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## MARKING SCHEME

## SUMMER 2016

## LEVEL 2 CERTIFICATE IN LATIN LANGUAGE UNIT 9521/01 (Core Latin Language)

## INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2016 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

## LEVEL 2 CORE LATIN LANGUAGE

## UNIT 9521

Q. 1 (a) king of Pallanteum (of a / the city $=0$ )
(b) it was big / great / large (1) (very big / huge $=0$ ) it was in the middle / centre of Italy (1)
(c) the son of Evander / the king (his son / Evander's boy = 0)
(d) he was a brave / strong / fearless (1) young (man) / youth (1) (boy / man = 0) he wanted to be (1) a soldier (1) (in the army = 0)
(e) $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$
(f) (i) sailed / crossed the sea / came by ship to / into Italy (come to Italy = 0; sailed in Italy $=0$; navigated $=0$; for Italy $=\mathrm{OK}$ )
(ii) build / establish a city (1) <new> (1)
(iii) many (1) enemies / enemy (1)
(of the enemy / enemies / opponents / hostiles $=0$ )
were attacking / attacked (them) (1) (fighting = 0; had attacked = 0)
(they were attacking many enemies $=2 / 3$ )
(many enemies [just] / they had many enemies = $2 / 3$ )
(iv) novel / novelty / renovate / nova / supernova / novice etc.
(accept misspellings if identifiable)
(new $=0$ but allow e.g. new + novel)
(g) $A, C, F$
(h) A
(i) he led him / Aeneas (1) to / towards / his father / Evander (1) (he introduced him to Evander = 1/2; he talked to Evander = 0; he went to meet / see Evander = 0)
(j) he (Evander) knew / had known (1) (got to know = 0) Aeneas' father (object only) (1) (he was Aeneas' father $=0$; but Aeneas' father was known to him $=2$ ) (Aeneas' father was known $=0$; Aeneas' father knew / had known him $=1$ ) (he had known his father $=2$ )

Evander et Aeneas cenam consumebant.

## $\begin{array}{lllllllll}11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11\end{array}$

'volo te adiuvare,' inquit Evander. 'quid vis?'
'ego omnes Troianos in_Italiam duxi,' respondit Aeneas.
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
'dei enim mihi imperaverunt ut hoc facerem.
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array} 1$
sed plurimi hostes nos oppugnant. Turnus, qui hostes ducit, me necare vult.'
$\begin{array}{llllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 11\end{array}$
'Turnus me quoque interficere cupit,' Evander dixit.
$\begin{array}{lllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
[8]
'ego tibi quadringentos milites dare possum.' |

## $\begin{array}{llllllll}1 & 1 & 11 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$

Aeneas, cum verba regis audivisset, gaudebat.

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllll}
1 & 111 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1
\end{array}
$$ etiam laetior fuit, ubi rex Pallantem iussit milites suos ducere.

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | deinde Evander Aenean oravit ut Pallantem artes belli doceret et vitam eius servaret.

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
Evander, ubi filium cum Troianis ex urbe discedentem spectabat, lacrimabat.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}
1 & 1 & & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & & 1 & 1 & 1 & & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \tag{17}
\end{array} 1
$$ intellegebat enim in quanta pericula filium mitteret, et quam senex ipse iam esset.

Total mark $=$ [146]; use scaling chart to convert to a mark out of [40]
Total mark for Question 2: [40]

| Conversion table for use with question 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 146 | 40 | 125 | 34 | 104 | 28 | 83 | 23 | 62 | 17 | 41 | 11 | 20 | 5 |
| 145 | 40 | 124 | 34 | 103 | 28 | 82 | 22 | 61 | 17 | 40 | 11 | 19 | 5 |
| 144 | 39 | 123 | 34 | 102 | 28 | 81 | 22 | 60 | 16 | 39 | 11 | 18 | 5 |
| 143 | 39 | 122 | 33 | 101 | 28 | 80 | 22 | 59 | 16 | 38 | 10 | 17 | 5 |
| 142 | 39 | 121 | 33 | 100 | 27 | 79 | 22 | 58 | 16 | 37 | 10 | 16 | 4 |
| 141 | 39 | 120 | 33 | 99 | 27 | 78 | 21 | 57 | 16 | 36 | 10 | 15 | 4 |
| 140 | 38 | 119 | 33 | 98 | 27 | 77 | 21 | 56 | 15 | 35 | 10 | 14 | 4 |
| 139 | 38 | 118 | 32 | 97 | 27 | 76 | 21 | 55 | 15 | 34 | 9 | 13 | 4 |
| 138 | 38 | 117 | 32 | 96 | 26 | 75 | 21 | 54 | 15 | 33 | 9 | 12 | 3 |
| 137 | 38 | 116 | 32 | 95 | 26 | 74 | 20 | 53 | 15 | 32 | 9 | 11 | 3 |
| 136 | 37 | 115 | 32 | 94 | 26 | 73 | 20 | 52 | 14 | 31 | 8 | 10 | 3 |
| 135 | 37 | 114 | 31 | 93 | 25 | 72 | 20 | 51 | 14 | 30 | 8 | 9 | 2 |
| 134 | 37 | 113 | 31 | 92 | 25 | 71 | 19 | 50 | 14 | 29 | 8 | 8 | 2 |
| 133 | 36 | 112 | 31 | 91 | 25 | 70 | 19 | 49 | 13 | 28 | 8 | 7 | 2 |
| 132 | 36 | 111 | 30 | 90 | 25 | 69 | 19 | 48 | 13 | 27 | 7 | 6 | 2 |
| 131 | 36 | 110 | 30 | 89 | 24 | 68 | 19 | 47 | 13 | 26 | 7 | 5 | 1 |
| 130 | 36 | 109 | 30 | 88 | 24 | 67 | 18 | 46 | 13 | 25 | 7 | 4 | 1 |
| 129 | 35 | 108 | 30 | 87 | 24 | 66 | 18 | 45 | 12 | 24 | 7 | 3 | 1 |
| 128 | 35 | 107 | 29 | 86 | 24 | 65 | 18 | 44 | 12 | 23 | 6 | 2 | 1 |
| 127 | 35 | 106 | 29 | 85 | 23 | 64 | 18 | 43 | 12 | 22 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| 126 | 35 | 105 | 29 | 84 | 23 | 63 | 17 | 42 | 12 | 21 | 6 | 0 | 0 |

Q. 3
(a)
(i) departing from / leaving / marching out of
(1) from the city
(1)
(ii) Pallas (1) (his) soldiers (1)/ (his) army / his men (1)
(iii) the danger(s) (1) to / of the Trojans (1) (the Trojans were in danger = 2)
left (1) in the camp (1) $\quad($ camps $=0)$
(the Trojan camp was in danger / they are in danger = 1)
(b) D
(c) (i) attacking
(1) our / their
(1) camp(s)
(ii) many (1) have died / perished / are dead (1) (were perishing $=0$ )
(were / had been killed $=\mathrm{OK}$ )
(d) (i) timebat (1) (he was) afraid / scared / fearful / feared / (was) frightened (1) (worried $=0$ )
(ii) $\quad$ he (had) left (1) his son (in the camp) (1)
(his son was in danger = 1); his son had left = 0)
(e) after a few / several (1) hours (1) (accept 'a few hours later / after') [2]
(f) $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{D}$
(g) to attack / fight the enemy (1) without delay (to delay attacking the enemy $=1$ )
(h) (i) $B$
(ii) they fought (1) bravely / strongly / they were brave (1) (ferociously / very bravely $=0$ ) they killed (1) many (1) of the enemy / enemies (1)
(iii) very / -est + same meaning as given to fortifer
(i) Turnus / he caught sight of Pallas / Pallas was observed (1) fighting (1) in the middle of the battle (1) easily (1) he overpowered / defeated him (1) he killed him (1) (allow 'Pallas was killed') (he was overpowered and killed $=1 / 2$ )
(penalise ambiguous pronouns once only.) (if Pallas not identified as the victim, max 3)

Total mark for Question 3: [35]
Total mark for paper: [100]

## 9521 SUMMER 2016 WORD LIST FOR QUESTION 2

| Evander et Aeneas | singular subject of consumebant = 1 singular subject of consumebant $=1$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| cenam consumebant. \| | dinner $/$ meal $=1(f o o d=0)$; singular object of consumebant $=1$ eat $/$ consume $/$ have $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ plural past $=1$ (were dining $=4 / 4$ ) |
| 'volo te adiuvare,' | ```want / wish = 1; 1 'st singular = 1 (I would like = OK) you + object of adiuvare = 1 help = 1; infinitive = 1 (I want your help =2 / 5)``` |
| inquit Evander. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { say }=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }} \text { singular past }=1 \\ & \text { singular subject of } \text { inquit }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 'quid vis?' | what + object of vis = 1 <br> want $/$ wish $=1 ; 2^{\text {nd }}$ singular present $=1$ |
| ‘ego duxi | ```I = 1 lead / take = 1; 1 }\mp@subsup{}{}{\mathrm{ st }}\mathrm{ singular past simple / perfect =1 (I lead = 2 / 3 [ego dux]; (I was the leader of all the Trojans=5/6) (l am the leader of all the Trojans=4/6)``` |
| omnes Troianos | $\begin{aligned} & \text { all =1; agreement =1 } \\ & \text { plural object of } d u x i=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| in_Italiam,' | to / into Italy = 1 |
| respondit Aeneas. \| | reply / respond / answer $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past simple $=1$ |
| 'dei enim | god $/$ deities $=1$; plural subject of imperaverunt $=1$ for $($ in right place and context $)=1$ |
| mihi imperaverunt | me + object of imperaverunt $=1$ <br> order $/$ command $/$ tell $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ plural past simple $/$ perfect $=1$ |
| ut hoc facerem. \| | to / that (indirect command only) <br> this + object of facerem $=1$ <br> do $=1($ make $=0) ;$ correct part of verb $=1$ |
| sed plurimi hostes | ```but = 1 many = 1; superlative = 1; agreement =1 enemy =1; plural subject of oppugnant =1 (the majority / most / very many of the enemy = 4 / 5``` |
| nos oppugnant. | us + object of oppugnant $=1$ <br> attack $=1$ (fight $/$ fight against $=0$ ); $3^{\text {rd }}$ plural present $=1$ |
| Turnus, qui hostes ducit, | singular subject of vult $=1$ <br> who + subject of ducit $=1$ <br> plural object of ducit $=1$ <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ singular present $=1$ <br> (who is the leader of the enemy = OK) |

## 9521 SUMMER 2016 WORD LIST FOR QUESTION 2

| me necare vult.' | ```me + object of necare=1 kill = 1; infinitive = 1 want/ wish / desire = 1; 3 rd singular present =1 (wants me dead = 3/5)``` |
| :---: | :---: |
| 'Turnus interficere cupit | singular subject of cupit $=1$ <br> kill $=1$; infinitive $=1$ <br> wish $/$ want $/$ desire $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular present $=1$ |
| me quoque,' | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{me}+\text { object of interficere = } 1 \\ & \text { also } / \text { too }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Evander dixit. \| | singular subject of dixit $=1$ <br> say $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past simple $=1$ <br> (explained / replied = OK) |
| 'ego tibi dare possum | you / to you + indirect object of dare $=1$ <br> give $=1$; infinitive $=1$ <br> can $/$ be able $=1 ; 1^{\text {st }}$ singular present $=1$ |
| quadringentos milites.' $\mid$ | ```agreement = 1 soldier / man = 1; plural object of dare = 1``` |
| Aeneas gaudebat. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { singular subject of gaudebat }=1 \\ & \text { rejoice } / \text { be pleased } / \text { be happy }=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }} \text { singular past }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| cum audivisset | when $/$ since $=1$ hear $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past simple $/$ pluperfect $=1$ |
| verba regis. | ```word = 1; plural object of audivisset = 1 king=1; genitive singular =1 (what the king said = OK; the king speak =1/4; the king's speech = 4/4)``` |
| etiam laetior fuit, | ```even / still / also (in context) = 1 happy/glad / pleased = 1; comparative = 1; agreement =1 be / become = 1; 3rd singular past =1 (was made =0)``` |
| ubi rex Pallantem iussit | ```when / since = 1 singular subject of iussit = 1 singular object of iussit = 1 order / command / tell = 1; 3 'rd singular past simple = 1``` |
| milites suos ducere. \| | plural object of ducere $=1$ <br> his + agreement $=1($ Aeneas' $=0)$ infinitive $=1$ |
| deinde Evander Aenean oravit | ```then / next / afterwards = 1 Evander + subject of oravit = 1 Aeneas + object of oravit =1 beg / call on / implore / pray / plead with = 1 (ask = 0); 3dd}\mathrm{ singular past simple =1``` |
| ut Pallantem doceret | to / that (indirect command only) singular object of doceret $=1$ teach $=1$; correct part of verb $=1$ |
| artes belli | ast / skill / strategy $=1$; plural object of doceret $=1$ war $=1 ;$ genitive singular $=1$ |

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| et vitam eius servaret. \| | ```life = 1; singular object of servaret =1 his (in context)=1 save / protect / look after / preserve = 1; correct part of verb = 1 to keep him alive = OK)``` |
| :---: | :---: |
| Evander lacrimabat, | singular subject of lacrimabat $=1$ cry $/$ weep $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past $=1$ |
| ubi filium spectabat | ```when / as = 1 son = 1; singular object of spectabat =1 see / observe / watch / look at = 1 (catch sight of = 0); 3 'rd singular past = 1``` |
| cum Troianis | with $=1$ <br> plural dependent on cum $=1$ <br> (and the Trojans = 0) |
| ex urbe discedentem. \| | ```out of / from = 1 city / town + dependent on ex=1 depart / leave / go away = 1; present participle (or appropriate alternative) + agreement = 1``` |
| intellegebat enim | $\begin{aligned} & \text { understand } / \text { realise }=1(\text { know }=0) ; \\ & 3^{\text {rd }} \text { singular past }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| in quanta pericula | $\text { into = } 1(\mathrm{in}=0)$ <br> how big / how great / what big / what great / how many $=1$; agreement = 1 <br> (into how much danger = $4 / 5$ ) <br> danger $=1$; plural + dependent on in =1 |
| filium mitteret, | singular object of mitteret $=1$ <br> send $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular imperfect $=1$ <br> (that he was sending his son into great dangers $=7 / 8$ ) |
| et quam senex | how (old) / what (an old man) $=1$ <br> old $/$ old man $=1$; singular complement $=1$ |
| ipse iam esset. \| | self $=1$; he himself + subjec of esset $=1$ now $/$ already $=1$; he was $=1$ |

