UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9693 MARINE SCIENCE

9693/03

Paper 3 (A2 Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

(a)		a that NPP measures the available carbon that can be passed onto consumers ; not allow ref. to carbon used by plants	[1]
(b)	(i)	2 of: ref. to photosynthesis releasing / producing oxygen; ref. to respiration consuming oxygen produced (by photosynthesis); oxygen given off is that which left after the oxygen used by respiration;	[2]
	(ii)	the greater the depth the lower the net primary productivity / ora;	[1]
		2 of: ref. to light being used in photosynthesis; ref. to light penetration decreasing with depth; ref. to light being a limiting factor in deeper waters; ref. to rate of photosynthesis decreasing with depth and respiration refunchanged;	maining [2]
(c)	(i)	15 °C: <u>6</u> (m) ;	[1]
	(ii)	20 °C: <u>4</u> (m) ;	[1]
((iii) 3 of: both respiration and photosynthesis involve enzymes; ref. to effect of temperature on enzymes; respiration increases more than photosynthesis at higher temperature; needs more light to carry out enough photosynthesis to compensate respiration; ref. to other limiting factors; do not allow ref. to gas solubility related to temperature, pressure or salinity		creased
((iv)	idea of the tropical sea having lower productivity; answer must be related to productivity not photosynthesis	[1]
		1 of: idea of less energy available to transfer in food chains ; idea of plants losing more to respiration in tropics ;	[1]

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[Total: 13]

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Page 3		wark Scheme: Teachers Versi	on Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2	011 9693	03	
2 (a)	 (i) 2 of: as size increases oxygen consumption increases; not a linear relationship; allow descriptions ref. to figures; e.g. C is 6 × heavier than A, oxygen consumption is approx. 2 × mo B is 2 × heavier than A, oxygen consumption is approx. 1.5 × more 				
	(ii)	3 of: idea that oxygen is not limiting; allow descript ref. to respiration rate staying constant; idea that <u>rate</u> of oxygen uptake can be adjuste idea that the gas exchange surface can be adjudea that circulation can be adjusted (to maintain	ed ; iusted (to maintain uptake) ;		
(b)	оху	gen consumption would increase ;		[1]	
	3 of: activity requires more energy; allow ATP respiration supplies energy; respiration consumes oxygen;				
		e oxygen needed to supply increased respiration	on ;	[3]	
				[Total: 9]	
3 (a)	(i)	Southern Bluefin as it produces largest number allow yellow fin tuna as breeds more frequently		[1]	
	(ii)	2 of: a comparison must be made for each feature tuna spawn in sea, salmon in fresh / river wate tuna eggs free floating / in ocean, salmon in ne			
		tuna spawn several times during lifetime, most		[2]	
(b)		thern Bluefin tuna ;		[1]	
	ign	one specific breeding site; ore any other features e.g. age to reach maturit er spawning fish being caught / ora;	у	[2]	

Syllabus

Paper

Page 3

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2 of: lower temperature slows metabolism / enzymes ; allow chemical reactions				
Tonger to readir (contain) matarity perore their retain to river ;	[2]			
2 of:				
body mass bigger / lose mass as energy used in spawning;				
condition / saleability reduced after spawning ;				
allow reverse arguments	[2]			
	[Total: 10]			
	[
shing figh at a level that maintains the nanulation / maintains figh stock / AVV :				
minimum damage to the environment;	[2]			
1 of:				
(long term interest in) ensuring that they have fish to sell;				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[1]			
• • •				
helping to keep jobs in fishing;				
believe it's better quality / taste ;	[1]			
1 of:				
guaranteed outlet for their fish at reasonable price;				
long term employment prospects / will always be fish to catch;				
	[1]			
do not allow higher income? more high to sell	ניו			
	[1]			
	•			
other amenities also remain ; e.g. entertainment, schools				
allow reverse arguments	FO3			
ao not allow answers related to fish stocks, fishing employment or tourism	[2]			
	[Total: 8]			
)	2 of: lower temperature slows metabolism / enzymes; allow chemical reactions food supply may be less; growth rate slower / longer to reach size to migrate to sea; longer to reach (sexual) maturity before their return to river; 2 of: easier to catch; allow if refer to natural predators e.g. bears very few survive after spawning (so less to catch); body mass bigger / lose mass as energy used in spawning; condition / saleability reduced after spawning; allow reverse arguments ching fish at a level that maintains the population / maintains fish stock / AW; we ref. MSY and allow to prevent overfishing unless qualified in minimum damage to the environment; 1 of: (long term interest in) ensuring that they have fish to sell; improve quality of the fish sold; attract more customers if seen to be helping conservation efforts; improve company image; 1 of: idea of appealing their interest in conservation / environmental awareness; e.g. helping to maintain the marine environment; helping to keep jobs in fishing; believe it's better quality / taste; 1 of: guaranteed outlet for their fish at reasonable price; long term employment prospects / will always be fish to catch; ref. to improvement in size of fish / saleability of fish caught; do not allow higher income / more fish to sell 1 of: ref. to less employment (as fishing is restricted); ref. to lower income; 2 of: other trades supporting fishing also retained; allow examples e.g. ship repairs shops stay in the area; other amenities also remain; e.g. entertainment, schools			

Syllabus

Paper

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(a) (i)	sea water at 30 °C	$6.2 \pm 0.1 \text{mg} / \text{dm}^{-3}$;	[1]
	freshwater at 15 °C	$9.6 \pm 0.1 \text{mg} / \text{dm}^{-3}$;	[1]
	max 1 mark if units no	ot given	
(ii)	allow ref. to greater o	used by respiration / metabolism; exygen capacity of water at lower temperature, ignore salinity increases rate of respiration / metabolism;	, [2]
(iii)	One mark for each m	nethod and one mark for a suitable advantage	
		r flow bringing in fresh oxygenated water; es waste from the tank / prevents accumulation of toxins;	
	method: pump in oxygadvantage: idea of ca	gen from cylinders; an control the concentration / volume of the oxygen supply;	
	Allow: method: grow algae / advantage: photosynt	water plants ; thesis produces oxygen into the water ;	[4]
(b) (i)	idea that: (protein is same growth;	used for growth) so fish eat more of a low protein diet to	achieve [1]
(ii)		igh protein diet) the fish may use some of protein for energother energy sources ;	gy / low [1]
die hig ref ref	diet that gives the most rapid rate of growth; higher quality food may produce higher quality fish; ref. to availability of food source; ref. to storage / spoilage of food source; do not allow ref. to protein content [7		
		[To	otal: 11]

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(a)	gro	vents wth a	the attachment / growth of algae / barnacles on ship b dds to mass and reduces speed of travel / increases d s cost of fuel ;		[2]
(b)	(i)		d spectrum: idea of a wide range of different types orgity: idea of kills / poisons living organisms; allow dam		[2]
	(ii)	idea	of bioaccumulation / biomagnification; allow description	ons	[1]
(c)	(i)	ref. t	o more ships in coastal water; o ships staying in harbour so more paint lost; to more shell fish trapping / aquaculture in coastal v examples e.g. lobster pots	regions (using	treated nets) ; [1]
	(ii)	ref. t	o bound into sediment (so breakdown is very slow); o some (older) ships still have TBT paint (so being rele o illegal use of paint; of: increase in large size shipping that can use TBT pa); [1]
(d)	(i)		nigher the TBT the slower the growth rate of oysters; vinverse relationship		[1]

(ii) 2 of:

6

idea that the number of saleable / large oysters produced would decrease; idea that the number of oysters reaching maturity would decrease; ignore ref. to imposex

ref. to the effect on the population of oysters;

ref to levels above 2.00 μg dm⁻³ oysters decrease rate of growth / oysters being killed ;[2]

[Total: 10]

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7 (a) suitable measurements;

e.g. length × width 150 mm × 70 mm

allow cm measurements. allow range length 140 to 150 mm, width 68 to 70 mm

correct conversion to km; e.g. =
$$\frac{150 \text{ mm}}{20 \text{ mm}} \times \frac{70}{20 \text{ m}} \times (1 \text{ km})$$

correct answer from figures with units;
$$e.g. = 7.5 \times 3.5 = 26.25 \text{ km}^2$$
; allow ecf from figures shown on Fig. 7.1 as km [3]

(b) (i) 2 of:

ref. to (fish) breeding grounds;

ref. to rare / endangered species;

ref. to biodiversity;

ref. to aesthetic value;

ref. to ecotourism;

[2]

(ii) inshore; [1]

1of:

ref. to breeding grounds (of turtles / land crabs) / habitat of juvenile fish;

ref. to fragile ecosystem / named ecosystem; e.g. mangroves

[1]

(c) (i) 2 of:

trawling damages the sea bed / benthic zone; allow coral reef

stirs up sediment that damages gills / blocks light;

kills bottom dwelling plants / animals that are part of the ecosystem; allow descriptions e.g. part of food chain / webs

allow reference to by-catch that dies

[2]

[2]

(ii) 2 of:

ref. to local needs for employment;

ref. to traditional occupation in the area;

ref. to idea of netting being more sustainable; e.g. limited catch size / more control over size of catch

ref. to economic need for export / holiday trade ;

- (d) (i) idea of wrecks become habitats for marine organism / form an ecosystem; allow idea of disturbance to ecosystem of wreck removal e.g. damage to coral / sea bed by lifting gear or ship anchorage
 - (ii) idea of angling only catches a limited number of fish; allow idea of attraction for sport fishing / tourist attraction
 - (iii) idea of wake damaging shoreline / animals / spilling pollutants; allow noise pollution / examples of plants or animals e.g. manatee [3]

[Total: 14]