrothermal vents;		<b>A</b> other <u>marine</u> examples, e.g. succession on a whale carcass or on an artificial reef
			Individual species names are not required, but a relevant successional scenario is required

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(b)	any six of:	6	
	1 idea of, erosion explained as removal of particles / sediment / silt;		
	2 idea of, sedimentation as settling of particles / sediment / silt;		
	3 rocky shore develops where there is (a lot of) erosion;		
	4 rate of erosion exceeds sedimentation (at rocky shores);		
	5 rocky shores associated with (fast) currents / (strong) wave action;		
	6 muddy shores develop where there is (a lot of) sedimentation;		
	7 rate of sedimentation exceeds erosion (at muddy shores);		
	8 muddy shores associated with slow water flow / low, wave energy / action (which encourages sedimentation);		
	9 credit reference to different sized particles ;		(silt particle size 0.02 mm or smaller)

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Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(c)	any	/ 6 of:	6	
	1	damage due to, storms / cyclones / physical effects;		
	2	drying / exposure to air ;		
	3	temperature change / global warming ;		
	4	causes bleaching / loss of zooxanthellae;		
	5	presence of predators / crown of thorns starfish (COTS) / parrot fish / corals are eaten ;		
	6	increased carbon dioxide / acid rain ;		
	7	decreased pH / increased acidity;		A H⁺increase as a decrease in pH
	8	dissolves coral skeleton / can't form (CaCO <sub>3</sub> ) exoskeleton ;		
	9	sedimentation / sediment / silt, blocks mouth of polyp / physical damage;		
	10	damage due to <u>named</u> human disturbance ;		e.g. tourist trampling, blast fishing, dredging, anchorage of boats
	11	idea of, nutrient enrichment / chemicals in run off;		anchorage of boats
	12	leading to, eutrophication / algal growth / toxicity to coral;		
	13	blocking / reduction, of light (by sediment / turbidity / algae);		
	14	(coral) disease ;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(a)	any five of:	5	
	1 idea of, (named) salt / (named) mineral input from volcanoes (increases) salinity;		$A CO_2/SO_2/H_2S/sulfides/S^{2-}/HCl$
	2 volcanic gases contain, carbon dioxide / sulfur dioxide / hydrogen sulfide / hydrogen chloride ;		hydrochloric acid / chlori <u>de</u> (ions) / C <i>l</i> <sup>-</sup>
	3 gases dissolve / (atmospheric) dissolution ;		I mixing
	4 carried into sea water in rain water / reference to hydrological cycle;		A ref. to hydrosphere
	5 (ions) enter water directly through underwater volcano / hydrothermal vent ;		
	6 idea of, (sea) water becomes more acidic / decreased pH;		
	7 gases are less soluble in hot water ;		
	8 idea of, a lot of volcanic ash would raise pH;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance			
4(b)	any five of:	5				
	1 warming of surface layers ;					
	2 warm water less dense than cold water ;					
	3 (therefore) floats on colder water ;					
	4 temperature decreases as depth increases ;		description of thermocline must imply sudden change in temp. with depth			
	5 ref. to thermocline / description of ;					
	6 (mixing by) wind / storms / cyclones / hurricanes / typhoons ;					
	7 (mixing by) currents / upwelling ;					
	8 (leads to) cooling of surface water;					
	9 results in convection (mixing);					

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(c)	(the concentration of DO is lower in a tropical lagoon because:) any five of:	5	Implication of a comparison is needed in the answer.
	1 high <u>er</u> temperature (than open ocean);		
	2 solubility of oxygen decreases (as temperature increases);		
	3 less, wave action / mixing / turbulence;		
	4 waves help atmospheric oxygen to dissolve;		
	5 high <u>er</u> salinity in a lagoon (due to evaporation);		
	6 oxygen less soluble in more saline water;		
	7 few <u>er</u> producers in lagoon ;		
	8 less (production of oxygen by) photosynthesis;		
	9 high <u>er</u> nutrient concentration (in lagoon) / idea of, eutrophication;		
	10 lagoon is an enclosed body of water (vs open ocean with lots of mixing);		A reference to a lagoon being, a closed system / isolated, or surrounded by a reef / atolls

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